

Converting Colors

CIELCh(84, 15.460, 196.712)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(84, 15.460, 196.712)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(84, 15.368, 196.377)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	ADDAD9
RGB	173, 218, 217
RGB Percent	68%, 85%, 85%
CMY	0.3214, 0.1449, 0.1488
CMYK	0.21, 0.00, 0.00, 0.14
HSL	179°, 38%, 77%
HSV	179°, 21%, 86%
XYZ	54.8550, 64.0658, 75.1494
YIQ	204.4310, -26.4990, -9.8510

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

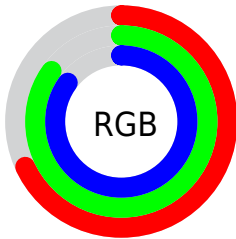
Format	Color
RYB	173, 196, 218
Decimal	11393753
CIELab	84.00, -14.74, -4.33
CIELCh	84, 15.368, 196.377
Yxy	64.0658, 0.2827, 0.3301
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289583833 (0xFFADDAD9)
YUV	204.4310, 6.1965, -27.5650
Hunter-Lab	80.0411, -17.7395, 0.3623

Details

The CIELCh color **84, 15.368, 196.377** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CCCC**. A complement of this color would be **75, 17.511, 19.151**, and the grayscale version is **82, 0.010, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **98, 8.853, 198.921**, and **64, 15.241, 195.989** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **83, 22.039, 195.817**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **85, 8.147, 196.980**.

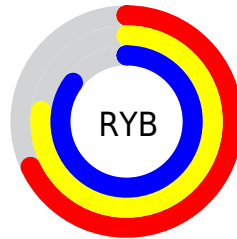
Distribution



Red (68%)

Green (85%)

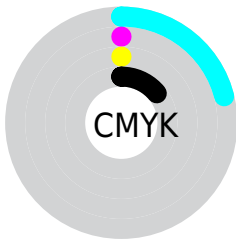
Blue (85%)



Red (68%)

Yellow (77%)

Blue (85%)

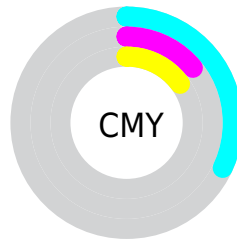


Cyan (21%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (14%)



Cyan (32%)


Magenta (14%)


Yellow (15%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 84, 15.368, 196.377 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 84, 15.368, 196.377 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 84, 15.368,
196.377


 84, 15.368,
196.377


 100, 15.368,
196.377


 74, 15.368,
196.377


 64, 15.368,
196.377

 54, 15.368,
196.377

 44, 15.368,
196.377

 34, 15.368,
196.377

 24, 15.368,
196.377

 14, 15.368,

196.377

■ 4, 15.368, 196.377

■ 0, 15.368, 196.377

■ 84, 15.368,
196.377

■ 84, 15.368,
196.377

■ 83, 22.039,
195.817

■ 85, 8.147, 196.980

■ 82, 28.029,
195.305

■ 87, 0.499, 198.685

■ 89, 7.461, 18.056

■ 81, 33.219,
194.834

■ 90, 13.646, 18.323

■ 80, 37.509,
194.403

■ 90, 13.645, 17.274

■ 90, 13.650, 16.224

■ 80, 40.836,

194.008

90, 13.659, 15.176

79, 43.188,
193.643

90, 13.672, 14.130

79, 44.617,
193.299

90, 13.691, 13.086

79, 45.303,
192.987

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



84, 15.368, 196.377



75, 17.511, 19.151

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



84, 15.368, 196.377



84, 15.368, 246.377



84, 15.368, 16.377



84, 15.368, 66.377

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



84, 15.369, 196.371



99, 5.273, 197.307



83, 28.736, 142.284



53, 3.493, 197.255



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



84, 15.369, 196.371



96, 20.822, 196.112



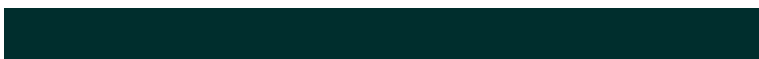
78, 13.668, 254.634



45, 4.380, 197.060



64, 38.174, 193.038



16, 15.284, 193.606

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



75, 17.511, 19.151



83, 24.495, 19.644



80, 14.605, 69.265



43, 4.638, 18.127



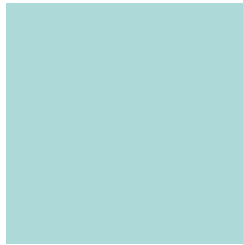
36, 77.274, 39.016



5, 23.805, 19.309

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 84, 15.368, 196.377 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

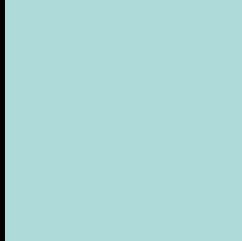
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 84, 15.368, 196.377 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

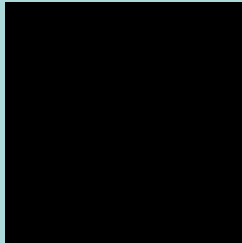
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

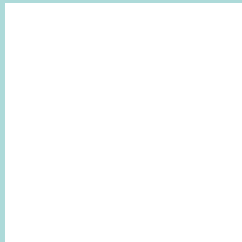
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 84, 15.368, 196.377

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 84, 15.368, 196.377.

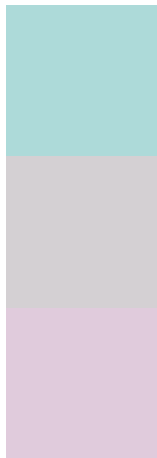


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 84, 15.368, 196.377.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
84, 15.368, 196.377

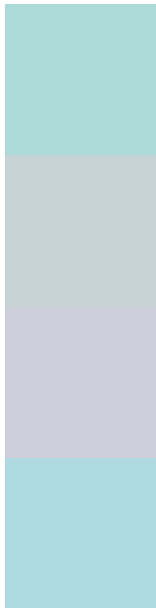
Protanopia
84, 2.165, 332.305

Deuteranopia
84, 11.779, 330.749



Tritanopia
84, 15.724, 233.605

Trichromacy



Original Color
84, 15.368, 196.377

Protanomaly
84, 4.990, 205.240

Deuteranomaly
84, 5.890, 280.316

Tritanomaly
84, 14.852, 219.432

Monochromacy



Original Color
84, 15.368, 196.377

Achromatopsia
82, 0.010, 296.813

Achromatomaly
83, 5.694, 199.087

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 84, 15.368, 196.377 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(173, 218, 217)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(173, 218, 217)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(173, 218, 217) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(173, 218, 217) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 84, 15.368, 196.377 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(173, 218, 217) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(173, 218, 217) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(173, 218, 217) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(173, 218, 217); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(173, 218, 217);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(173, 218,  
217) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 84, 15.368, 196.377 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(173, 218, 217) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(173,  
218, 217) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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