

Converting Colors

CIELCh(83, 6.615, 225.209)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(83, 6.615, 225.209) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(83, 6.482, 223.203)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C1D2D7
RGB	193, 210, 215
RGB Percent	76%, 82%, 84%
CMY	0.2441, 0.1775, 0.1579
CMYK	0.10, 0.02, 0.00, 0.16
HSL	194°, 21%, 80%
HSV	194°, 10%, 84%
XYZ	57.1430, 62.1629, 73.1022
YIQ	205.4870, -11.7370, -2.0490

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

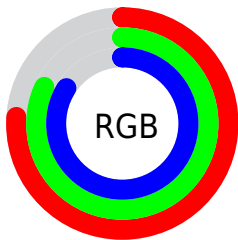
Format	Color
R_{YB}	193, 203, 215
Decimal	12702423
CIE _{Lab}	83.00, -4.72, -4.44
CIE _{LCh}	83, 6.482, 223.203
Yxy	62.1629, 0.2970, 0.3231
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290892503 (0xFFC1D2D7)
YUV	205.4870, 4.6899, -10.9511
Hunter-Lab	78.8435, -8.6055, 0.2179

Details

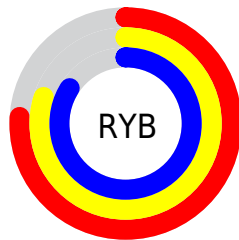
The CIELCh color `83, 6.482, 223.203` is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be `81, 6.899, 42.266`, and the grayscale version is `82, 0.010, 296.813`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `100, 1.735, 199.677`, and `63, 6.606, 218.786` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `80, 12.467, 223.737`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `86, 0.160, 226.212`.

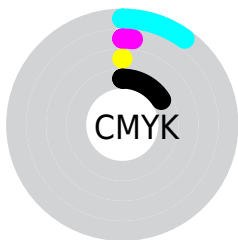
Distribution



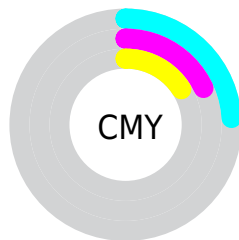
- Red (76%)
- Green (82%)
- Blue (84%)



- Red (76%)
- Yellow (80%)
- Blue (84%)



- Cyan (10%)
- Magenta (2%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (16%)



- Cyan (24%)
- Magenta (18%)
- Yellow (16%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 83, 6.482, 223.203 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 83, 6.482, 223.203 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 83, 6.482, 223.203

■ 83, 6.482, 223.203

■ 100, 6.482,
223.203

■ 73, 6.482, 223.203

■ 63, 6.482, 223.203

■ 53, 6.482, 223.203

■ 43, 6.482, 223.203

■ 33, 6.482, 223.203

■ 23, 6.482, 223.203

■ 13, 6.482, 223.203

■ 3, 6.482, 223.203

■ 0, 6.482, 223.203

83, 6.482, 223.203

83, 6.482, 223.203

80, 12.467,
223.737

86, 0.160, 226.212

78, 18.026,
224.531

89, 6.425, 42.290

75, 23.068,
225.604

92, 12.442, 43.526

73, 27.500,
227.023

93, 12.157, 57.618

71, 31.246,
228.867

94, 12.624, 71.462

69, 34.259,
231.226

95, 13.759, 83.615

67, 36.545,
234.188

96, 15.411, 93.491

65, 38.183,
237.818

98, 17.425,
101.222

99, 19.685,
107.219

■ 63, 39.375,
241.912

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



83, 6.482, 223.203



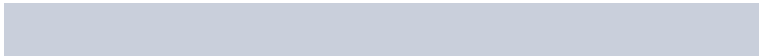
81, 6.899, 42.266

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



83, 6.482, 223.203



83, 6.482, 273.203



83, 6.482, 43.203



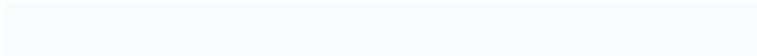
83, 6.482, 93.203

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



83, 6.482, 223.185



99, 2.221, 223.066



84, 12.170, 150.466



53, 1.680, 223.038



0, 0.000, 0.000



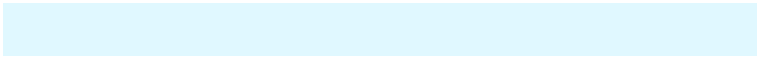
53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



83, 6.482, 223.185



96, 8.690, 223.269



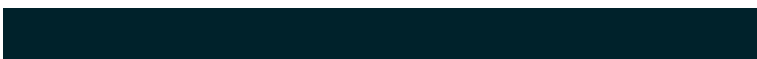
80, 8.633, 276.251



44, 3.592, 223.152



51, 33.105, 241.153



11, 12.687, 232.208

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



80, 12.122, 332.120



92, 16.347, 332.247



84, 8.592, 93.658



42, 6.700, 332.064



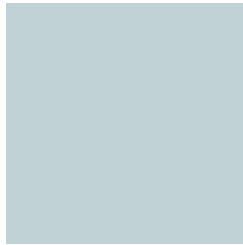
38, 71.931, 339.771



6, 27.884, 337.194

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 83, 6.482, 223.203 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

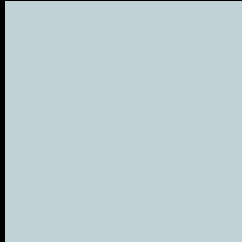
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 83, 6.482, 223.203 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

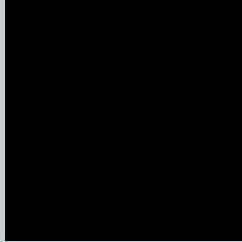
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

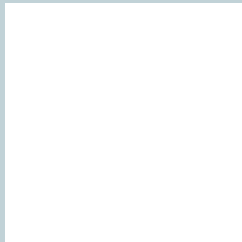
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 83, 6.482, 223.203

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 83, 6.482, 223.203.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 83, 6.482, 223.203.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

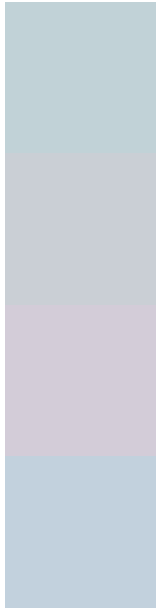
Dichromacy





Tritanopia
83, 10.098, 262.416

Trichromacy



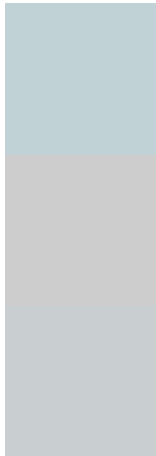
Original Color
83, 6.482, 223.203

Protanomaly
83, 3.617, 260.935

Deuteranomaly
83, 6.862, 312.134

Tritanomaly
83, 8.116, 250.756

Monochromacy



Original Color
83, 6.482, 223.203

Achromatopsia
82, 0.010, 296.813

Achromatomaly
83, 2.387, 225.826

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 83, 6.482, 223.203 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(193, 210, 215)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(193, 210, 215)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(193, 210, 215) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(193, 210, 215) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 83, 6.482, 223.203 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

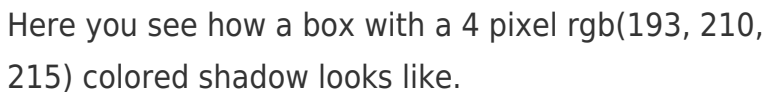
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(193, 210, 215) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(193, 210, 215) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(193, 210, 215)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(193, 210, 215); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(193, 210, 215); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(193, 210, 215) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 83, 6.482, 223.203 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(193, 210, 215) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(193,  
210, 215) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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