

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(83, 8.866, 129.481)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(83, 8.866, 129.481) contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(83, 8.461, 129.934)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C9D1C2
RGB	201, 209, 194
RGB Percent	79%, 82%, 76%
CMY	0.2103, 0.1789, 0.2378
CMYK	0.04, 0.00, 0.07, 0.18
HSL	92°, 14%, 79%
HSV	92°, 7%, 82%
XYZ	56.8566, 62.1629, 60.2566
YIQ	204.8980, 0.0470, -6.3610

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

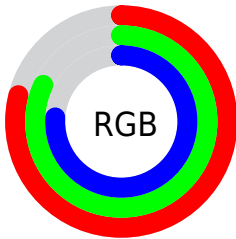
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	194, 209, 202
Decimal	13226434
CIELab	83.00, -5.43, 6.49
CIELCh	83, 8.461, 129.934
Yxy	62.1629, 0.3171, 0.3467
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291416514 (0xFFC9D1C2)
YUV	204.8980, -5.3727, -3.4185
Hunter-Lab	78.8435, -9.2539, 9.8777

# Details

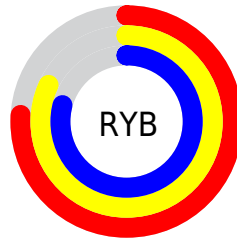
The CIELCh color **83, 8.461, 129.934** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **80, 8.553, 310.521**, and the grayscale version is **83, 0.010, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 2.525, 109.959**, and **63, 8.951, 129.828** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **82, 20.313, 129.474**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **84, 3.346, 310.305**.

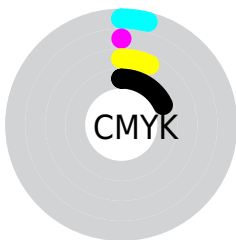
# Distribution



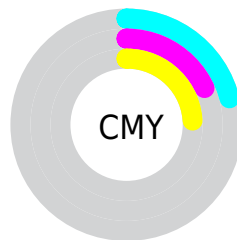
- Red (79%)
- Green (82%)
- Blue (76%)



- Red (76%)
- Yellow (82%)
- Blue (79%)



- Cyan (4%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (7%)
- Black (18%)



- Cyan (21%)
- Magenta (18%)
- Yellow (24%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 83, 8.461, 129.934 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 83, 8.461, 129.934 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 83, 8.461, 129.934

 83, 8.461, 129.934

 100, 8.461,  
129.934

 73, 8.461, 129.934

 63, 8.461, 129.934

 53, 8.461, 129.934

 43, 8.461, 129.934

 33, 8.461, 129.934

 23, 8.461, 129.934

 13, 8.461, 129.934

 3, 8.461, 129.934

 0, 8.461, 129.934

83, 8.461, 129.934

83, 8.461, 129.934

82, 20.313,  
129.474

84, 3.346, 310.305

81, 32.117,  
128.993

86, 15.052,  
310.721

79, 43.751,  
128.508

87, 25.546,  
311.892

78, 55.037,  
128.051

88, 27.062,  
319.720

78, 65.718,  
127.675

89, 28.601,  
325.420

77, 75.433,  
127.463

76, 83.712,  
127.529

76, 90.050,  
128.003

■ 75, 94.190,  
128.953

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



83, 8.461, 129.934



80, 8.553, 310.521

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



83, 8.461, 129.934



83, 8.461, 179.934



83, 8.461, 309.934



83, 8.461, 359.934

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



83, 8.463, 129.938



100, 2.759, 130.201



82, 4.950, 77.981



53, 1.568, 130.208



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813





# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



83, 8.463, 129.938



99, 12.478, 129.849



83, 9.480, 144.954



43, 6.697, 129.835



61, 80.677, 128.996



14, 26.456, 130.820



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



80, 8.553, 310.521



94, 12.633, 310.611



80, 9.499, 325.711



41, 6.783, 310.625



27, 90.693, 312.764

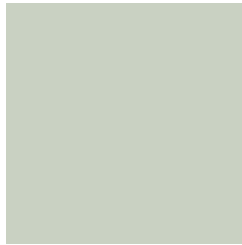


3, 26.943, 308.790



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 83, 8.461, 129.934 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

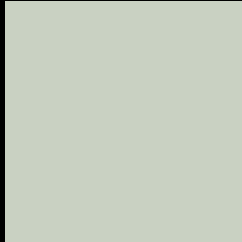
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 83, 8.461, 129.934 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

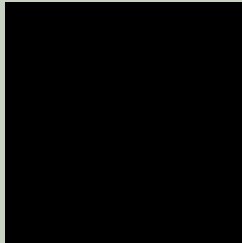
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

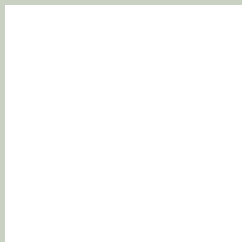
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 83, 8.461, 129.934

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 83, 8.461, 129.934.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 83, 8.461, 129.934.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
83, 8.461, 129.934

**Protanopia**  
83, 7.945, 87.300

**Deuteranopia**  
83, 11.524, 30.685





**Tritanopia**  
83, 9.011, 293.199

# Trichromacy



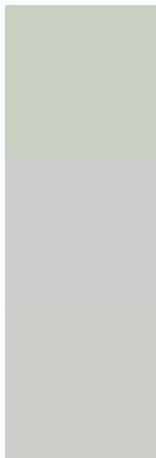
**Original Color**  
83, 8.461, 129.934

**Protanomaly**  
83, 7.401, 103.735

**Deuteranomaly**  
83, 7.640, 53.141

**Tritanomaly**  
83, 2.842, 268.226

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
83, 8.461, 129.934

**Achromatopsia**  
82, 0.010, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
83, 3.355, 128.980

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 83, 8.461, 129.934 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(201, 209, 194)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(201, 209, 194)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(201, 209, 194) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(201, 209, 194) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 83, 8.461, 129.934 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(201, 209, 194) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(201, 209, 194) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(201, 209, 194)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(201, 209, 194); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(201, 209, 194);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(201, 209,  
194) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 83, 8.461, 129.934 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(201, 209, 194) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(201,  
209, 194) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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