

Converting Colors

CIELCh(83, 26.539, 264.784)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(83, 26.539, 264.784)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(83, 26.261, 264.643)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	ABD2FF
RGB	171, 210, 255
RGB Percent	67%, 82%, 100%
CMY	0.3283, 0.1753, 0.0000
CMYK	0.33, 0.18, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	212°, 100%, 84%
HSV	212°, 33%, 100%
XYZ	58.0715, 62.1629, 103.7967
YIQ	203.4690, -37.6890, 5.7270

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

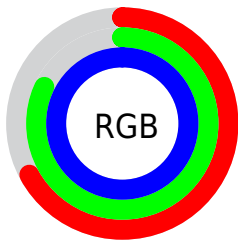
Format	Color
RYB	171, 198, 255
Decimal	11260671
CIELab	83.00, -2.45, -26.15
CIELCh	83, 26.261, 264.643
Yxy	62.1629, 0.2592, 0.2775
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289450751 (0xFFABD2FF)
YUV	203.4690, 25.4048, -28.4753
Hunter-Lab	78.8435, -6.5035, -22.8643

Details

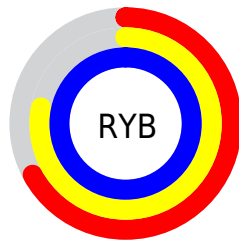
The CIELCh color **83, 26.261, 264.643** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CCFF**. A complement of this color would be **89, 28.104, 74.757**, and the grayscale version is **82, 0.010, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **98, 9.184, 198.897**, and **63, 26.070, 263.958** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **78, 33.947, 266.794**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **88, 18.227, 262.481**.

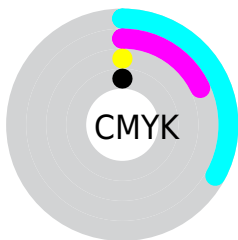
Distribution



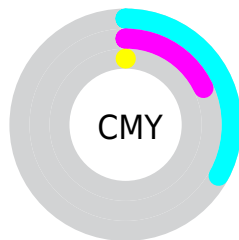
- Red (67%)
- Green (82%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (67%)
- Yellow (78%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (33%)
- Magenta (18%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (33%)
- Magenta (18%)
- Yellow (0%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 83, 26.261, 264.643 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 83, 26.261, 264.643 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 83, 26.261,
264.643


 83, 26.261,
264.643


 100, 26.261,
264.643


 73, 26.261,
264.643

 63, 26.261,
264.643

 53, 26.261,
264.643

 43, 26.261,
264.643

 33, 26.261,
264.643

 23, 26.261,
264.643

 13, 26.261,

264.643

■ 3, 26.261, 264.643

■ 0, 26.261, 264.643

■ 83, 26.261,
264.643

■ 83, 26.261,
264.643

■ 78, 33.947,
266.794

■ 88, 18.227,
262.481

■ 73, 41.694,
269.563

■ 93, 10.269,
260.831

■ 68, 49.394,
272.799

■ 99, 2.274, 259.558

■ 64, 57.106,
276.510

100, 0.012,
296.813

■ 59, 64.924,

280.635

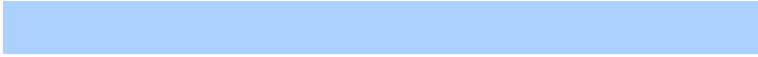
■ 55, 72.942,
285.026

■ 52, 78.855,
288.151

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



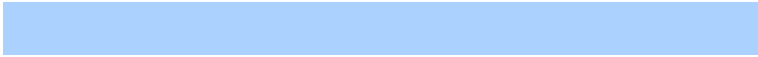
83, 26.261, 264.643



89, 28.104, 74.757

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



83, 26.261, 264.643



83, 26.261, 314.643



83, 26.261, 84.643



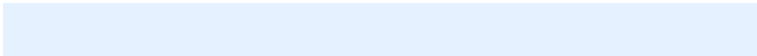
83, 26.261, 134.643

Sweetspot

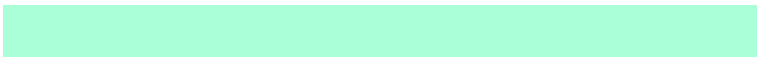
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



83, 26.125, 264.452



95, 8.011, 260.419



94, 35.079, 162.287



50, 5.463, 260.620



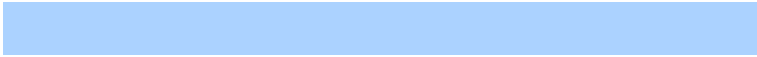
0, 0.000, 0.000



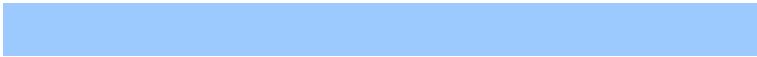
53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



83, 26.125, 264.452



80, 30.962, 265.850



73, 45.509, 295.430



50, 4.555, 260.349



39, 62.381, 287.352



11, 25.239, 281.074

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



79, 36.786, 348.812



76, 43.701, 349.611



98, 41.924, 108.462



50, 6.241, 346.311



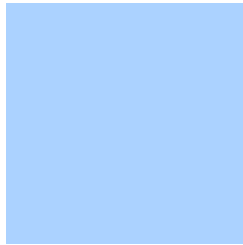
41, 68.016, 5.394



10, 31.589, 359.274

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 83, 26.261, 264.643 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

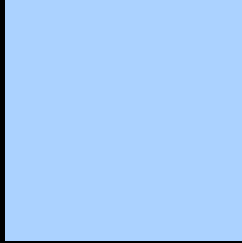
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 83, 26.261, 264.643 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

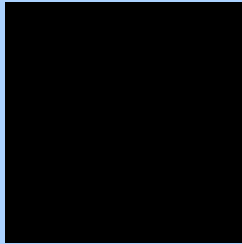
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

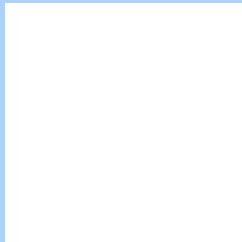
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 83, 26.261, 264.643

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 83, 26.261, 264.643.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 83, 26.261, 264.643.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

83, 26.261, 264.643

Protanopia

83, 24.945, 286.309

Deuteranopia

83, 28.067, 291.908



Tritanopia
83, 18.011, 230.594

Trichromacy



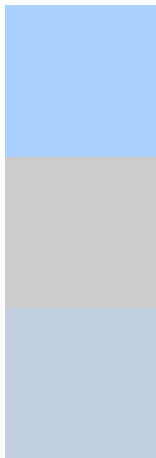
Original Color
83, 26.261, 264.643

Protanomaly
83, 24.899, 278.072

Deuteranomaly
83, 26.744, 282.091

Tritanomaly
83, 19.908, 244.802

Monochromacy



Original Color
83, 26.261, 264.643

Achromatopsia
82, 0.010, 296.813

Achromatomaly
82, 10.115, 262.434

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 83, 26.261, 264.643 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(171, 210, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(171, 210, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(171, 210, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(171, 210, 255) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 83, 26.261, 264.643 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(171, 210, 255) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(171, 210, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(171, 210, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(171, 210, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(171, 210, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(171, 210,  
255) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 83, 26.261, 264.643 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(171, 210, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(171,  
210, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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