

Converting Colors

CIELCh(83, 29.117, 325.489)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(83, 29.117, 325.489)
contains.

CIELCh(83, 29.223, 325.496)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(83, 29.223, 325.496)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	EEC0EE
RGB	238, 192, 238
RGB Percent	93%, 75%, 93%
CMY	0.0660, 0.2464, 0.0660
CMYK	0.00, 0.19, 0.00, 0.07
HSL	300°, 58%, 84%
HSV	300°, 19%, 93%
XYZ	69.6624, 62.1629, 89.3490
YIQ	210.9980, 12.6500, 24.0580

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

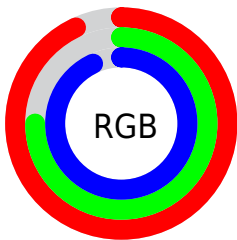
Format	Color
R_{YB}	238, 192, 238
Decimal	15646958
CIE _{Lab}	83.00, 24.08, -16.55
CIE _{LCh}	83, 29.223, 325.496
Yxy	62.1629, 0.3150, 0.2811
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293837038 (0xFFEEC0EE)
YUV	210.9980, 13.3120, 23.6808
Hunter-Lab	78.8435, 19.7382, -11.9997

Details

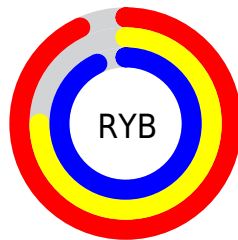
The CIELCh color $83, 29.223, 325.496$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `FFCCFF`. A complement of this color would be $90, 29.199, 143.206$, and the grayscale version is $85, 0.010, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $99, 3.736, 324.489$, and $63, 29.399, 325.740$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $78, 44.295, 326.039$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $89, 14.037, 324.935$.

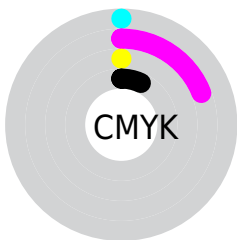
Distribution



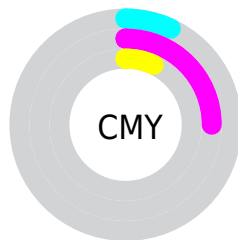
- Red (93%)
- Green (75%)
- Blue (93%)



- Red (93%)
- Yellow (75%)
- Blue (93%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (19%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (7%)



- Cyan (7%)
- Magenta (25%)
- Yellow (7%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 83, 29.223, 325.496 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 83, 29.223, 325.496 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 83, 29.223,
325.496

 83, 29.223,
325.496

 100, 29.223,
325.496


 73, 29.223,
325.496

 63, 29.223,
325.496

 53, 29.223,
325.496

 43, 29.223,
325.496

 33, 29.223,
325.496

 23, 29.223,
325.496

 13, 29.223,

325.496

■ 3, 29.223, 325.496

■ 0, 29.223, 325.496

■ 83, 29.223,
325.496

■ 83, 29.223,
325.496

■ 78, 44.295,
326.039

■ 89, 14.037,
324.935

■ 73, 58.915,
326.554

■ 95, 1.014, 144.696

■ 68, 72.622,
327.025

■ 98, 10.471,
144.089

■ 64, 84.856,
327.434

■ 98, 10.471,
144.090

■ 61, 95.026,

■ 98, 10.471,
144.091

327.767

98, 10.470,
144.092

59, 102.624,
328.010

98, 10.470,
144.093

57, 107.394,
328.160

98, 10.470,
144.094

57, 109.628,
328.230

98, 10.470,
144.095

56, 109.746,
328.234

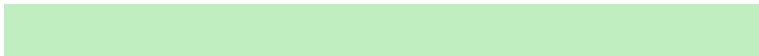
Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



83, 29.223, 325.496



90, 29.199, 143.206

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



83, 29.223, 325.496



83, 29.223, 15.496



83, 29.223, 145.496



83, 29.223, 195.496

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



83, 29.220, 325.496



96, 9.538, 324.742



79, 24.601, 292.362



51, 6.329, 324.781



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



83, 29.220, 325.496



86, 36.785, 325.703



82, 20.732, 345.339



47, 8.608, 324.944



44, 90.295, 328.233



10, 39.418, 328.233

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



83, 29.220, 325.496



86, 36.785, 325.703



91, 20.233, 161.963



47, 8.608, 324.944



44, 90.295, 328.233



10, 39.418, 328.233

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 83, 29.223, 325.496 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

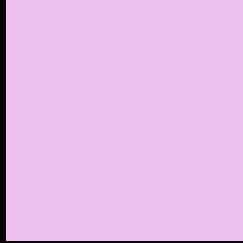
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 83, 29.223, 325.496 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 83, 29.223, 325.496

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 83, 29.223, 325.496.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 83, 29.223, 325.496.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
83, 15.729, 350.547

Trichromacy



Original Color
83, 29.223, 325.496

Protanomaly
83, 23.808, 302.784

Deuteranomaly
83, 22.369, 313.692

Tritanomaly
83, 20.566, 337.270

Monochromacy



Original Color
83, 29.223, 325.496

Achromatopsia
85, 0.010, 296.813

Achromatomaly
84, 10.899, 324.838

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 83, 29.223, 325.496 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(238, 192, 238)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(238, 192, 238)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(238, 192, 238) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(238, 192, 238) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 83, 29.223, 325.496 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(238, 192, 238) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(238, 192, 238) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(238, 192, 238)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(238, 192, 238); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(238, 192, 238);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(238, 192,  
238) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 83, 29.223, 325.496 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(238, 192, 238) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(238,  
192, 238) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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