

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(83, 33.683, 71.886)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(83, 33.683, 71.886) contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(83, 33.683, 71.886)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F6C693
RGB	246, 198, 147
RGB Percent	96%, 78%, 58%
CMY	0.0348, 0.2231, 0.4231
CMYK	0.00, 0.20, 0.40, 0.03
HSL	31°, 85%, 77%
HSV	31°, 40%, 97%
XYZ	63.5416, 62.1629, 36.2973
YIQ	206.5380, 44.9790, -5.6850

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

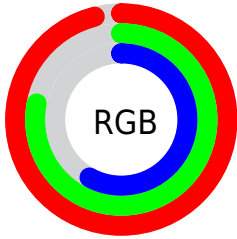
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	240, 246, 147
Decimal	16172691
CIE Lab	83.00, 10.47, 32.01
CIE LCh	83, 33.683, 71.886
Yxy	62.1629, 0.3922, 0.3837
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294362771 (0xFFFF6C693)
YUV	206.5380, -29.3522, 34.6082
Hunter-Lab	78.8435, 5.8808, 27.8950

# Details

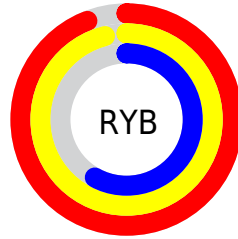
The CIELCh color **83, 33.683, 71.886** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCC99**. A complement of this color would be **77, 30.334, 264.124**, and the grayscale version is **83, 0.010, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **99, 27.235, 108.110**, and **63, 33.559, 71.492** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **80, 42.954, 70.567**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **86, 24.750, 73.195**.

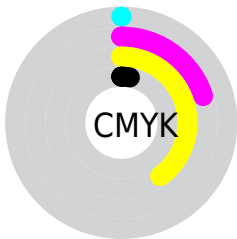
# Distribution



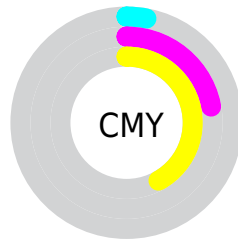
- Red (96%)
- Green (78%)
- Blue (58%)



- Red (94%)
- Yellow (96%)
- Blue (58%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (20%)
- Yellow (40%)
- Black (3%)



- Cyan (3%)
- Magenta (22%)
- Yellow (42%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 83, 33.683, 71.886 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 83, 33.683, 71.886 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



83, 33.683, 71.886

83, 33.683, 71.886

100, 33.683,  
71.886

73, 33.683, 71.886

63, 33.683, 71.886

53, 33.683, 71.886

43, 33.683, 71.886

33, 33.683, 71.886

23, 33.683, 71.886

13, 33.683, 71.886

3, 33.683, 71.886

0, 33.683, 71.886

83, 33.683, 71.886

83, 33.683, 71.886

80, 42.954, 70.567

86, 24.750, 73.195

77, 52.447, 69.204

90, 16.192, 74.479

74, 61.888, 67.747

93, 8.005, 75.724

71, 70.720, 66.067

97, 0.167, 74.522

68, 77.965, 63.907

99, 3.074, 199.426

66, 82.766, 61.131

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



83, 33.683, 71.886



77, 30.334, 264.124

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



83, 33.683, 71.886



83, 33.683, 121.886



83, 33.683, 251.886



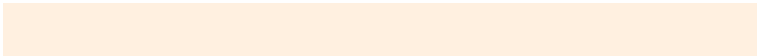
83, 33.683, 301.886

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



83, 33.683, 71.892



96, 9.704, 75.506



73, 44.600, 347.708



50, 6.456, 75.344



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



83, 33.683, 71.892



83, 42.062, 70.853



95, 49.532, 106.285



49, 4.421, 75.814



50, 66.894, 61.836



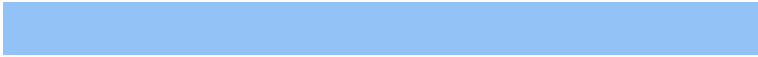
15, 24.640, 63.022



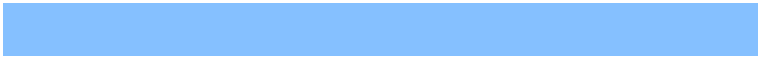


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



77, 30.334, 264.124



76, 37.056, 266.170



65, 55.043, 295.656



49, 4.333, 258.361



39, 58.794, 285.553



10, 22.776, 278.393



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 83, 33.683, 71.886 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

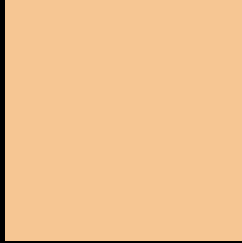
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 83, 33.683, 71.886 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

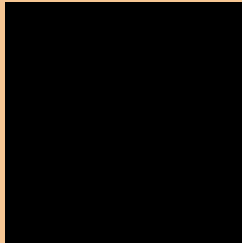
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**CIELCh 83, 33.683, 71.886**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 83, 33.683, 71.886.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 83, 33.683, 71.886.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy





**Tritanopia**  
83, 24.461, 2.758



# Trichromacy



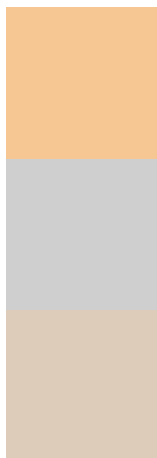
**Original Color**  
83, 33.683, 71.886

**Protanomaly**  
83, 30.464, 86.554

**Deuteranomaly**  
83, 33.683, 71.886

**Tritanomaly**  
83, 22.798, 32.936

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
83, 33.683, 71.886

**Achromatopsia**  
83, 0.010, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
83, 11.939, 76.291

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 83, 33.683, 71.886 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(246, 198, 147)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(246, 198, 147)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(246, 198, 147) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(246, 198, 147) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 83, 33.683, 71.886 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(246, 198, 147) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(246, 198, 147) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(246, 198, 147)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(246, 198, 147); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(246, 198, 147);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(246, 198,  
147) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 83, 33.683, 71.886 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(246, 198, 147) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(246,  
198, 147) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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