

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(83, 59.045, 81.101)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(83, 59.045, 81.101) contains.

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# **Color**

**CIELCh(83, 59.188, 81.068)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FEC65E
RGB	254, 198, 94
RGB Percent	100%, 78%, 37%
CMY	0.0046, 0.2241, 0.6319
CMYK	0.00, 0.22, 0.63, 0.00
HSL	39°, 99%, 68%
HSV	39°, 63%, 100%
XYZ	62.9840, 62.1629, 19.2342
YIQ	202.8880, 66.7600, -20.4720

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

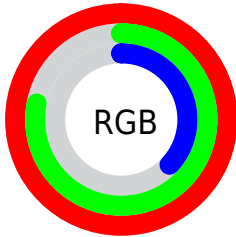
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">180, 254, 94</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">16696926</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">83.00, 9.19, 58.47</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">83, 59.188, 81.068</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">62.1629, 0.4362, 0.4305</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4294887006 (0xFFFE65E)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">202.8880, -53.6818, 44.8252</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">78.8435, 4.6184, 40.7264</a>

# Details

The CIELCh color **83, 59.188, 81.068** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCC66**. The color can be described as light muted yellow. A complement of this color would be **63, 58.789, 283.015**, and the grayscale version is **82, 0.010, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **98, 53.053, 106.118**, and **63, 59.266, 80.718** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **81, 67.955, 79.439**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **85, 49.762, 82.586**.

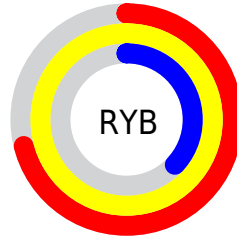
# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (78%)

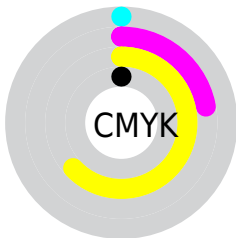
Blue (37%)



Red (71%)

Yellow (100%)

Blue (37%)

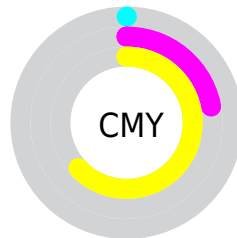


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (22%)

Yellow (63%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (22%)

Yellow (63%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 83, 59.188, 81.068 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 83, 59.188, 81.068 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 83, 59.188, 81.068

 83, 59.188, 81.068

 100, 59.188,  
81.068

 73, 59.188, 81.068

 63, 59.188, 81.068

 53, 59.188, 81.068

 43, 59.188, 81.068

 33, 59.188, 81.068

 23, 59.188, 81.068

 13, 59.188, 81.068

 3, 59.188, 81.068

 0, 59.188, 81.068

83, 59.188, 81.068

83, 59.188, 81.068

81, 67.955, 79.439

85, 49.762, 82.586

78, 75.315, 77.581

88, 40.121, 84.032

76, 80.271, 75.308

91, 30.505, 85.432

75, 82.211, 73.435

93, 21.032, 86.790

96, 11.755, 88.100

99, 2.689, 89.289

100, 0.407,  
201.010

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



83, 59.188, 81.068



63, 58.789, 283.015

# Rectangle

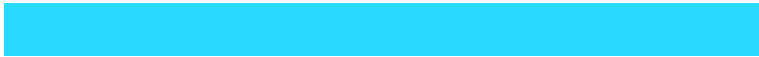
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



83, 59.188, 81.068



83, 59.188, 131.068



83, 59.188, 261.068



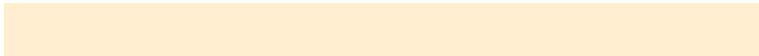
83, 59.188, 311.068

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



83, 59.188, 81.071



95, 17.339, 87.323



63, 65.284, 2.170



50, 11.974, 86.944



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



83, 59.188, 81.071



80, 70.595, 78.913



95, 76.668, 111.687



52, 5.127, 88.544



58, 66.444, 74.001



19, 27.884, 76.761





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



63, 58.789, 283.015



56, 72.119, 287.483



51, 91.830, 303.364



50, 5.117, 271.077



34, 76.904, 295.741



9, 30.844, 290.458



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 83, 59.188, 81.068 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 83, 59.188, 81.068 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**CIELCh 83, 59.188, 81.068**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 83, 59.188, 81.068.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 83, 59.188, 81.068.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy





**Tritanopia**  
83, 25.648, 7.427



# Trichromacy



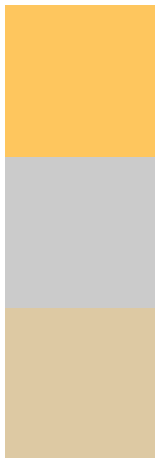
**Original Color**  
83, 59.188, 81.068

**Protanomaly**  
83, 57.107, 90.392

**Deuteranomaly**  
83, 57.926, 79.747

**Tritanomaly**  
83, 30.401, 51.877

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
83, 59.188, 81.068

**Achromatopsia**  
82, 0.010, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
82, 21.595, 86.809

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 83, 59.188, 81.068 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(254, 198, 94)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(254, 198, 94)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(254, 198, 94) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(254, 198, 94) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 83, 59.188, 81.068 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(254, 198, 94) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(254, 198, 94) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(254, 198, 94)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(254, 198, 94); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(254, 198, 94);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(254, 198,  
94) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 83, 59.188, 81.068 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(254, 198, 94) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(254,  
198, 94) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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