

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(83, 9.313, 182.248)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(83, 9.313, 182.248) contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(83, 9.306, 182.254)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	BBD4CF
RGB	187, 212, 207
RGB Percent	73%, 83%, 81%
CMY	0.2666, 0.1686, 0.1882
CMYK	0.12, 0.00, 0.02, 0.17
HSL	168°, 23%, 78%
HSV	168°, 12%, 83%
XYZ	55.3051, 62.1629, 68.1212
YIQ	203.9550, -13.2950, -6.8550

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

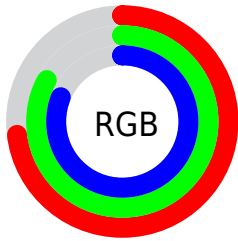
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	187, 201, 212
Decimal	12309711
CIELab	83.00, -9.30, -0.37
CIELCh	83, 9.306, 182.254
Yxy	62.1629, 0.2980, 0.3349
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290499791 (0xFFBBD4CF)
YUV	203.9550, 1.5012, -14.8695
Hunter-Lab	78.8435, -12.7666, 3.9635

# Details

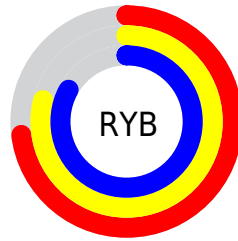
The CIELCh color `83, 9.306, 182.254` is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be `78, 9.751, 4.314`, and the grayscale version is `82, 0.010, 296.813`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `99, 4.141, 199.303`, and `63, 8.909, 184.054` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `82, 16.915, 181.279`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `85, 1.429, 183.458`.

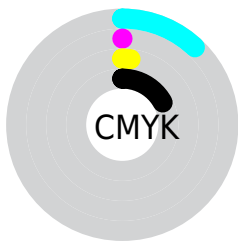
# Distribution



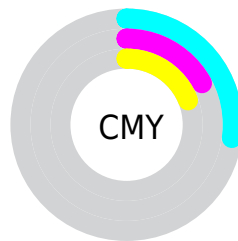
- Red (73%)
- Green (83%)
- Blue (81%)



- Red (73%)
- Yellow (79%)
- Blue (83%)



- Cyan (12%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (2%)
- Black (17%)



- Cyan (27%)
- Magenta (17%)
- Yellow (19%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 83, 9.306, 182.254 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 83, 9.306, 182.254 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 83, 9.306, 182.254

 83, 9.306, 182.254

 100, 9.306,  
182.254

 73, 9.306, 182.254

 63, 9.306, 182.254

 53, 9.306, 182.254


 43, 9.306, 182.254

 33, 9.306, 182.254

 23, 9.306, 182.254

 13, 9.306, 182.254

 3, 9.306, 182.254

 0, 9.306, 182.254

83, 9.306, 182.254

83, 9.306, 182.254

82, 16.915,  
181.279

85, 1.429, 183.458

80, 24.128,  
180.273

86, 6.613, 3.862

79, 30.813,  
179.203

88, 14.729, 4.732

78, 36.838,  
178.048

89, 16.886,  
359.159

78, 42.083,  
176.788

89, 17.722,  
352.463

77, 46.464,  
175.399

89, 18.788,  
346.467

76, 49.944,  
173.857

89, 20.046,  
341.190

76, 52.559,  
172.147

89, 21.462,  
336.596

89, 23.006,

■ 76, 54.221,  
170.651

332.619

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



83, 9.306, 182.254



78, 9.751, 4.314

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



83, 9.306, 182.254



83, 9.306, 232.254



83, 9.306, 2.254



83, 9.306, 52.254

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



83, 9.307, 182.246



99, 3.700, 183.052



83, 15.095, 137.780



53, 2.628, 182.959



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



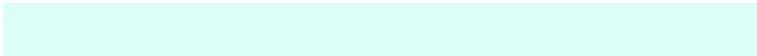


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



83, 9.307, 182.246



97, 12.790, 182.019



81, 7.253, 230.394



44, 4.531, 182.476



62, 45.992, 170.951



15, 17.230, 174.802



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



78, 9.751, 4.314



91, 13.529, 4.574



80, 7.753, 48.756



42, 4.703, 4.058



36, 68.630, 29.100

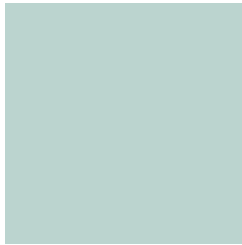


5, 22.055, 10.864



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 83, 9.306, 182.254 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

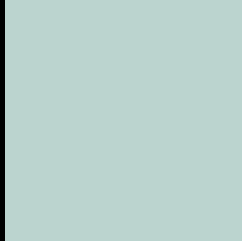
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 83, 9.306, 182.254 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

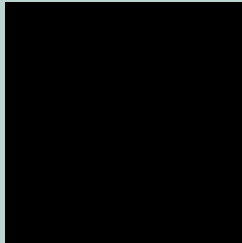
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

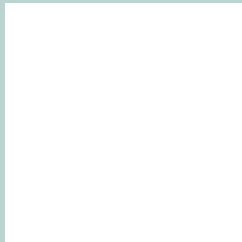
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 83, 9.306, 182.254

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 83, 9.306, 182.254.

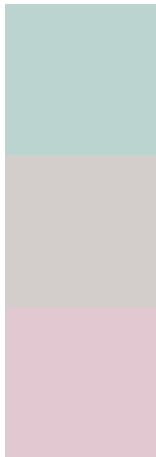


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 83, 9.306, 182.254.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**

83, 9.306, 182.254

**Protanopia**

83, 2.430, 45.026

**Deuteranopia**

83, 10.356, 352.940





**Tritanopia**  
83, 10.952, 254.535

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
83, 9.306, 182.254

**Protanomaly**  
83, 3.048, 155.583

**Deuteranomaly**  
83, 3.334, 340.128

**Tritanomaly**  
83, 8.602, 232.708

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
83, 9.306, 182.254

**Achromatopsia**  
82, 0.010, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
82, 3.428, 181.334

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 83, 9.306, 182.254 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(187, 212, 207)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(187, 212, 207)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(187, 212, 207) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(187, 212, 207) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 83, 9.306, 182.254 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(187, 212, 207) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(187, 212, 207) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(187, 212, 207)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(187, 212, 207); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(187, 212, 207);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(187, 212,  
207) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 83, 9.306, 182.254 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(187, 212, 207) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(187,  
212, 207) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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