

Converting Colors

CIELCh(84, 14.494, 180.354)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(84, 14.494, 180.354)
contains.

CIELCh(84, 14.855, 179.698)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(84, 14.855, 179.698)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B2DAD1
RGB	178, 218, 209
RGB Percent	70%, 85%, 82%
CMY	0.3028, 0.1459, 0.1812
CMYK	0.18, 0.00, 0.04, 0.15
HSL	166°, 35%, 78%
HSV	166°, 18%, 85%
XYZ	54.8114, 64.0658, 69.6617
YIQ	205.0140, -20.9510, -11.2790

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

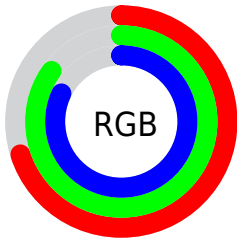
Format	Color
R _Y B	178, 201, 218
Decimal	11721425
CIE Lab	84.00, -14.85, 0.08
CIE LCh	84, 14.855, 179.698
Yxy	64.0658, 0.2907, 0.3398
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289911505 (0xFFB2DAD1)
YUV	205.0140, 1.9651, -23.6913
Hunter-Lab	80.0411, -17.8367, 4.4272

Details

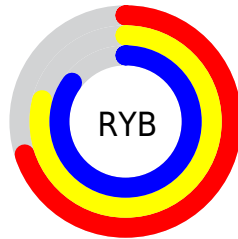
The CIELCh color **84, 14.855, 179.698** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CCCC**. A complement of this color would be **76, 15.907, 3.196**, and the grayscale version is **82, 0.010, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **99, 7.186, 199.043**, and **64, 14.661, 180.359** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **83, 22.519, 178.675**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **86, 6.857, 180.682**.

Distribution



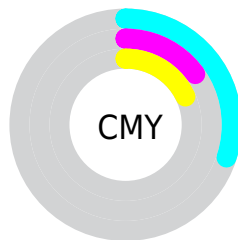
- Red (70%)
- Green (85%)
- Blue (82%)



- Red (70%)
- Yellow (79%)
- Blue (85%)



- Cyan (18%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (4%)
- Black (15%)



- Cyan (30%)
- Magenta (15%)
- Yellow (18%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 84, 14.855, 179.698 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 84, 14.855, 179.698 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 84, 14.855,
179.698

 84, 14.855,
179.698

 100, 14.855,
179.698

 74, 14.855,
179.698

 64, 14.855,
179.698

 54, 14.855,
179.698

 44, 14.855,
179.698

 34, 14.855,
179.698

 24, 14.855,
179.698

 14, 14.855,

179.698

■ 4, 14.855, 179.698

■ 0, 14.855, 179.698

■ 84, 14.855,
179.698

■ 84, 14.855,
179.698

■ 83, 22.519,
178.675

■ 86, 6.857, 180.682

■ 81, 29.710,
177.589

■ 87, 1.359, 1.108

■ 89, 9.687, 2.304

■ 80, 36.289,
176.416

■ 90, 14.591,
358.429

■ 80, 42.127,
175.133

■ 90, 15.641,
349.729

■ 79, 47.117,

173.715

91, 17.016,
342.307

78, 51.201,
172.139

91, 18.643,
336.120

78, 54.386,
170.386

91, 20.463,
331.014

78, 56.798,
168.467

91, 22.426,
326.806

78, 57.166,
168.154

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



84, 14.855, 179.698



76, 15.907, 3.196

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



84, 14.855, 179.698



84, 14.855, 229.698



84, 14.855, 359.698



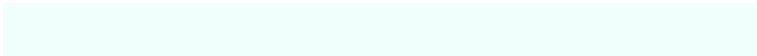
84, 14.855, 49.698

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



84, 14.856, 179.693



99, 5.603, 180.924



84, 23.958, 136.939



53, 3.714, 180.853



0, 0.000, 0.000



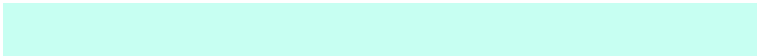
53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



84, 14.856, 179.693



96, 20.096, 179.309



81, 11.384, 228.757



45, 4.675, 180.575



63, 48.012, 168.484



16, 18.358, 172.344

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



76, 15.907, 3.196



85, 21.847, 3.667



79, 12.725, 46.539



43, 4.840, 2.189



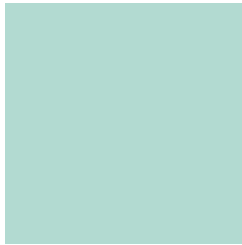
36, 68.336, 27.228



5, 23.766, 10.543

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 84, 14.855, 179.698 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

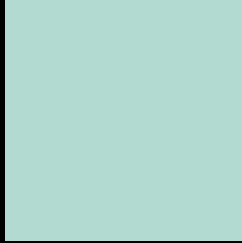
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 84, 14.855, 179.698 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

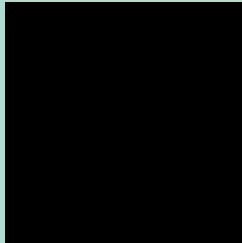
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

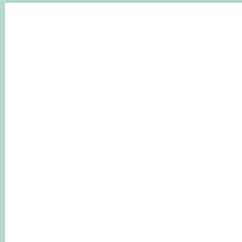
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 84, 14.855, 179.698

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 84, 14.855, 179.698.



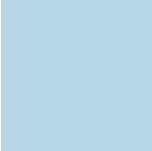
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 84, 14.855, 179.698.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
84, 13.759, 239.716

Trichromacy



Original Color
84, 14.855, 179.698

Protanomaly
84, 5.459, 156.671

Deuteranomaly
84, 1.757, 314.627

Tritanomaly
84, 12.508, 218.475

Monochromacy



Original Color
84, 14.855, 179.698

Achromatopsia
82, 0.010, 296.813

Achromatomaly
83, 5.814, 177.747

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 84, 14.855, 179.698 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(178, 218, 209)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(178, 218, 209)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(178, 218, 209) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(178, 218, 209) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 84, 14.855, 179.698 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(178, 218, 209) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(178, 218, 209) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(178, 218, 209)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(178, 218, 209); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(178, 218, 209);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(178, 218,  
209) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 84, 14.855, 179.698 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(178, 218, 209) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(178,  
218, 209) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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