

Converting Colors

CIELCh(83, 57.748, 144.460)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(83, 57.748, 144.460)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(83, 57.698, 144.357)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	81E48D
RGB	129, 228, 141
RGB Percent	51%, 89%, 55%
CMY	0.4936, 0.1054, 0.4466
CMYK	0.43, 0.00, 0.38, 0.11
HSL	127°, 65%, 70%
HSV	127°, 43%, 89%
XYZ	41.6690, 62.1629, 35.0485
YIQ	188.4810, -31.0770, -48.0450

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

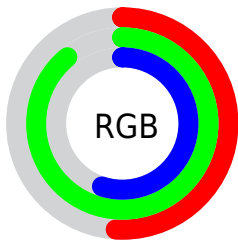
Format	Color
RYB	129, 217, 228
Decimal	8512653
CIELab	83.00, -46.89, 33.62
CIELCh	83, 57.698, 144.357
Yxy	62.1629, 0.3000, 0.4476
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286702733 (0xFF81E48D)
YUV	188.4810, -23.4081, -52.1648
Hunter-Lab	78.8435, -43.6382, 28.8341

Details

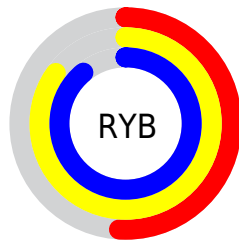
The CIELCh color $83, 57.698, 144.357$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex $99FF99$. A complement of this color would be $67, 57.575, 330.521$, and the grayscale version is $77, 0.009, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $94, 39.503, 146.256$, and $63, 57.648, 144.454$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $82, 69.943, 143.169$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $84, 44.759, 145.400$.

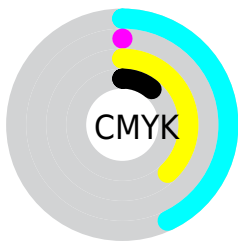
Distribution



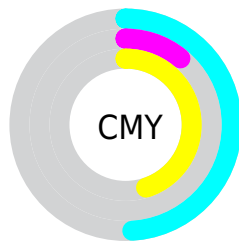
- Red (51%)
- Green (89%)
- Blue (55%)



- Red (51%)
- Yellow (85%)
- Blue (89%)



- Cyan (43%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (38%)
- Black (11%)





- Cyan (49%)
- Magenta (11%)
- Yellow (45%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 83, 57.698, 144.357 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 83, 57.698, 144.357 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 83, 57.698,
144.357


 83, 57.698,
144.357


 100, 57.698,
144.357


 73, 57.698,
144.357

 63, 57.698,
144.357

 53, 57.698,
144.357

 43, 57.698,
144.357

 33, 57.698,
144.357

 23, 57.698,
144.357

 13, 57.698,

144.357

■ 3, 57.698, 144.357

■ 0, 57.698, 144.357

■ 83, 57.698,
144.357

■ 83, 57.698,
144.357

■ 82, 69.943,
143.169

■ 84, 44.759,
145.400

■ 81, 81.144,
141.847

■ 86, 31.423,
146.302

■ 80, 90.930,
140.434

■ 88, 17.943,
147.080

■ 80, 98.922,
139.014

■ 90, 4.514, 147.791

■ 80, 104.786,

■ 92, 8.718, 328.248

137.710

93, 16.792,
325.006

79, 107.453,
137.023

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



83, 57.698, 144.357



67, 57.575, 330.521

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



83, 57.698, 144.357



83, 57.698, 194.357



83, 57.698, 324.357



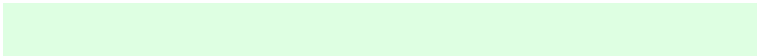
83, 57.698, 14.357

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



83, 57.699, 144.357



97, 19.052, 147.103



88, 50.289, 111.347



51, 13.346, 146.940



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



83, 57.699, 144.357



91, 74.696, 143.304



84, 38.947, 165.857



47, 7.626, 147.359



63, 89.030, 137.212



17, 34.562, 140.981

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



67, 57.575, 330.521



71, 74.123, 331.055



66, 42.688, 355.578



45, 7.642, 328.452



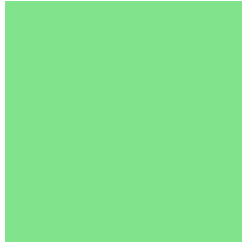
41, 80.439, 333.711



8, 34.249, 332.770

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 83, 57.698, 144.357 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 83, 57.698, 144.357 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

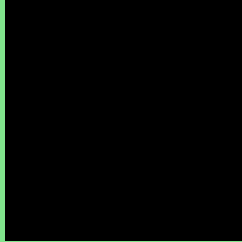
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 83, 57.698, 144.357

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 83, 57.698, 144.357.

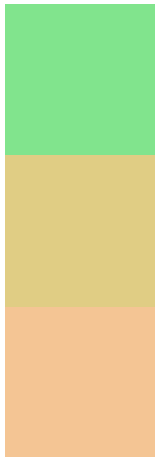


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 83, 57.698, 144.357.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
83, 57.698, 144.357

Protanopia
82, 38.864, 95.103

Deuteranopia
83, 32.582, 71.529

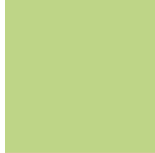


Tritanopia
83, 22.875, 221.404

Trichromacy



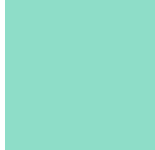
Original Color
83, 57.698, 144.357



Protanomaly
82, 41.402, 119.471



Deuteranomaly
82, 32.950, 111.434

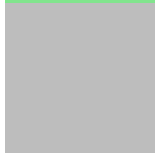


Tritanomaly
83, 29.020, 174.790

Monochromacy



Original Color
83, 57.698, 144.357



Achromatopsia
77, 0.009, 296.813



Achromatomaly
78, 21.367, 147.317

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 83, 57.698, 144.357 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(129, 228, 141)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(129, 228, 141)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(129, 228, 141) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(129, 228, 141) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 83, 57.698, 144.357 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(129, 228, 141) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(129, 228, 141) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(129, 228, 141)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(129, 228, 141); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(129, 228, 141);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(129, 228,  
141) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 83, 57.698, 144.357 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(129, 228, 141) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(129,  
228, 141) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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