

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(83, 24.254, 21.286)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(83, 24.254, 21.286) contains.

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# **Color**

**CIELCh(83, 24.271, 21.343)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FEBFBF
RGB	254, 191, 191
RGB Percent	100%, 75%, 75%
CMY	0.0035, 0.2506, 0.2506
CMYK	0.00, 0.25, 0.25, 0.00
HSL	0°, 97%, 87%
HSV	0°, 25%, 100%
XYZ	68.9805, 62.1629, 57.7110
YIQ	209.8370, 37.5480, 13.3560

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

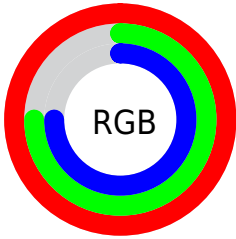
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	254, 191, 191
Decimal	16695231
CIE Lab	83.00, 22.61, 8.83
CIE LCh	83, 24.271, 21.343
Yxy	62.1629, 0.3653, 0.3292
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294885311 (0xFFFEFBFB)
YUV	209.8370, -9.2866, 38.7310
Hunter-Lab	78.8435, 18.1943, 11.7920

# Details

The CIELCh color **83, 24.271, 21.343** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **96, 20.517, 198.160**, and the grayscale version is **84, 0.010, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **98, 2.519, 30.953**, and **63, 24.243, 20.614** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **77, 35.352, 22.591**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **90, 13.923, 20.386**.

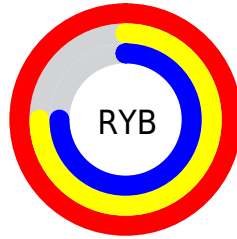
# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (75%)

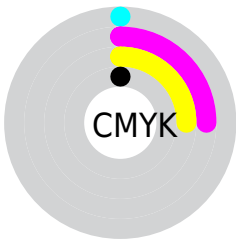
Blue (75%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (75%)

Blue (75%)

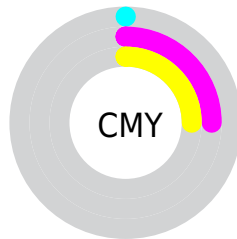


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (25%)

Yellow (25%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (25%)

Yellow (25%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 83, 24.271, 21.343 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 83, 24.271, 21.343 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 83, 24.271, 21.343

 83, 24.271, 21.343

 100, 24.271,  
21.343

 73, 24.271, 21.343

 63, 24.271, 21.343

 53, 24.271, 21.343

 43, 24.271, 21.343

 33, 24.271, 21.343

 23, 24.271, 21.343

 13, 24.271, 21.343

 3, 24.271, 21.343

 0, 24.271, 21.343

83, 24.271, 21.343

83, 24.271, 21.343

77, 35.352, 22.591

90, 13.923, 20.386

71, 47.070, 24.217

96, 4.337, 19.555

65, 59.204, 26.340

100, 0.309,  
201.528

61, 71.417, 29.061

57, 83.231, 32.382

55, 93.880, 35.998

53, 101.681,  
38.965

53, 104.297,  
40.001

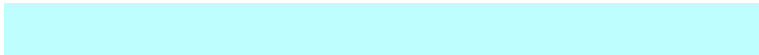
# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



83, 24.271, 21.343



96, 20.517, 198.160

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



83, 24.271, 21.343



83, 24.271, 71.343



83, 24.271, 201.343



83, 24.271, 251.343

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



83, 24.269, 21.349



95, 6.404, 19.748



85, 39.538, 325.800



50, 4.171, 19.798



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



83, 24.269, 21.349



80, 30.035, 21.955



91, 20.412, 72.309



49, 5.253, 19.951



40, 84.228, 40.001



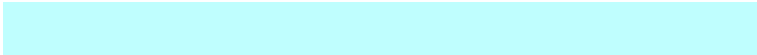
10, 33.365, 27.181





# Inverse Universe

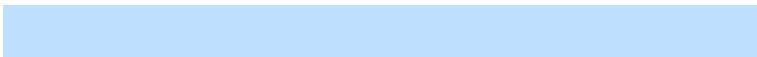
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



96, 20.517, 198.160



95, 24.408, 197.921



87, 19.074, 259.184



52, 4.945, 198.971



70, 40.359, 196.401

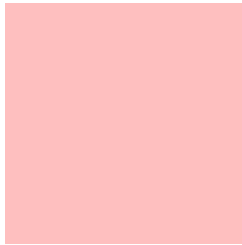


24, 18.568, 196.399



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 83, 24.271, 21.343 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

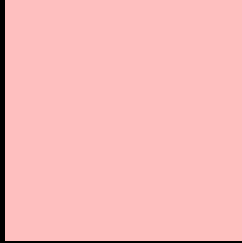
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 83, 24.271, 21.343 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

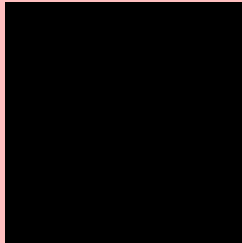
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**CIELCh 83, 24.271, 21.343**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 83, 24.271, 21.343.

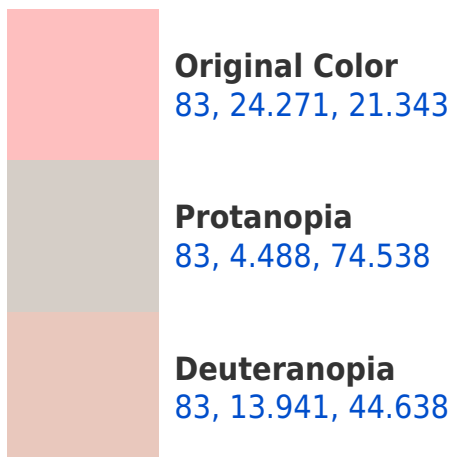


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 83, 24.271, 21.343.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy





**Tritanopia**  
83, 25.935, 4.015



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
83, 24.271, 21.343

**Protanomaly**  
83, 10.517, 34.533

**Deuteranomaly**  
83, 17.336, 32.813

**Tritanomaly**  
83, 25.054, 10.692

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
83, 24.271, 21.343

**Achromatopsia**  
84, 0.010, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
84, 8.548, 19.992

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 83, 24.271, 21.343 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(254, 191, 191)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(254, 191, 191)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(254, 191, 191) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(254, 191, 191) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 83, 24.271, 21.343 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(254, 191, 191) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(254, 191, 191) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(254, 191, 191)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(254, 191, 191); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(254, 191, 191);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(254, 191,  
191) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 83, 24.271, 21.343 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(254, 191, 191) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(254,  
191, 191) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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