

Converting Colors

CIELCh(83, 4.207, 190.856)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(83, 4.207, 190.856) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(83, 3.988, 191.632)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C6D1D0
RGB	198, 209, 208
RGB Percent	78%, 82%, 82%
CMY	0.2235, 0.1804, 0.1843
CMYK	0.05, 0.00, 0.00, 0.18
HSL	175°, 11%, 80%
HSV	175°, 5%, 82%
XYZ	57.4763, 62.1629, 68.6459
YIQ	205.5970, -6.2350, -2.6430

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

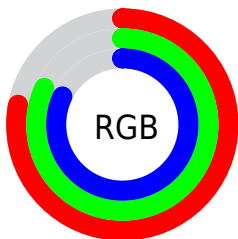
Format	Color
R _Y B	198, 204, 209
Decimal	13029840
CIE Lab	83.00, -3.91, -0.80
CIE LCh	83, 3.988, 191.632
Yxy	62.1629, 0.3053, 0.3302
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291219920 (0xFFC6D1D0)
YUV	205.5970, 1.1847, -6.6626
Hunter-Lab	78.8435, -7.8509, 3.5690

Details

The CIELCh color **83, 3.988, 191.632** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **81, 4.102, 12.149**, and the grayscale version is **83, 0.010, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 0.012, 296.813**, and **63, 4.203, 191.472** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **82, 11.338, 190.764**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **85, 3.649, 12.067**.

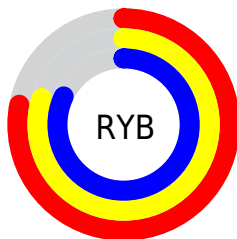
Distribution



Red (78%)

Green (82%)

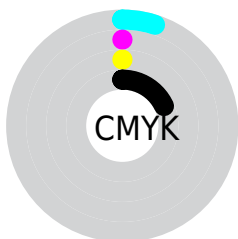
Blue (82%)



Red (78%)

Yellow (80%)

Blue (82%)

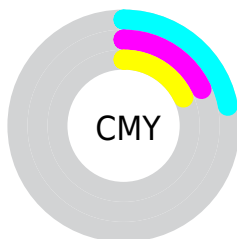


Cyan (5%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (18%)



Cyan (22%)

Magenta (18%)

Yellow (18%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 83, 3.988, 191.632 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 83, 3.988, 191.632 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 83, 3.988, 191.632

■ 83, 3.988, 191.632

■ 100, 3.988,
191.632

■ 73, 3.988, 191.632

■ 63, 3.988, 191.632

■ 53, 3.988, 191.632

■ 43, 3.988, 191.632

■ 33, 3.988, 191.632

■ 23, 3.988, 191.632

■ 13, 3.988, 191.632

■ 3, 3.988, 191.632

■ 0, 3.988, 191.632

83, 3.988, 191.632

83, 3.988, 191.632

82, 11.338,
190.764

85, 3.649, 12.067

80, 18.281,
189.983

86, 11.478, 12.915

79, 24.695,
189.203

88, 17.262, 12.577

78, 30.452,
188.412

88, 17.371, 9.341

77, 35.436,
187.598

88, 17.537, 6.157

77, 39.553,
186.749

88, 17.759, 3.045

76, 42.748,
185.849

88, 18.035, 0.021

76, 45.025,
184.880

88, 18.362,
357.099

88, 18.737,
354.291

■ 76, 46.454,
183.826

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



83, 3.988, 191.632



81, 4.102, 12.149

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



83, 3.988, 191.632



83, 3.988, 241.632



83, 3.988, 11.632



83, 3.988, 61.632

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



83, 3.989, 191.609



100, 1.789, 192.074



83, 6.876, 141.487



53, 1.017, 192.101



0, 0.000, 0.000



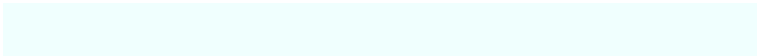
53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



83, 3.989, 191.609



99, 5.336, 191.530



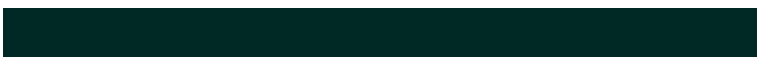
82, 3.295, 244.594



44, 3.004, 191.482



62, 39.905, 183.491



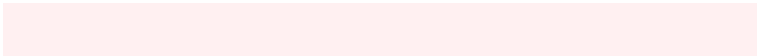
14, 14.976, 185.822

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



81, 4.102, 12.149



96, 5.509, 12.234



82, 3.354, 63.226



42, 3.109, 12.287



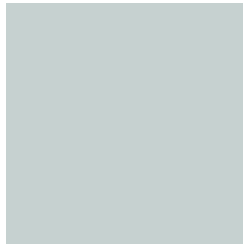
35, 72.758, 35.976



4, 20.048, 15.219

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 83, 3.988, 191.632 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

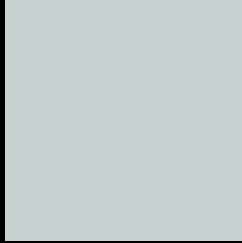
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 83, 3.988, 191.632 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

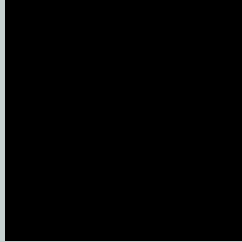
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

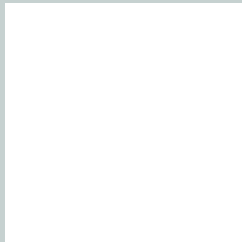
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 83, 3.988, 191.632

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 83, 3.988, 191.632.

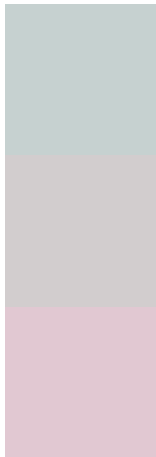


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 83, 3.988, 191.632.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

83, 3.988, 191.632

Protanopia

83, 1.907, 3.187

Deuteranopia

83, 10.598, 350.392



Tritanopia
83, 8.757, 274.738

Trichromacy



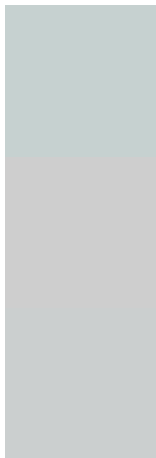
Original Color
83, 3.988, 191.632

Protanomaly
83, 0.538, 290.346

Deuteranomaly
83, 5.430, 344.031

Tritanomaly
83, 6.108, 259.421

Monochromacy



Original Color
83, 3.988, 191.632

Achromatopsia
83, 0.010, 296.813

Achromatomaly
83, 1.444, 199.690

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 83, 3.988, 191.632 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(198, 209, 208)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(198, 209, 208)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(198, 209, 208) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(198, 209, 208) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 83, 3.988, 191.632 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(198, 209, 208) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(198, 209, 208) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(198, 209, 208) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(198, 209, 208); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(198, 209, 208);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(198, 209,  
208) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 83, 3.988, 191.632 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(198, 209, 208) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(198,  
209, 208) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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