

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(83, 34.697, 82.315)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(83, 34.697, 82.315) contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(83, 34.793, 82.880)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	EDCA8E
RGB	237, 202, 142
RGB Percent	93%, 79%, 56%
CMY	0.0708, 0.2080, 0.4433
CMYK	0.00, 0.15, 0.40, 0.07
HSL	38°, 72%, 74%
HSV	38°, 40%, 93%
XYZ	60.8935, 62.1629, 34.3610
YIQ	205.6250, 40.1200, -11.2400

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

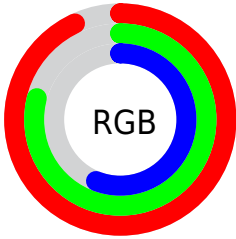
Format	Color
R <sub>YB</sub>	197, 237, 142
Decimal	15583886
CIE Lab	83.00, 4.31, 34.52
CIE LCh	83, 34.793, 82.880
Yxy	62.1629, 0.3868, 0.3949
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293773966 (0xFFEDCA8E)
YUV	205.6250, -31.3671, 27.5159
Hunter-Lab	78.8435, -0.1145, 29.3511

# Details

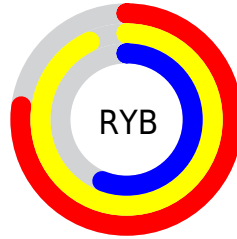
The CIELCh color **83, 34.793, 82.880** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCC99**. A complement of this color would be **72, 33.879, 275.149**, and the grayscale version is **83, 0.010, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **99, 29.728, 107.918**, and **63, 34.793, 82.435** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **80, 43.876, 81.454**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **86, 25.813, 84.273**.

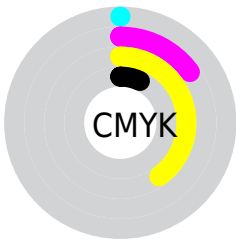
# Distribution



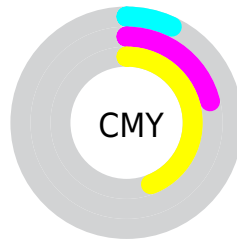
- Red (93%)
- Green (79%)
- Blue (56%)



- Red (77%)
- Yellow (93%)
- Blue (56%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (15%)
- Yellow (40%)
- Black (7%)



- Cyan (7%)
- Magenta (21%)
- Yellow (44%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 83, 34.793, 82.880 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 83, 34.793, 82.880 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 83, 34.793, 82.880

 83, 34.793, 82.880

 100, 34.793,  
82.880

 73, 34.793, 82.880

 63, 34.793, 82.880

 53, 34.793, 82.880

 43, 34.793, 82.880

 33, 34.793, 82.880

 23, 34.793, 82.880

 13, 34.793, 82.880

 3, 34.793, 82.880

 0, 34.793, 82.880

83, 34.793, 82.880

83, 34.793, 82.880

80, 43.876, 81.454

86, 25.813, 84.273

78, 52.890, 79.963

88, 17.015, 85.618

76, 61.500, 78.371

91, 8.431, 86.910

73, 69.110, 76.585

94, 0.065, 83.556

71, 74.822, 74.432

96, 5.613, 258.655

69, 78.101, 71.799

99, 5.967, 202.468

99, 6.196, 199.120

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



83, 34.793, 82.880



72, 33.879, 275.149

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



83, 34.793, 82.880



83, 34.793, 132.880



83, 34.793, 262.880



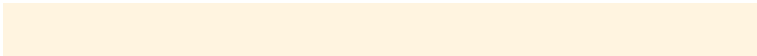
83, 34.793, 312.880

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



83, 34.794, 82.885



96, 10.671, 86.663



70, 40.672, 355.062



51, 7.091, 86.496



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



83, 34.794, 82.885



87, 44.558, 81.729



91, 48.099, 111.586



48, 4.704, 86.989



54, 63.818, 72.394



15, 22.916, 74.967



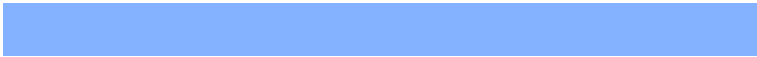


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



72, 33.879, 275.149



72, 43.260, 277.161



64, 53.230, 299.056



46, 4.684, 269.522



33, 71.298, 294.465

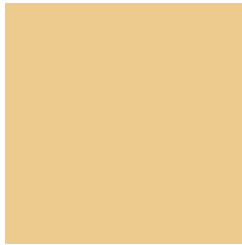


7, 25.611, 287.100



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 83, 34.793, 82.880 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

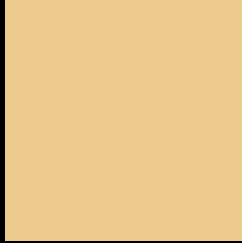
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 83, 34.793, 82.880 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 83, 34.793, 82.880

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 83, 34.793, 82.880.

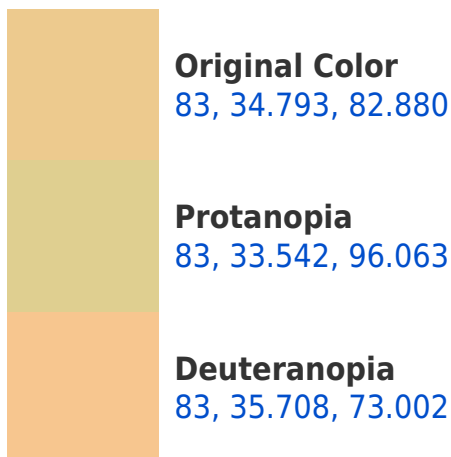


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 83, 34.793, 82.880.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy

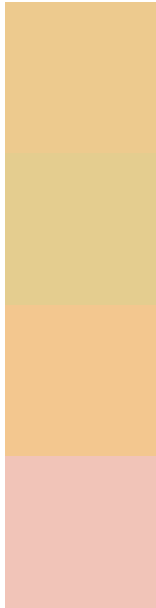




**Tritanopia**  
83, 20.495, 358.525



# Trichromacy



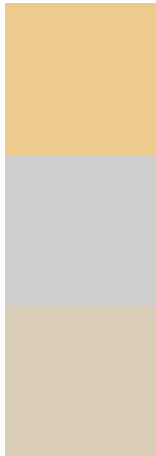
**Original Color**  
83, 34.793, 82.880

**Protanomaly**  
83, 33.825, 91.135

**Deuteranomaly**  
83, 34.907, 76.169

**Tritanomaly**  
83, 18.658, 40.271

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
83, 34.793, 82.880

**Achromatopsia**  
83, 0.010, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
83, 12.456, 87.522

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 83, 34.793, 82.880 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(237, 202, 142)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(237, 202, 142)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(237, 202, 142) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(237, 202, 142) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 83, 34.793, 82.880 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(237, 202, 142) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(237, 202, 142) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(237, 202, 142)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(237, 202, 142); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(237, 202, 142);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(237, 202,  
142) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 83, 34.793, 82.880 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(237, 202, 142) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(237,  
202, 142) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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