

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(83, 21.660, 62.788)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(83, 21.660, 62.788) contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(83, 21.819, 62.315)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	EFC7AB
RGB	239, 199, 171
RGB Percent	94%, 78%, 67%
CMY	0.0626, 0.2194, 0.3293
CMYK	0.00, 0.17, 0.28, 0.06
HSL	25°, 68%, 80%
HSV	25°, 28%, 94%
XYZ	63.3957, 62.1629, 47.2039
YIQ	207.7680, 32.8280, -0.2280

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

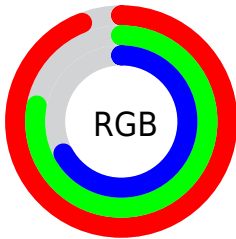
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	239, 219, 171
Decimal	15714219
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	83.00, 10.14, 19.32
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	83, 21.819, 62.315
Yxy	62.1629, 0.3670, 0.3598
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293904299 (0xFFEFC7AB)
YUV	207.7680, -18.1266, 27.3905
Hunter-Lab	78.8435, 5.5504, 19.6933

# Details

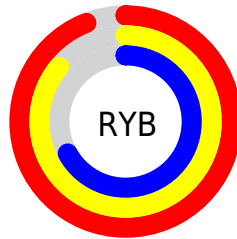
The CIELCh color **83, 21.819, 62.315** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCC99**. A complement of this color would be **83, 19.292, 249.325**, and the grayscale version is **83, 0.010, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **99, 14.673, 109.069**, and **63, 21.658, 61.858** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **79, 30.444, 61.326**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **87, 13.710, 63.343**.

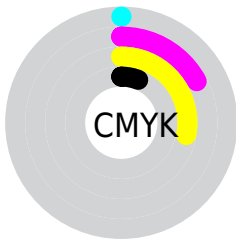
# Distribution



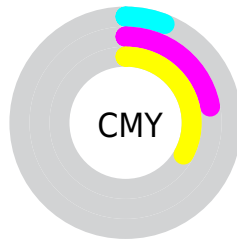
- Red (94%)
- Green (78%)
- Blue (67%)



- Red (94%)
- Yellow (86%)
- Blue (67%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (17%)
- Yellow (28%)
- Black (6%)



- Cyan (6%)
- Magenta (22%)
- Yellow (33%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 83, 21.819, 62.315 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 83, 21.819, 62.315 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 83, 21.819, 62.315

 83, 21.819, 62.315

 100, 21.819,  
62.315

 73, 21.819, 62.315

 63, 21.819, 62.315

 53, 21.819, 62.315

 43, 21.819, 62.315

 33, 21.819, 62.315

 23, 21.819, 62.315

 13, 21.819, 62.315

 3, 21.819, 62.315

 0, 21.819, 62.315

83, 21.819, 62.315

83, 21.819, 62.315

79, 30.444, 61.326

87, 13.710, 63.343

75, 39.589, 60.362

91, 6.087, 64.348

72, 49.198, 59.424

95, 1.095, 245.941

68, 59.096, 58.471

99, 5.489, 199.178

65, 68.861, 57.384

62, 77.623, 55.896

60, 84.181, 53.628

59, 85.124, 53.287

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



83, 21.819, 62.315



83, 19.292, 249.325

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



83, 21.819, 62.315



83, 21.819, 112.315



83, 21.819, 242.315



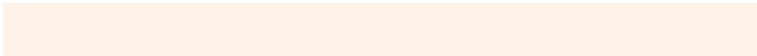
83, 21.819, 292.315

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



83, 21.819, 62.323



96, 6.846, 64.292



77, 32.828, 340.970



51, 4.779, 64.149



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



83, 21.819, 62.323



86, 27.982, 61.754



91, 31.442, 102.764



48, 4.117, 64.248



46, 69.478, 53.950



12, 23.716, 52.187



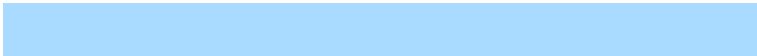


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



83, 19.292, 249.325



85, 24.054, 250.414



74, 33.177, 289.530



48, 3.971, 246.486



44, 47.136, 273.925



12, 18.377, 265.565



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 83, 21.819, 62.315 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 83, 21.819, 62.315 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

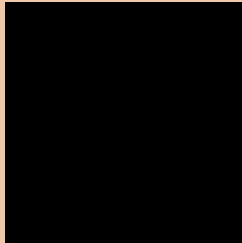
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 83, 21.819, 62.315

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 83, 21.819, 62.315.

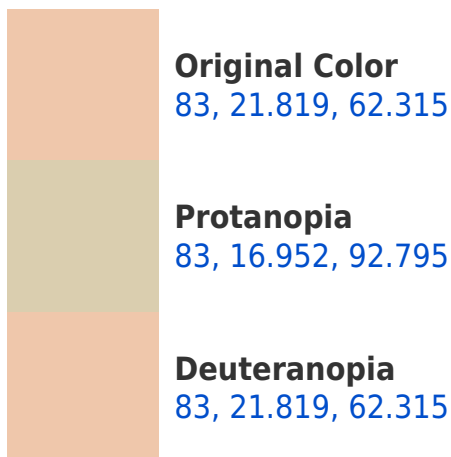


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 83, 21.819, 62.315.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy

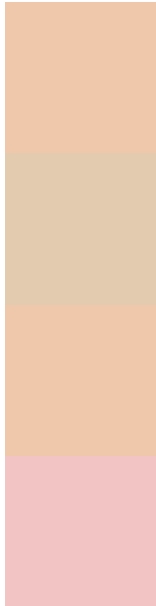




**Tritanopia**  
83, 19.784, 357.595



# Trichromacy



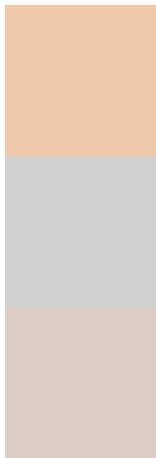
**Original Color**  
83, 21.819, 62.315

**Protanomaly**  
83, 17.770, 78.415

**Deuteranomaly**  
83, 21.819, 62.315

**Tritanomaly**  
83, 17.526, 22.454

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
83, 21.819, 62.315

**Achromatopsia**  
83, 0.010, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
83, 7.423, 64.673

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 83, 21.819, 62.315 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(239, 199, 171)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(239, 199, 171)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(239, 199, 171) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(239, 199, 171) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 83, 21.819, 62.315 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(239, 199, 171) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(239, 199, 171) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(239, 199, 171)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(239, 199, 171); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(239, 199, 171);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(239, 199,  
171) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 83, 21.819, 62.315 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(239, 199, 171) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(239,  
199, 171) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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