

Converting Colors

CIELCh(83, 22.745, 178.116)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(83, 22.745, 178.116)
contains.

CIELCh(83, 22.591, 178.621)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(83, 22.591, 178.621)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9DDBCD
RGB	157, 219, 205
RGB Percent	62%, 86%, 80%
CMY	0.3847, 0.1416, 0.1965
CMYK	0.28, 0.00, 0.06, 0.14
HSL	166°, 46%, 74%
HSV	166°, 28%, 86%
XYZ	50.1907, 62.1629, 67.0402
YIQ	198.8660, -32.4580, -17.4980

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

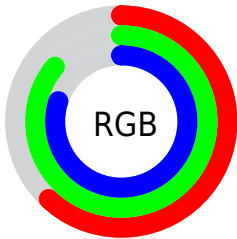
Format	Color
RYB	157, 192, 219
Decimal	10345421
CIELab	83.00, -22.58, 0.54
CIELCh	83, 22.591, 178.621
Yxy	62.1629, 0.2798, 0.3465
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288535501 (0xFF9DDBCD)
YUV	198.8660, 3.0241, -36.7165
Hunter-Lab	78.8435, -24.3455, 4.7765

Details

The CIELCh color **83, 22.591, 178.621** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CCCC**. A complement of this color would be **71, 25.177, 4.430**, and the grayscale version is **80, 0.010, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **97, 14.050, 198.569**, and **63, 22.519, 178.522** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **82, 29.819, 177.532**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **84, 14.892, 179.638**.

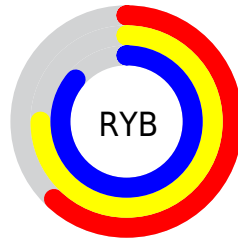
Distribution



Red (62%)

Green (86%)

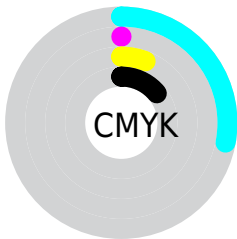
Blue (80%)



Red (62%)

Yellow (75%)

Blue (86%)

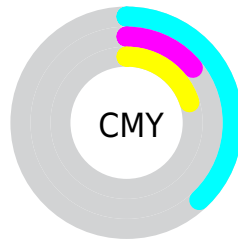


Cyan (28%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (6%)

Black (14%)



Cyan (38%)


Magenta (14%)


Yellow (20%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 83, 22.591, 178.621 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 83, 22.591, 178.621 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 83, 22.591,
178.621


 83, 22.591,
178.621


 100, 22.591,
178.621


 73, 22.591,
178.621

 63, 22.591,
178.621

 53, 22.591,
178.621

 43, 22.591,
178.621

 33, 22.591,
178.621

 23, 22.591,
178.621

 13, 22.591,

178.621

■ 3, 22.591, 178.621

■ 0, 22.591, 178.621

■ 83, 22.591,
178.621

■ 83, 22.591,
178.621

■ 82, 29.819,
177.532

■ 84, 14.892,
179.638

■ 81, 36.433,
176.357

■ 86, 6.855, 180.628

■ 80, 42.303,
175.072

■ 88, 1.398, 1.063

■ 90, 9.763, 2.250

■ 79, 47.322,
173.652

■ 91, 14.224,
357.557

■ 79, 51.431,

172.073

91, 15.325,
348.661

78, 54.638,
170.317

91, 16.756,
341.151

78, 57.067,
168.394

91, 18.439,
334.950

78, 57.446,
168.073

91, 20.311,
329.876

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



83, 22.591, 178.621



71, 25.177, 4.430

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



83, 22.591, 178.621



83, 22.591, 228.621



83, 22.591, 358.621



83, 22.591, 48.621

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



83, 22.592, 178.618



98, 7.459, 180.654



83, 37.124, 136.377



52, 5.292, 180.501



0, 0.000, 0.000



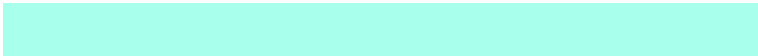
53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



83, 22.592, 178.618



94, 30.267, 177.979



79, 17.125, 229.737



45, 4.676, 180.516



63, 48.060, 168.410



16, 18.373, 172.277

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



71, 25.177, 4.430



78, 34.581, 5.322



75, 20.512, 46.201



43, 4.841, 2.132



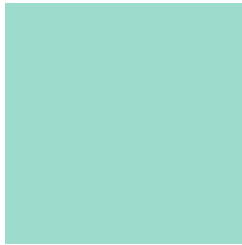
36, 68.303, 27.166



5, 23.767, 10.509

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 83, 22.591, 178.621 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

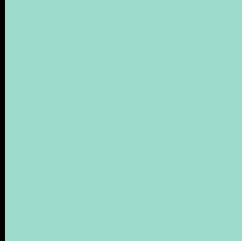
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 83, 22.591, 178.621 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

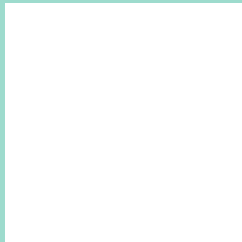
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 83, 22.591, 178.621

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 83, 22.591, 178.621.

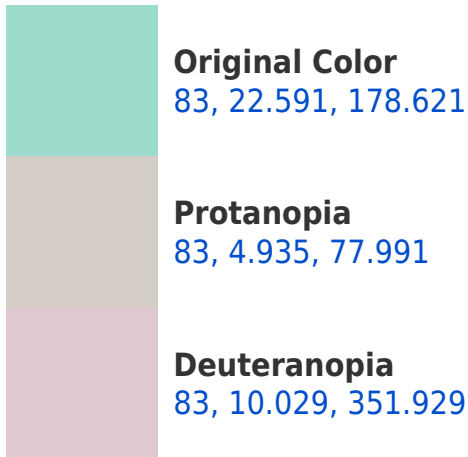



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 83, 22.591, 178.621.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

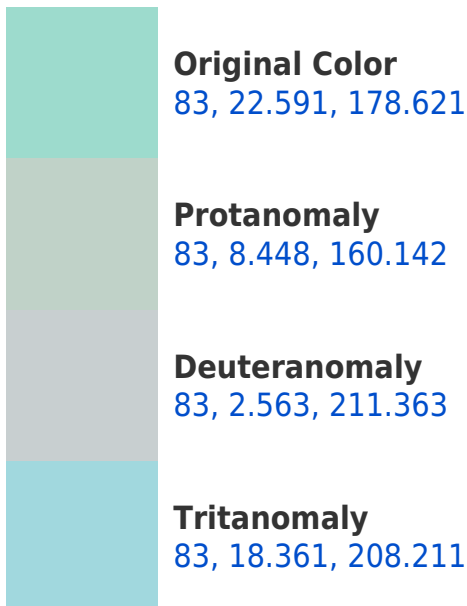
Dichromacy



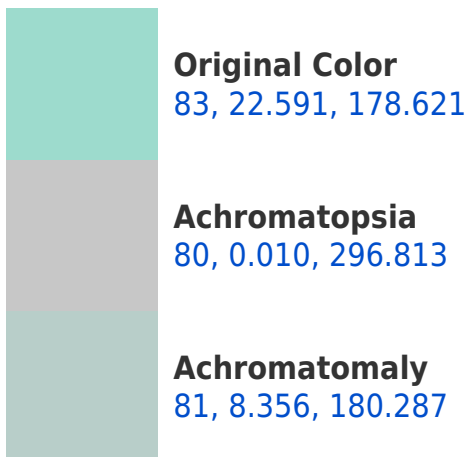


Tritanopia
83, 18.811, 227.120

Trichromacy



Monochromacy



CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 83, 22.591, 178.621 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(157, 219, 205)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(157, 219, 205)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(157, 219, 205) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(157, 219, 205) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 83, 22.591, 178.621 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(157, 219, 205) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(157, 219, 205) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(157, 219, 205)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(157, 219, 205); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(157, 219, 205);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(157, 219,  
205) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 83, 22.591, 178.621 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(157, 219, 205) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(157,  
219, 205) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor