

Converting Colors

CIELCh(83, 47.628, 142.064)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(83, 47.628, 142.064)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(83, 47.425, 142.063)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	96E096
RGB	150, 224, 150
RGB Percent	59%, 88%, 59%
CMY	0.4108, 0.1206, 0.4108
CMYK	0.33, 0.00, 0.33, 0.12
HSL	120°, 55%, 73%
HSV	120°, 33%, 88%
XYZ	44.8694, 62.1629, 38.5872
YIQ	193.4380, -20.3500, -38.7020

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

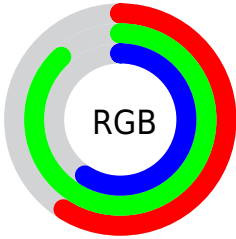
Format	Color
RYB	150, 224, 224
Decimal	9887894
CIELab	83.00, -37.40, 29.16
CIELCh	83, 47.425, 142.063
Yxy	62.1629, 0.3081, 0.4269
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288077974 (0xFF96E096)
YUV	193.4380, -21.4149, -38.0951
Hunter-Lab	78.8435, -36.3926, 26.1730

Details

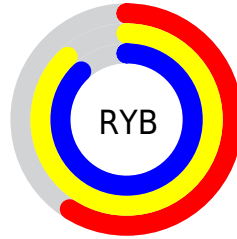
The CIELCh color $83, 47.425, 142.063$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex $99CC99$. A complement of this color would be $72, 47.397, 326.224$, and the grayscale version is $78, 0.009, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $96, 31.127, 142.681$, and $63, 47.434, 141.903$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $82, 61.243, 141.083$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $85, 33.137, 142.922$.

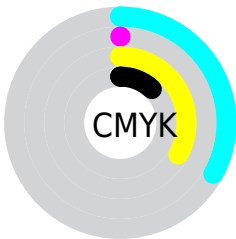
Distribution



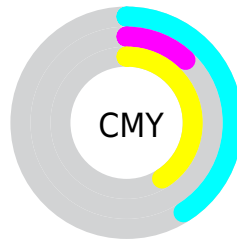
- Red (59%)
- Green (88%)
- Blue (59%)



- Red (59%)
- Yellow (88%)
- Blue (88%)



- Cyan (33%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (33%)
- Black (12%)





- Cyan (41%)
- Magenta (12%)
- Yellow (41%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 83, 47.425, 142.063 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 83, 47.425, 142.063 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 83, 47.425,
142.063


 83, 47.425,
142.063


 100, 47.425,
142.063


 73, 47.425,
142.063

 63, 47.425,
142.063

 53, 47.425,
142.063

 43, 47.425,
142.063

 33, 47.425,
142.063

 23, 47.425,
142.063

 13, 47.425,

142.063

■ 3, 47.425, 142.063

■ 0, 47.425, 142.063

■ 83, 47.425,
142.063

■ 83, 47.425,
142.063

■ 82, 61.243,
141.083

■ 85, 33.137,
142.922

■ 80, 74.198,
139.996

■ 87, 18.679,
143.663

■ 80, 85.813,
138.855

■ 89, 4.281, 144.337


■ 79, 95.529,
137.755


■ 91, 9.894, 324.770

■ 78, 102.762,

■ 93, 19.232,
325.093

136.837

 78, 107.097,
136.244

 78, 108.696,
136.016

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



83, 47.425, 142.063



72, 47.397, 326.224

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



83, 47.425, 142.063



83, 47.425, 192.063



83, 47.425, 322.063



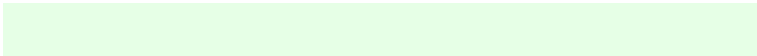
83, 47.425, 12.063

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



83, 47.427, 142.063



98, 15.911, 143.861



87, 37.387, 106.264



52, 10.865, 143.766



0, 0.000, 0.000



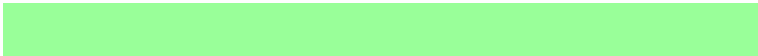
53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



83, 47.427, 142.063



92, 63.419, 141.361



84, 33.074, 159.661



46, 8.141, 143.903



63, 90.678, 136.016



16, 35.256, 139.478

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



72, 47.397, 326.224



77, 63.285, 326.592



70, 34.321, 345.846



44, 8.154, 324.937



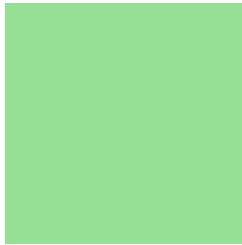
42, 87.490, 328.229



8, 35.926, 328.226

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 83, 47.425, 142.063 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 83, 47.425, 142.063 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 83, 47.425, 142.063

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 83, 47.425, 142.063.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 83, 47.425, 142.063.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

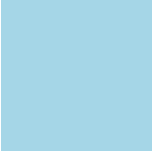
Dichromacy



Original Color
83, 47.425, 142.063

Protanopia
83, 34.073, 96.151

Deuteranopia
82, 28.592, 68.544

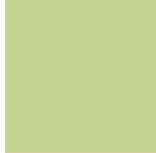


Tritanopia
83, 18.046, 228.529

Trichromacy



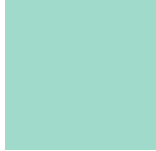
Original Color
83, 47.425, 142.063



Protanomaly
83, 35.958, 117.901



Deuteranomaly
82, 27.751, 106.065

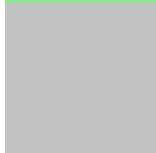


Tritanomaly
83, 21.915, 175.082

Monochromacy



Original Color
83, 47.425, 142.063



Achromatopsia
78, 0.009, 296.813



Achromatomaly
80, 17.587, 143.659

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 83, 47.425, 142.063 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(150, 224, 150)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(150, 224, 150)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(150, 224, 150) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(150, 224, 150) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 83, 47.425, 142.063 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(150, 224, 150) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(150, 224, 150) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(150, 224, 150)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(150, 224, 150); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(150, 224, 150);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(150, 224,  
150) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 83, 47.425, 142.063 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(150, 224, 150) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(150,  
224, 150) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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