

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(83, 22.737, 87.652)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(83, 22.737, 87.652) contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(83, 22.992, 88.080)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E1CDA4
RGB	225, 205, 164
RGB Percent	88%, 80%, 64%
CMY	0.1188, 0.1971, 0.3579
CMYK	0.00, 0.09, 0.27, 0.12
HSL	40°, 50%, 76%
HSV	40°, 27%, 88%
XYZ	59.4046, 62.1629, 43.8636
YIQ	206.3060, 25.0810, -8.5110

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

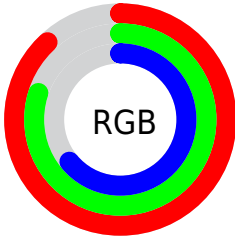
Format	Color
<b>RYB</b>	194, 225, 164
Decimal	14798244
CIELab	83.00, 0.77, 22.98
CIELCh	83, 22.992, 88.080
Yxy	62.1629, 0.3591, 0.3758
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292988324 (0xFFE1CDA4)
YUV	206.3060, -20.8569, 16.3946
Hunter-Lab	78.8435, -3.4854, 22.2051

# Details

The CIELCh color  $83, 22.992, 88.080$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCC99`. A complement of this color would be  $74, 22.896, 275.671$ , and the grayscale version is  $83, 0.010, 296.813$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $99, 18.203, 108.801$ , and  $63, 23.020, 88.246$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $81, 31.745, 86.733$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $85, 14.374, 89.396$ .

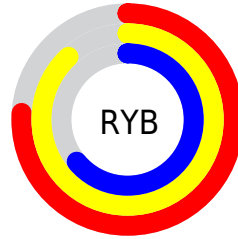
# Distribution



Red (88%)

Green (80%)

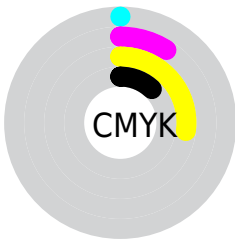
Blue (64%)



Red (76%)

Yellow (88%)

Blue (64%)

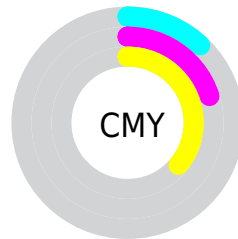


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (9%)

Yellow (27%)

Black (12%)



Cyan (12%)

Magenta (20%)

Yellow (36%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 83, 22.992, 88.080 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 83, 22.992, 88.080 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



83, 22.992, 88.080

83, 22.992, 88.080

100, 22.992,  
88.080

73, 22.992, 88.080

63, 22.992, 88.080

53, 22.992, 88.080

43, 22.992, 88.080

33, 22.992, 88.080

23, 22.992, 88.080

13, 22.992, 88.080

3, 22.992, 88.080

0, 22.992, 88.080

83, 22.992, 88.080

83, 22.992, 88.080

81, 31.745, 86.733

85, 14.374, 89.396

79, 40.556, 85.339

88, 5.919, 90.644

76, 49.276, 83.895

90, 2.364, 272.025

74, 57.620, 82.376

93, 10.476,  
273.118

72, 65.087, 80.722

94, 8.860, 250.667

70, 70.907, 78.815

96, 8.705, 220.010

69, 74.283, 76.480

98, 10.265,  
198.822

68, 75.021, 75.777

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



83, 22.992, 88.080



74, 22.896, 275.671

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



83, 22.992, 88.080



83, 22.992, 138.080



83, 22.992, 268.080



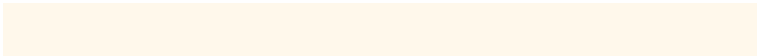
83, 22.992, 318.080

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



83, 22.993, 88.087



98, 7.360, 90.534



73, 25.558, 356.582



52, 5.240, 90.350



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



83, 22.993, 88.087



91, 31.154, 87.267



87, 31.683, 114.729



46, 4.717, 90.365



54, 62.512, 76.279



14, 20.881, 79.132





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



74, 22.896, 275.671



80, 31.009, 276.853



70, 33.699, 299.074



44, 4.719, 272.835



30, 74.430, 296.779

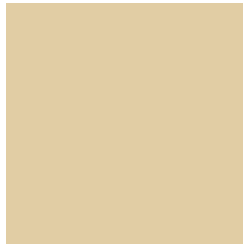


5, 24.216, 286.827



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 83, 22.992, 88.080 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 83, 22.992, 88.080 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

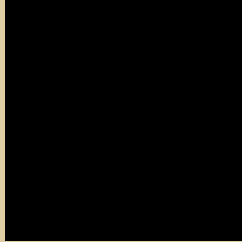
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**CIELCh 83, 22.992, 88.080**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 83, 22.992, 88.080.

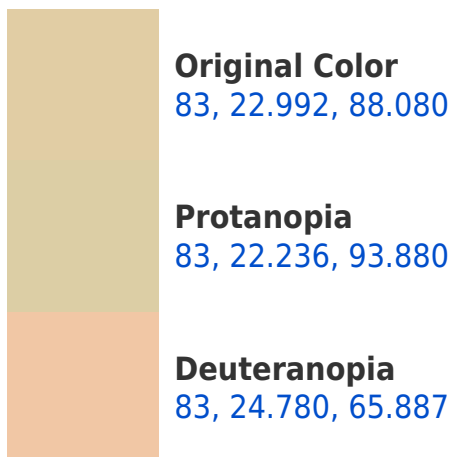


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 83, 22.992, 88.080.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy

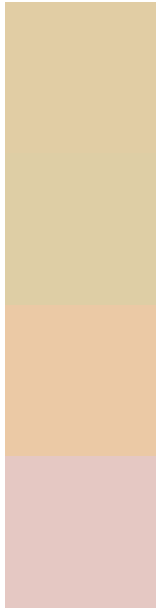




**Tritanopia**  
83, 14.456, 347.427



# Trichromacy



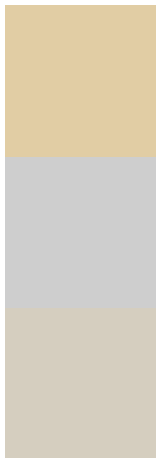
**Original Color**  
83, 22.992, 88.080

**Protanomaly**  
83, 22.453, 91.914

**Deuteranomaly**  
83, 23.453, 73.170

**Tritanomaly**  
83, 11.278, 33.608

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
83, 22.992, 88.080

**Achromatopsia**  
83, 0.010, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
83, 8.311, 91.016

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 83, 22.992, 88.080 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(225, 205, 164)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(225, 205, 164)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(225, 205, 164) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(225, 205, 164) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 83, 22.992, 88.080 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(225, 205, 164) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(225, 205, 164) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(225, 205, 164)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(225, 205, 164); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(225, 205, 164); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(225, 205, 164) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 83, 22.992, 88.080 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(225, 205, 164) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(225,  
205, 164) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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