

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(83, 3.291, 38.560)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(83, 3.291, 38.560) contains.

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# **Color**

**CIELCh(83, 3.114, 39.199)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	D5CDCB
RGB	213, 205, 203
RGB Percent	84%, 80%, 80%
CMY	0.1645, 0.1958, 0.2037
CMYK	0.00, 0.04, 0.05, 0.16
HSL	12°, 11%, 82%
HSV	12°, 5%, 84%
XYZ	60.0921, 62.1629, 65.3705
YIQ	207.1640, 5.4100, 1.0740

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

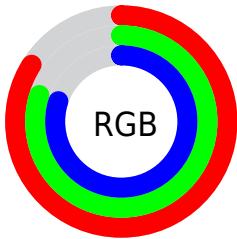
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	213, 206, 203
Decimal	14011851
CIE Lab	83.00, 2.41, 1.97
CIE LCh	83, 3.114, 39.199
Yxy	62.1629, 0.3203, 0.3313
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292201931 (0xFFD5CDCB)
YUV	207.1640, -2.0529, 5.1182
Hunter-Lab	78.8435, -1.9289, 6.0321

# Details

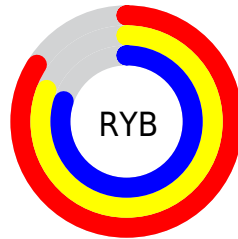
The CIELCh color **83, 3.114, 39.199** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **84, 3.029, 219.826**, and the grayscale version is **83, 0.010, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 0.012, 296.813**, and **63, 2.939, 41.762** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **78, 10.156, 39.221**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **88, 3.389, 219.823**.

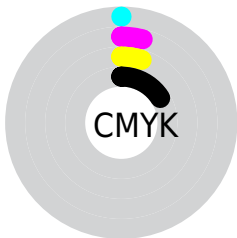
# Distribution



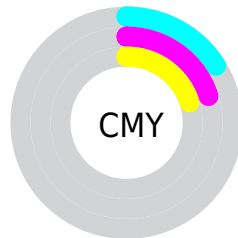
- Red (84%)
- Green (80%)
- Blue (80%)



- Red (84%)
- Yellow (81%)
- Blue (80%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (4%)
- Yellow (5%)
- Black (16%)















- Cyan (16%)
- Magenta (20%)
- Yellow (20%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 83, 3.114, 39.199 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 83, 3.114, 39.199 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 83, 3.114, 39.199	 83, 3.114, 39.199
 100, 3.114, 39.199	 73, 3.114, 39.199
	 63, 3.114, 39.199
	 53, 3.114, 39.199
	 43, 3.114, 39.199
	 33, 3.114, 39.199
	 23, 3.114, 39.199
	 13, 3.114, 39.199
	 3, 3.114, 39.199
	 0, 3.114, 39.199

83, 3.114, 39.199

83, 3.114, 39.199

78, 10.156, 39.221

88, 3.389, 219.823

73, 17.793, 39.212

93, 9.407, 220.008

69, 26.066, 39.335

97, 14.029,  
198.570

64, 34.993, 39.639

60, 44.546, 40.162

56, 54.618, 40.919

53, 64.946, 41.867

50, 74.936, 42.805

48, 83.298, 43.197

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



83, 3.114, 39.199



84, 3.029, 219.826

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



83, 3.114, 39.199



83, 3.114, 89.199



83, 3.114, 219.199



83, 3.114, 269.199

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



83, 3.113, 39.241



99, 0.754, 38.637



83, 5.606, 330.760



53, 0.429, 38.592



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

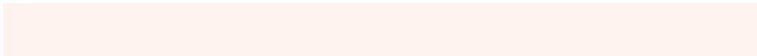


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



83, 3.113, 39.241



97, 4.631, 39.258



84, 3.823, 93.073



43, 2.668, 39.260



37, 73.355, 43.656



6, 19.410, 30.761





# Inverse Universe

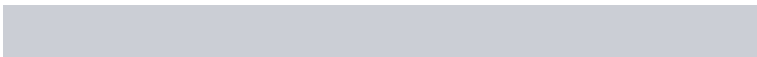
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



84, 3.029, 219.826



98, 4.465, 219.825



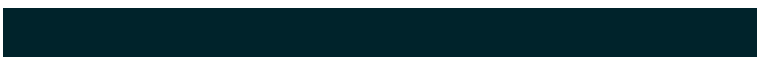
83, 3.843, 274.337



44, 2.563, 219.830



53, 32.533, 235.397

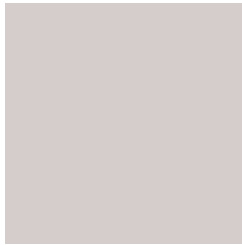


12, 12.648, 227.454



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 83, 3.114, 39.199 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

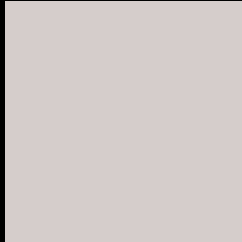
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 83, 3.114, 39.199 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

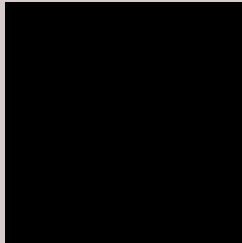
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

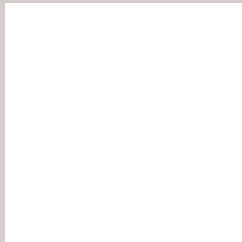
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 83, 3.114, 39.199

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 83, 3.114, 39.199.

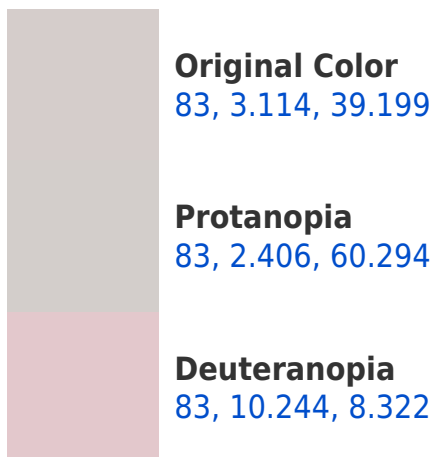


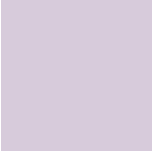
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 83, 3.114, 39.199.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy





**Tritanopia**  
83, 9.540, 317.584



# Trichromacy



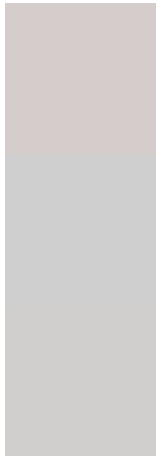
**Original Color**  
83, 3.114, 39.199

**Protanomaly**  
83, 2.696, 55.173

**Deuteranomaly**  
83, 7.476, 11.825

**Tritanomaly**  
83, 6.012, 327.492

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
83, 3.114, 39.199

**Achromatopsia**  
83, 0.010, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
83, 1.094, 18.972

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIElCh 83, 3.114, 39.199 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(213, 205, 203)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(213, 205, 203)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(213, 205, 203) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(213, 205, 203) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 83, 3.114, 39.199 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(213, 205, 203) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(213, 205, 203) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(213, 205, 203)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(213, 205, 203); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(213, 205, 203);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(213, 205,  
203) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 83, 3.114, 39.199 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(213, 205, 203) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(213,  
205, 203) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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