

# Converting Colors

CIE LCh(84, 1.194, 351.196)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(84, 1.194, 351.196) contains.

<b>CIELCh(84, 1.220, 353.421)</b> .....	3
<i><b>Conversions</b></i> .....	4
<i><b>Details</b></i> .....	6
<i><b>Harmonies</b></i> .....	11
<i><b>Previews</b></i> .....	19
<i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i> .....	22
<i><b>CSS Examples</b></i> .....	25

# Color

**CIELCh(84, 1.220, 353.421)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D4D1D2
RGB	212, 209, 210
RGB Percent	83%, 82%, 82%
CMY	0.1697, 0.1814, 0.1775
CMYK	0.00, 0.01, 0.01, 0.17
HSL	340°, 3%, 82%
HSV	340°, 1%, 83%
XYZ	61.4077, 64.0658, 69.9265
YIQ	210.0110, 1.4670, 0.9470

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

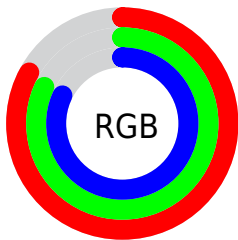
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	212, 209, 210
Decimal	13947346
CIE Lab	84.00, 1.21, -0.14
CIE LCh	84, 1.220, 353.421
Yxy	64.0658, 0.3143, 0.3279
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292137426 (0xFFD4D1D2)
YUV	210.0110, -0.0054, 1.7444
Hunter-Lab	80.0411, -3.1264, 4.2311

# Details

The CIELCh color  $84, 1.220, 353.421$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be  $85, 1.203, 174.020$ , and the grayscale version is  $84, 0.010, 296.813$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $100, 0.012, 296.813$ , and  $64, 0.958, 343.398$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $78, 9.982, 354.784$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $90, 7.193, 173.090$ .

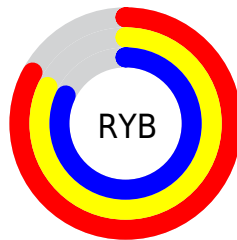
# Distribution



Red (83%)

Green (82%)

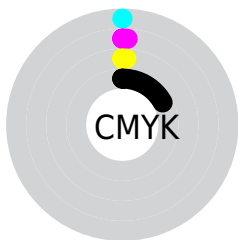
Blue (82%)



Red (83%)

Yellow (82%)

Blue (82%)

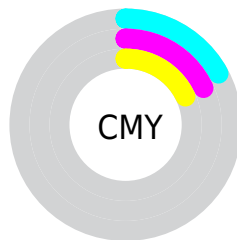


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (1%)

Yellow (1%)

Black (17%)



Cyan (17%)

Magenta (18%)

Yellow (18%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 84, 1.220, 353.421 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 84, 1.220, 353.421 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 84, 1.220, 353.421

■ 84, 1.220, 353.421

100, 1.220,  
353.421

■ 74, 1.220, 353.421

■ 64, 1.220, 353.421

■ 54, 1.220, 353.421

■ 44, 1.220, 353.421

■ 34, 1.220, 353.421

■ 24, 1.220, 353.421

■ 14, 1.220, 353.421

■ 4, 1.220, 353.421

■ 0, 1.220, 353.421

84, 1.220, 353.421

84, 1.220, 353.421

78, 9.982, 354.784

90, 7.193, 173.090

73, 19.052,  
355.908

96, 15.236,  
172.294

67, 28.322,  
357.200

97, 14.638,  
192.738

62, 37.609,  
358.732

97, 14.452,  
198.542

58, 46.630, 0.592

53, 55.003, 2.901

50, 62.292, 5.816

47, 68.132, 9.514

46, 72.426, 14.134

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



84, 1.220, 353.421



85, 1.203, 174.020

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



84, 1.220, 353.421



84, 1.220, 43.421



84, 1.220, 173.421



84, 1.220, 223.421

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



84, 1.218, 353.473

100, 0.012, 296.813



84, 1.754, 314.626



53, 0.007, 296.813



0, 0.000, 0.000

# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



84, 1.218, 353.473



99, 2.001, 353.647



84, 0.940, 35.068



45, 0.986, 353.615



36, 63.946, 17.759



5, 22.394, 4.524





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



84, 1.218, 353.473



99, 2.001, 353.647



84, 0.935, 216.308



45, 0.986, 353.615



36, 63.946, 17.759

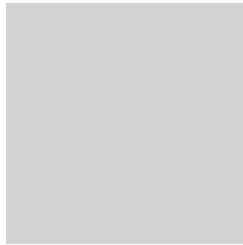


5, 22.394, 4.524



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 84, 1.220, 353.421 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

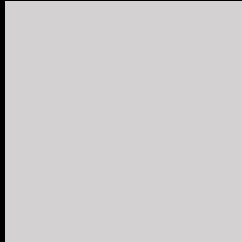
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 84, 1.220, 353.421 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

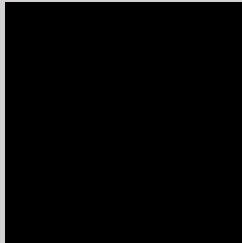
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

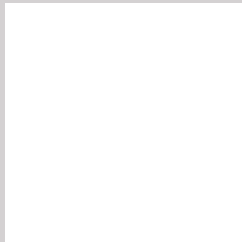
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 84, 1.220, 353.421

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 84, 1.220, 353.421.

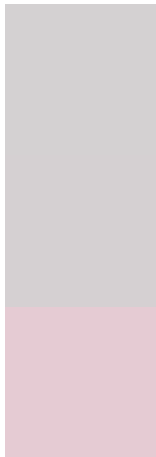


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 84, 1.220, 353.421.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**

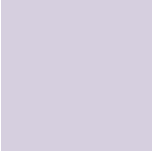
84, 1.220, 353.421

**Protanopia**

84, 2.115, 349.402

**Deuteranopia**

84, 10.447, 356.476



**Tritanopia**  
84, 8.838, 307.185

# Trichromacy



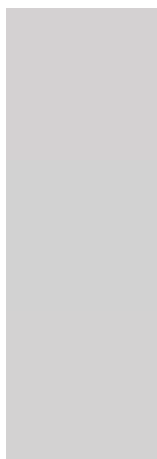
**Original Color**  
84, 1.220, 353.421

**Protanomaly**  
84, 2.115, 349.402

**Deuteranomaly**  
84, 7.320, 354.379

**Tritanomaly**  
84, 5.598, 309.247

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
84, 1.220, 353.421

**Achromatopsia**  
84, 0.010, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
84, 0.364, 17.858



# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 84, 1.220, 353.421 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(212, 209, 210)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(212, 209, 210)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(212, 209, 210) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(212, 209, 210) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 84, 1.220, 353.421 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(212, 209, 210) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(212, 209, 210) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(212, 209, 210)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(212, 209, 210); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(212, 209, 210);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(212, 209,  
210) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 84, 1.220, 353.421 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(212, 209, 210) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(212,  
209, 210) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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