

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(83, 24.539, 15.318)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(83, 24.539, 15.318) contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(83, 24.151, 16.420)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FEBFC3
RGB	254, 191, 195
RGB Percent	100%, 75%, 76%
CMY	0.0046, 0.2516, 0.2359
CMYK	0.00, 0.25, 0.23, 0.00
HSL	356°, 96%, 87%
HSV	356°, 25%, 100%
XYZ	69.2385, 62.1629, 59.8840
YIQ	210.2930, 36.2640, 14.6000

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

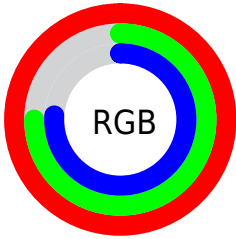
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	254, 191, 195
Decimal	16695235
CIELab	83.00, 23.17, 6.83
CIElCh	83, 24.151, 16.420
Yxy	62.1629, 0.3620, 0.3250
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294885315 (0xFFFEBC3)
YUV	210.2930, -7.5394, 38.3310
Hunter-Lab	78.8435, 18.7785, 10.1579

# Details

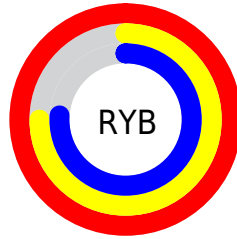
The CIELCh color **83, 24.151, 16.420** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **95, 20.832, 192.433**, and the grayscale version is **84, 0.010, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **98, 2.916, 347.750**, and **63, 24.125, 16.713** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **77, 34.989, 17.799**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **90, 13.925, 15.325**.

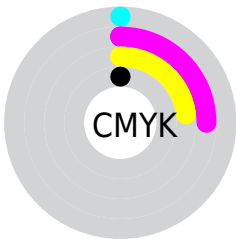
# Distribution



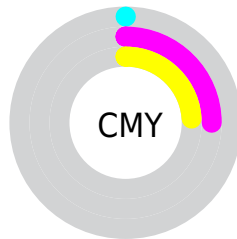
- Red (100%)
- Green (75%)
- Blue (76%)



- Red (100%)
- Yellow (75%)
- Blue (76%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (25%)
- Yellow (23%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (25%)
- Yellow (24%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 83, 24.151, 16.420 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 83, 24.151, 16.420 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 83, 24.151, 16.420

 83, 24.151, 16.420

 100, 24.151,  
16.420

 73, 24.151, 16.420

 63, 24.151, 16.420

 53, 24.151, 16.420

 43, 24.151, 16.420

 33, 24.151, 16.420

 23, 24.151, 16.420

 13, 24.151, 16.420

 3, 24.151, 16.420

 0, 24.151, 16.420

83, 24.151, 16.420

83, 24.151, 16.420

77, 34.989, 17.799

90, 13.925, 15.325

71, 46.314, 19.551

96, 4.367, 14.356

65, 57.880, 21.803

100, 0.406,  
201.010

61, 69.343, 24.681

57, 80.295, 28.256

55, 90.283, 32.404

53, 98.531, 36.535

53, 101.719,  
38.194

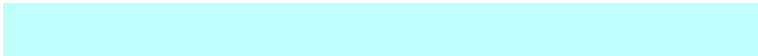
# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



83, 24.151, 16.420



95, 20.832, 192.433

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



83, 24.151, 16.420



83, 24.151, 66.420



83, 24.151, 196.420



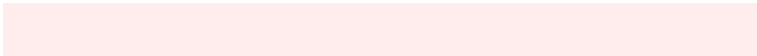
83, 24.151, 246.420

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



83, 24.149, 16.425



95, 6.424, 14.578



84, 38.812, 323.896



50, 4.183, 14.636



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



83, 24.149, 16.425



80, 29.812, 17.099



89, 19.863, 65.088



50, 5.264, 14.815



40, 81.599, 37.604



10, 32.863, 24.622





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



83, 24.149, 16.425



80, 29.812, 17.099



88, 18.032, 251.386



50, 5.264, 14.815



40, 81.599, 37.604



10, 32.863, 24.622



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 83, 24.151, 16.420 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

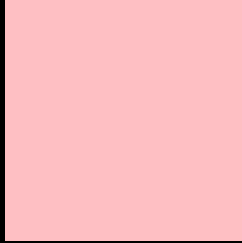
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 83, 24.151, 16.420 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 83, 24.151, 16.420

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 83, 24.151, 16.420.

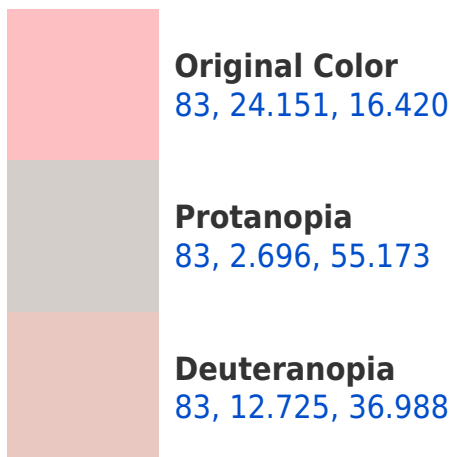



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 83, 24.151, 16.420.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy

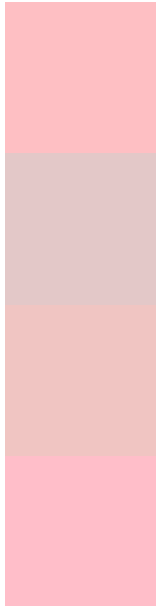




**Tritanopia**  
83, 25.935, 4.015



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
83, 24.151, 16.420

**Protanomaly**  
83, 10.095, 20.130

**Deuteranomaly**  
83, 16.476, 26.093

**Tritanomaly**  
83, 25.174, 8.332

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
83, 24.151, 16.420

**Achromatopsia**  
84, 0.010, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
84, 8.550, 16.480

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 83, 24.151, 16.420 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(254, 191, 195)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(254, 191, 195)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(254, 191, 195) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(254, 191, 195) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 83, 24.151, 16.420 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(254, 191, 195) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(254, 191, 195) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(254, 191, 195) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(254, 191, 195); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(254, 191, 195);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(254, 191,  
195) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 83, 24.151, 16.420 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(254, 191, 195) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(254,  
191, 195) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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