

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(84, 11.099, 60.650)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(84, 11.099, 60.650) contains.

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# **Color**

**CIELCh(84, 10.797, 58.940)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E3CDC0
RGB	227, 205, 192
RGB Percent	89%, 80%, 75%
CMY	0.1083, 0.1945, 0.2456
CMYK	0.00, 0.10, 0.15, 0.11
HSL	22°, 39%, 82%
HSV	22°, 15%, 89%
XYZ	63.2841, 64.0658, 59.1220
YIQ	210.0960, 17.2850, 0.6210

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

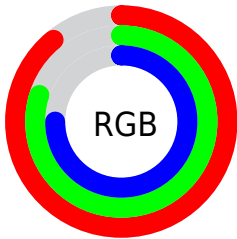
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	227, 213, 192
Decimal	14929344
CIE Lab	84.00, 5.57, 9.25
CIE LCh	84, 10.797, 58.940
Yxy	64.0658, 0.3394, 0.3436
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293119424 (0xFFE3CDC0)
YUV	210.0960, -8.9213, 14.8248
Hunter-Lab	80.0411, 1.0582, 12.2344

# Details

The CIELCh color **84, 10.797, 58.940** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **85, 10.050, 242.163**, and the grayscale version is **84, 0.010, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 3.539, 109.892**, and **64, 10.516, 59.099** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **80, 18.430, 58.086**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **88, 3.658, 59.782**.

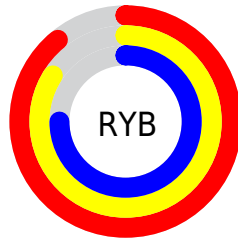
# Distribution



Red (89%)

Green (80%)

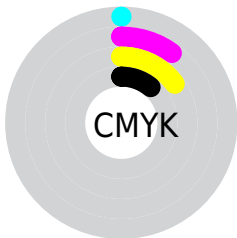
Blue (75%)



Red (89%)

Yellow (84%)

Blue (75%)

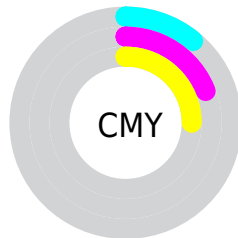


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (10%)

Yellow (15%)

Black (11%)



Cyan (11%)

Magenta (19%)

Yellow (25%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 84, 10.797, 58.940 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 84, 10.797, 58.940 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 84, 10.797, 58.940

 84, 10.797, 58.940

 100, 10.797,  
58.940

 74, 10.797, 58.940

 64, 10.797, 58.940

 54, 10.797, 58.940

 44, 10.797, 58.940

 34, 10.797, 58.940

 24, 10.797, 58.940

 14, 10.797, 58.940

 4, 10.797, 58.940

 0, 10.797, 58.940

84, 10.797, 58.940

84, 10.797, 58.940

80, 18.430, 58.086

88, 3.658, 59.782

76, 26.598, 57.255

92, 3.034, 241.026

72, 35.321, 56.479

96, 7.816, 225.324

68, 44.579, 55.764

98, 9.383, 198.883

65, 54.259, 55.088

62, 64.069, 54.366

59, 73.346, 53.385

56, 80.861, 51.711

55, 83.756, 50.819

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



84, 10.797, 58.940



85, 10.050, 242.163

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



84, 10.797, 58.940



84, 10.797, 108.940



84, 10.797, 238.940



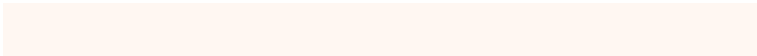
84, 10.797, 288.940

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



84, 10.797, 58.954



98, 3.714, 59.806



81, 17.356, 338.244



52, 2.540, 59.758



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

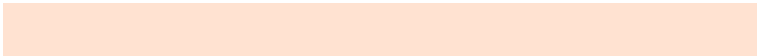


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



84, 10.797, 58.954



92, 13.980, 58.717



88, 15.829, 102.456



46, 3.933, 59.466



43, 69.501, 51.422



10, 21.512, 47.143





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



85, 10.050, 242.163



93, 12.831, 242.514



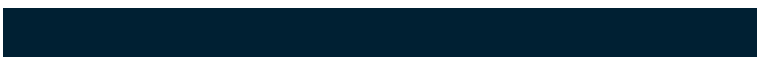
80, 16.219, 285.981



46, 3.772, 241.478



45, 42.526, 268.084



11, 16.074, 258.596



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 84, 10.797, 58.940 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

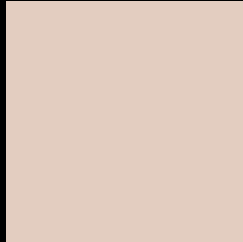
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 84, 10.797, 58.940 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

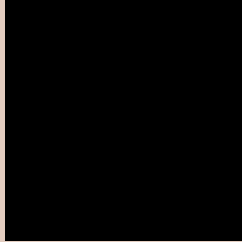
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 84, 10.797, 58.940

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 84, 10.797, 58.940.

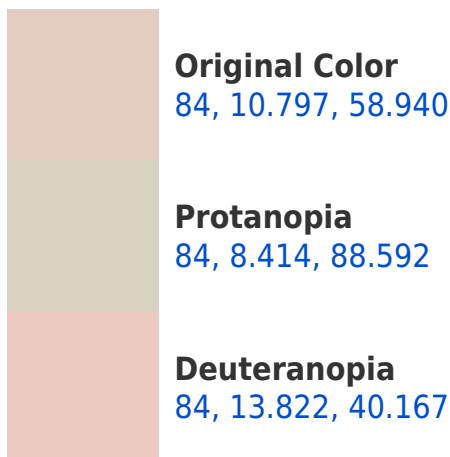


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 84, 10.797, 58.940.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy





**Tritanopia**  
84, 13.204, 343.753



# Trichromacy



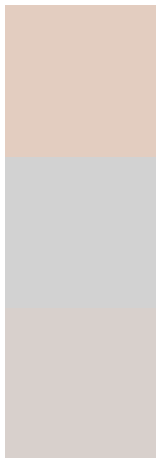
**Original Color**  
84, 10.797, 58.940

**Protanomaly**  
84, 9.267, 77.555

**Deuteranomaly**  
84, 12.586, 44.688

**Tritanomaly**  
84, 10.320, 5.447

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
84, 10.797, 58.940

**Achromatopsia**  
84, 0.010, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
84, 3.601, 55.115

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 84, 10.797, 58.940 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(227, 205, 192)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(227, 205, 192)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(227, 205, 192) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(227, 205, 192) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 84, 10.797, 58.940 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(227, 205, 192) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(227, 205, 192) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(227, 205, 192) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(227, 205, 192); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(227, 205, 192);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(227, 205,  
192) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 84, 10.797, 58.940 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(227, 205, 192) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(227,  
205, 192) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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