

Converting Colors

CIELCh(83, 33.579, 101.357)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(83, 33.579, 101.357)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(83, 33.998, 101.715)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D9D190
RGB	217, 209, 144
RGB Percent	85%, 82%, 56%
CMY	0.1502, 0.1815, 0.4364
CMYK	0.00, 0.04, 0.34, 0.15
HSL	53°, 49%, 71%
HSV	53°, 34%, 85%
XYZ	56.2628, 62.1629, 35.3044
YIQ	203.9820, 25.6330, -18.5190

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

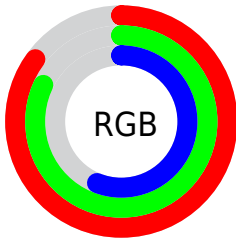
Format	Color
R_{YB}	153, 217, 144
Decimal	14274960
CIE Lab	83.00, -6.90, 33.29
CIE LCh	83, 33.998, 101.715
Yxy	62.1629, 0.3660, 0.4044
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292465040 (0xFFD9D190)
YUV	203.9820, -29.5711, 11.4168
Hunter-Lab	78.8435, -10.5984, 28.6417

Details

The CIELCh color **83, 33.998, 101.715** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCC99**. A complement of this color would be **64, 36.225, 289.952**, and the grayscale version is **82, 0.010, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **99, 28.732, 107.994**, and **63, 33.978, 102.005** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **82, 43.815, 100.627**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **84, 23.971, 102.812**.

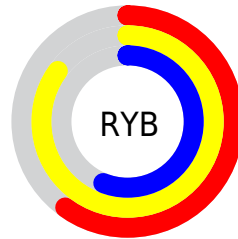
Distribution



Red (85%)

Green (82%)

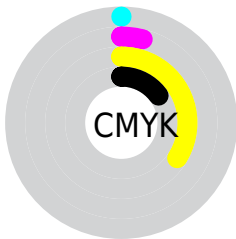
Blue (56%)



Red (60%)

Yellow (85%)

Blue (56%)

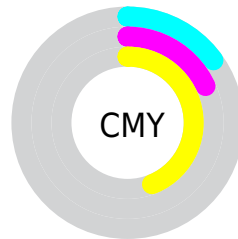


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (4%)

Yellow (34%)

Black (15%)



Cyan (15%)

Magenta (18%)

Yellow (44%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 83, 33.998, 101.715 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 83, 33.998, 101.715 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 83, 33.998,
101.715

■ 83, 33.998,
101.715

■ 100, 33.998,
101.715

■ 73, 33.998,
101.715

■ 63, 33.998,
101.715

■ 53, 33.998,
101.715

■ 43, 33.998,
101.715

■ 33, 33.998,
101.715

■ 23, 33.998,
101.715

■ 13, 33.998,

101.715

■ 3, 33.998, 101.715

■ 0, 33.998, 101.715

■ 83, 33.998,
101.715

■ 83, 33.998,
101.715

■ 82, 43.815,
100.627

■ 84, 23.971,
102.812

■ 81, 53.219, 99.553

■ 85, 13.852,
103.891

■ 80, 61.894, 98.512

■ 86, 3.714, 104.928

■ 80, 69.365, 97.523

■ 87, 6.401, 286.009

■ 79, 75.021, 96.596

■ 89, 16.465,
286.991

■ 78, 78.297, 95.725

■ 78, 79.339, 95.191

■ 89, 16.789,
284.395

■ 90, 15.646,
280.814

■ 90, 14.572,
276.704

■ 91, 13.584,
271.987

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



83, 33.998, 101.715



64, 36.225, 289.952

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



83, 33.998, 101.715



83, 33.998, 151.715



83, 33.998, 281.715



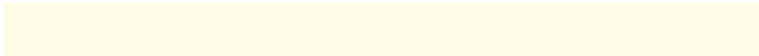
83, 33.998, 331.715

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



83, 33.999, 101.719



99, 11.553, 104.271



67, 29.585, 13.503



53, 7.883, 104.121



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



83, 33.999, 101.719



95, 45.910, 100.987



83, 39.377, 123.150



45, 5.691, 104.342



63, 66.529, 95.327



15, 22.360, 98.062

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



64, 36.225, 289.952



70, 49.739, 291.195



65, 41.838, 306.895



42, 5.789, 286.404



22, 93.576, 304.680



3, 25.487, 291.484

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 83, 33.998, 101.715 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

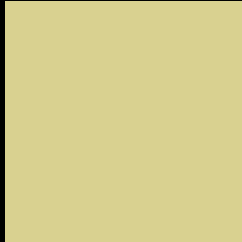
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 83, 33.998, 101.715 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

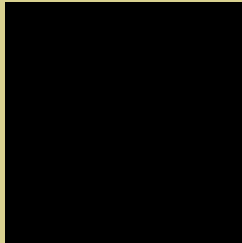
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 83, 33.998, 101.715

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 83, 33.998, 101.715.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 83, 33.998, 101.715.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

83, 33.998, 101.715

Protanopia

83, 34.045, 96.170

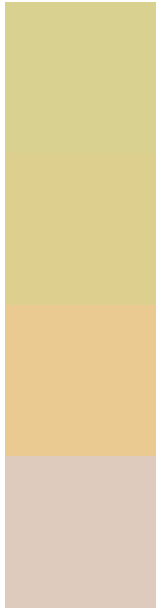
Deuteranopia

83, 34.124, 72.318



Tritanopia
83, 12.089, 339.447

Trichromacy



Original Color
83, 33.998, 101.715

Protanomaly
83, 34.294, 98.305

Deuteranomaly
83, 32.992, 83.286

Tritanomaly
83, 10.327, 65.147

Monochromacy



Original Color
83, 33.998, 101.715

Achromatopsia
82, 0.010, 296.813

Achromatomaly
82, 12.683, 103.891

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 83, 33.998, 101.715 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(217, 209, 144)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(217, 209, 144)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(217, 209, 144) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(217, 209, 144) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 83, 33.998, 101.715 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(217, 209, 144) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(217, 209, 144) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(217, 209, 144)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(217, 209, 144); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(217, 209, 144);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(217, 209,  
144) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 83, 33.998, 101.715 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(217, 209, 144) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(217,  
209, 144) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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