

Converting Colors

CIELCh(83, 49.422, 122.570)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(83, 49.422, 122.570)
contains.

CIELCh(83, 49.640, 122.437)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(83, 49.640, 122.437)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B8DB7E
RGB	184, 219, 126
RGB Percent	72%, 86%, 49%
CMY	0.2796, 0.1423, 0.5069
CMYK	0.16, 0.00, 0.43, 0.14
HSL	83°, 56%, 68%
HSV	83°, 43%, 86%
XYZ	48.7001, 62.1629, 29.0778
YIQ	197.9330, 8.9930, -36.3430

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

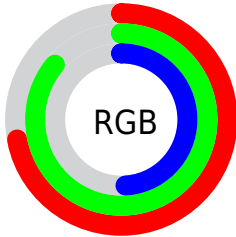
Format	Color
RYB	126, 219, 161
Decimal	12114814
CIELab	83.00, -26.63, 41.90
CIELCh	83, 49.640, 122.437
Yxy	62.1629, 0.3480, 0.4442
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290304894 (0xFFB8DB7E)
YUV	197.9330, -35.4630, -12.2192
Hunter-Lab	78.8435, -27.7202, 33.3241

Details

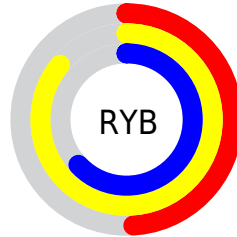
The CIELCh color **83, 49.640, 122.437** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CC66**. A complement of this color would be **59, 53.802, 307.309**, and the grayscale version is **80, 0.010, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **97, 38.071, 115.396**, and **63, 49.604, 122.645** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **82, 60.501, 122.006**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **84, 38.275, 122.943**.

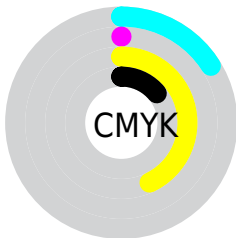
Distribution



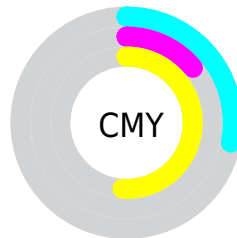
- Red (72%)
- Green (86%)
- Blue (49%)



- Red (49%)
- Yellow (86%)
- Blue (63%)



- Cyan (16%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (43%)
- Black (14%)





- Cyan (28%)
- Magenta (14%)
- Yellow (51%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 83, 49.640, 122.437 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 83, 49.640, 122.437 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 83, 49.640,
122.437


 83, 49.640,
122.437


 100, 49.640,
122.437


 73, 49.640,
122.437

 63, 49.640,
122.437

 53, 49.640,
122.437

 43, 49.640,
122.437

 33, 49.640,
122.437

 23, 49.640,
122.437

 13, 49.640,

122.437

■ 3, 49.640, 122.437

■ 0, 49.640, 122.437

■ 83, 49.640,
122.437

■ 83, 49.640,
122.437

■ 82, 60.501,
122.006

■ 84, 38.275,
122.943

■ 81, 70.538,
121.713

■ 85, 26.617,
123.475

■ 81, 79.314,
121.655

■ 86, 14.815,
124.008

■ 80, 86.306,
121.950

■ 87, 2.967, 124.543

■ 80, 91.080,

■ 88, 8.857, 304.993

122.710

89, 19.623,
306.129

79, 93.396,
123.539

90, 20.516,
313.863

91, 21.747,
320.950

91, 22.722,
325.215

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



83, 49.640, 122.437



59, 53.802, 307.309

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



83, 49.640, 122.437



83, 49.640, 172.437



83, 49.640, 302.437



83, 49.640, 352.437

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



83, 49.642, 122.439



98, 17.431, 123.976



71, 31.733, 56.192



52, 12.196, 123.858



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



83, 49.642, 122.439



94, 66.666, 122.048



80, 57.027, 138.105



46, 6.734, 124.170



64, 78.389, 123.287



17, 28.201, 123.565

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



59, 53.802, 307.309



62, 73.760, 307.972



64, 57.594, 322.705



43, 6.849, 305.129



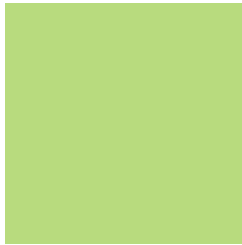
24, 95.835, 309.508



3, 30.489, 304.811

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 83, 49.640, 122.437 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 83, 49.640, 122.437 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

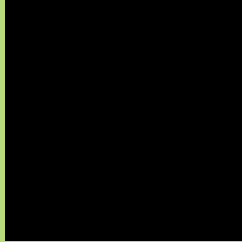
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 83, 49.640, 122.437

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 83, 49.640, 122.437.

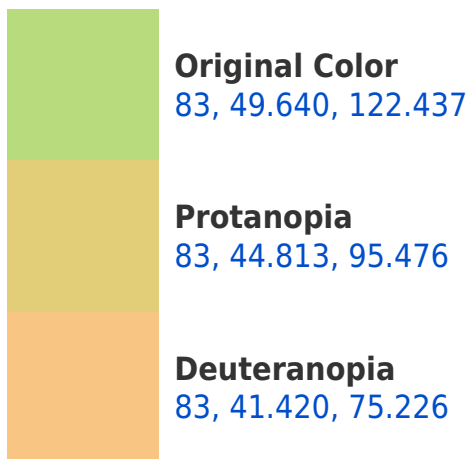


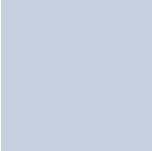
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 83, 49.640, 122.437.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
83, 9.564, 269.716

Trichromacy



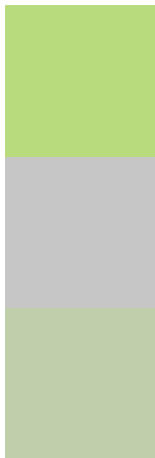
Original Color
83, 49.640, 122.437

Protanomaly
83, 45.259, 106.183

Deuteranomaly
83, 40.440, 94.783

Tritanomaly
83, 14.075, 139.080

Monochromacy



Original Color
83, 49.640, 122.437

Achromatopsia
80, 0.010, 296.813

Achromatomaly
81, 18.629, 124.023

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 83, 49.640, 122.437 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(184, 219, 126)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(184, 219, 126)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(184, 219, 126) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(184, 219, 126) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 83, 49.640, 122.437 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(184, 219, 126) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(184, 219, 126) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(184, 219, 126)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(184, 219, 126); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(184, 219, 126);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(184, 219,  
126) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 83, 49.640, 122.437 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(184, 219, 126) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(184,  
219, 126) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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