

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(84, 14.358, 27.579)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(84, 14.358, 27.579) contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(84, 14.472, 26.664)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	EFC9C6
RGB	239, 201, 198
RGB Percent	94%, 79%, 78%
CMY	0.0635, 0.2125, 0.2243
CMYK	0.00, 0.16, 0.17, 0.06
HSL	4°, 56%, 86%
HSV	4°, 17%, 94%
XYZ	66.5398, 64.0658, 62.1672
YIQ	212.0200, 23.6110, 7.1230

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

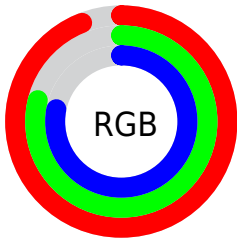
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	239, 201, 198
Decimal	15714758
CIE Lab	84.00, 12.93, 6.49
CIE LCh	84, 14.472, 26.664
Yxy	64.0658, 0.3452, 0.3323
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293904838 (0xFFEFC9C6)
YUV	212.0200, -6.9119, 23.6615
Hunter-Lab	80.0411, 8.3189, 9.9787

# Details

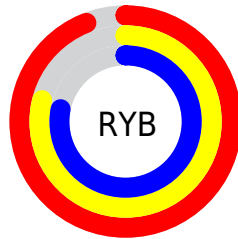
The CIELCh color **84, 14.472, 26.664** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **91, 12.891, 205.587**, and the grayscale version is **85, 0.010, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 0.012, 296.813**, and **64, 14.653, 27.231** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **78, 23.861, 27.364**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **90, 5.796, 26.126**.

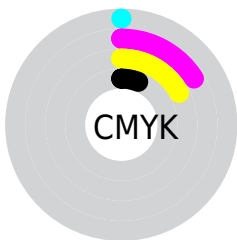
# Distribution



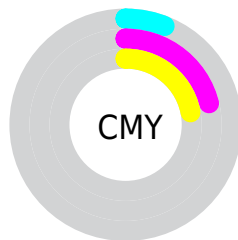
- Red (94%)
- Green (79%)
- Blue (78%)



- Red (94%)
- Yellow (79%)
- Blue (78%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (16%)
- Yellow (17%)
- Black (6%)



- Cyan (6%)
- Magenta (21%)
- Yellow (22%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 84, 14.472, 26.664 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 84, 14.472, 26.664 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 84, 14.472, 26.664

 84, 14.472, 26.664

 100, 14.472,  
26.664

 74, 14.472, 26.664

 64, 14.472, 26.664

 54, 14.472, 26.664

 44, 14.472, 26.664

 34, 14.472, 26.664

 24, 14.472, 26.664

 14, 14.472, 26.664

 4, 14.472, 26.664

 0, 14.472, 26.664

84, 14.472, 26.664

84, 14.472, 26.664

78, 23.861, 27.364

90, 5.796, 26.126

73, 33.974, 28.296

96, 2.201, 206.185

67, 44.755, 29.549

99, 5.570, 199.171

62, 56.066, 31.202

58, 67.648, 33.307

55, 79.060, 35.813

52, 89.423, 38.380

51, 96.893, 40.140

50, 98.525, 40.613

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



84, 14.472, 26.664



91, 12.891, 205.587

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



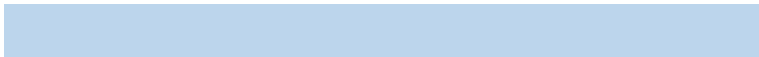
84, 14.472, 26.664



84, 14.472, 76.664



84, 14.472, 206.664



84, 14.472, 256.664

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



84, 14.470, 26.674



97, 4.228, 25.994



84, 24.861, 327.253



51, 2.893, 26.040



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



84, 14.470, 26.674



87, 18.974, 26.919



89, 13.806, 80.045



47, 4.654, 26.250



39, 80.668, 40.797



8, 28.290, 27.831





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



91, 12.891, 205.587



95, 16.422, 205.511



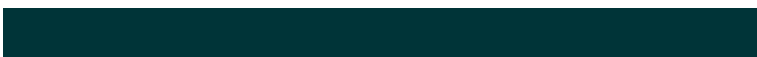
86, 13.444, 264.767



49, 4.376, 205.794



64, 35.712, 208.961

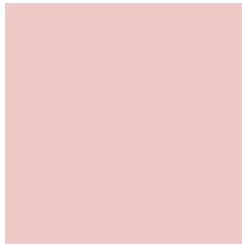


19, 15.757, 207.057



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 84, 14.472, 26.664 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

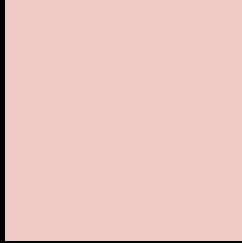
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 84, 14.472, 26.664 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

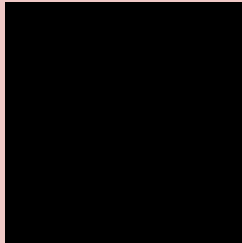
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**CIELCh 84, 14.472, 26.664**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 84, 14.472, 26.664.

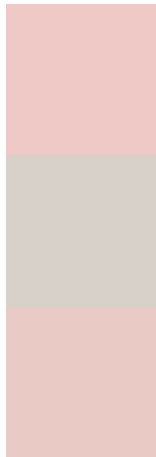


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 84, 14.472, 26.664.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color


84, 14.472, 26.664

### Protanopia

84, 4.273, 78.632

### Deuteranopia

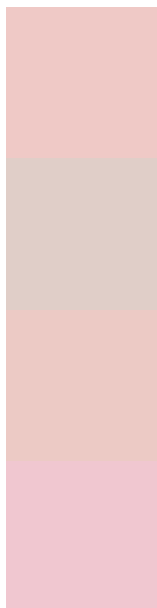
84, 12.384, 32.436



**Tritanopia**  
84, 17.895, 352.888



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
84, 14.472, 26.664

**Protanomaly**  
84, 7.412, 44.890

**Deuteranomaly**  
84, 13.142, 31.775

**Tritanomaly**  
84, 15.937, 3.467

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
84, 14.472, 26.664

**Achromatopsia**  
85, 0.010, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
85, 5.173, 25.488

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 84, 14.472, 26.664 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(239, 201, 198)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(239, 201, 198)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(239, 201, 198) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(239, 201, 198) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 84, 14.472, 26.664 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(239, 201, 198) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(239, 201, 198) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(239, 201, 198)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(239, 201, 198); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(239, 201, 198);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(239, 201,  
198) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 84, 14.472, 26.664 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(239, 201, 198) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(239,  
201, 198) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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