

Converting Colors

CIELCh(83, 8.434, 107.798)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(83, 8.434, 107.798) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(83, 8.416, 109.434)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D0D0C0
RGB	208, 208, 192
RGB Percent	82%, 82%, 75%
CMY	0.1853, 0.1852, 0.2480
CMYK	0.00, 0.00, 0.08, 0.19
HSL	60°, 14%, 78%
HSV	60°, 8%, 81%
XYZ	57.9285, 62.1629, 58.6757
YIQ	206.1760, 5.1360, -4.9760

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

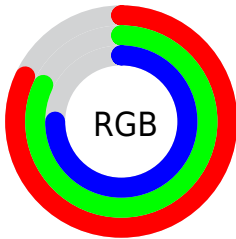
Format	Color
RYB	192, 208, 192
Decimal	13684928
CIELab	83.00, -2.80, 7.94
CIELCh	83, 8.416, 109.434
Yxy	62.1629, 0.3240, 0.3477
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291875008 (0xFFD0D0C0)
YUV	206.1760, -6.9888, 1.5996
Hunter-Lab	78.8435, -6.8272, 11.0665

Details

The CIELCh color $83, 8.416, 109.434$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be $78, 8.576, 290.975$, and the grayscale version is $83, 0.010, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $100, 3.539, 109.892$, and $63, 8.341, 109.259$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $83, 19.307, 108.481$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $84, 2.529, 290.432$.

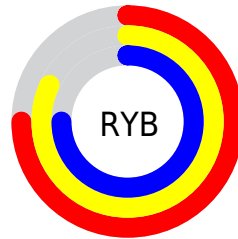
Distribution



Red (82%)

Green (82%)

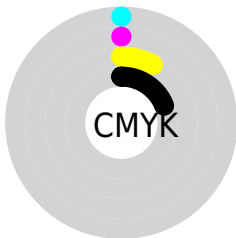
Blue (75%)



Red (75%)

Yellow (82%)

Blue (75%)

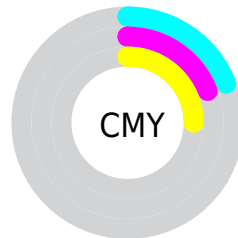


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (8%)

Black (19%)



Cyan (19%)

Magenta (19%)

Yellow (25%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 83, 8.416, 109.434 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 83, 8.416, 109.434 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 83, 8.416, 109.434

 83, 8.416, 109.434

 100, 8.416,
109.434

 73, 8.416, 109.434

 63, 8.416, 109.434

 53, 8.416, 109.434

 43, 8.416, 109.434

 33, 8.416, 109.434

 23, 8.416, 109.434

 13, 8.416, 109.434

 3, 8.416, 109.434

 0, 8.416, 109.434

83, 8.416, 109.434

83, 8.416, 109.434

83, 19.307,
108.481

84, 2.529, 290.432

82, 30.067,
107.516

84, 13.487,
291.342

82, 40.586,
106.568

85, 24.423,
292.238

82, 50.692,
105.662

85, 24.901,
292.281

81, 60.121,
104.825

85, 24.901,
292.285

81, 68.490,
104.096

85, 24.901,
292.289

81, 75.306,
103.513

85, 24.901,
292.293

81, 80.069,
103.113

85, 24.901,
292.297

■ 81, 82.598,
102.905

■ 85, 24.901,
292.301

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



83, 8.416, 109.434



78, 8.576, 290.975

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



83, 8.416, 109.434



83, 8.416, 159.434



83, 8.416, 289.434



83, 8.416, 339.434

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



83, 8.418, 109.444



100, 2.575, 109.966



79, 5.981, 19.791



53, 1.464, 109.974



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



83, 8.418, 109.444



99, 11.616, 109.310



82, 8.967, 128.745



44, 6.234, 109.281



67, 70.993, 102.868



16, 23.491, 104.910

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



78, 8.576, 290.975



93, 11.867, 291.127



79, 9.073, 309.396



40, 6.372, 291.161



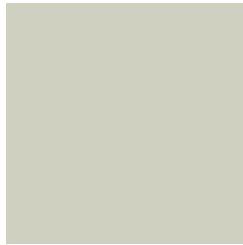
19, 98.027, 306.288



1, 25.555, 293.222

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 83, 8.416, 109.434 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 83, 8.416, 109.434 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

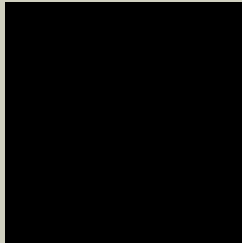
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

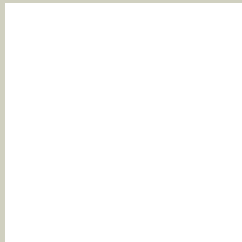
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 83, 8.416, 109.434

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 83, 8.416, 109.434.

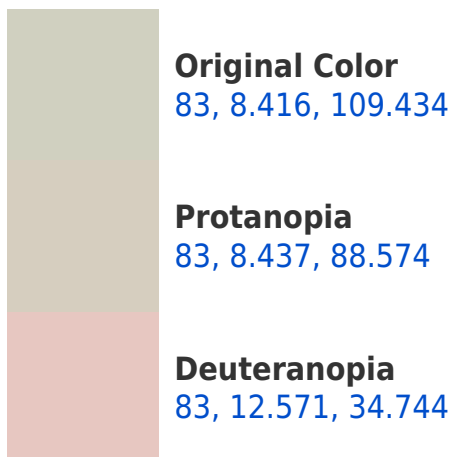


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 83, 8.416, 109.434.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
83, 8.971, 309.377

Trichromacy



Original Color
83, 8.416, 109.434

Protanomaly
83, 8.614, 96.841

Deuteranomaly
83, 9.242, 50.637

Tritanomaly
83, 3.229, 324.489

Monochromacy



Original Color
83, 8.416, 109.434

Achromatopsia
83, 0.010, 296.813

Achromatomaly
83, 3.155, 109.881

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 83, 8.416, 109.434 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(208, 208, 192)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(208, 208, 192)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(208, 208, 192) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(208, 208, 192) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 83, 8.416, 109.434 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(208, 208, 192) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(208, 208, 192) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(208, 208, 192)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(208, 208, 192); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(208, 208, 192);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(208, 208,  
192) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 83, 8.416, 109.434 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(208, 208, 192) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(208,  
208, 192) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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