

Converting Colors

CIELCh(84, 17.347, 358.163)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(84, 17.347, 358.163)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(84, 17.631, 358.102)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F2C6D3
RGB	242, 198, 211
RGB Percent	95%, 78%, 83%
CMY	0.0504, 0.2230, 0.1720
CMYK	0.00, 0.18, 0.13, 0.05
HSL	342°, 63%, 86%
HSV	342°, 18%, 95%
XYZ	68.6702, 64.0658, 70.4679
YIQ	212.6380, 22.0510, 13.3710

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

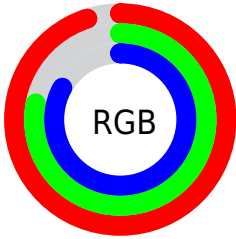
Format	Color
R_{YB}	242, 198, 211
Decimal	15910611
CIE Lab	84.00, 17.62, -0.58
CIE LCh	84, 17.631, 358.102
Yxy	64.0658, 0.3379, 0.3153
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294100691 (0xFFFF2C6D3)
YUV	212.6380, -0.8075, 25.7505
Hunter-Lab	80.0411, 13.0698, 3.8301

Details

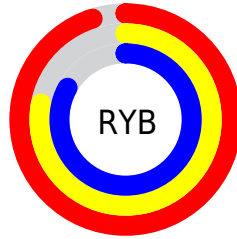
The CIELCh color **84, 17.631, 358.102** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **92, 16.707, 174.576**, and the grayscale version is **85, 0.010, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 0.012, 296.813**, and **64, 17.556, 357.034** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **78, 27.799, 359.380**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **90, 7.769, 356.988**.

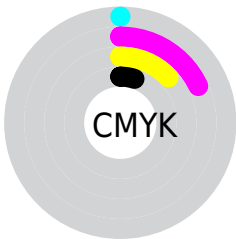
Distribution



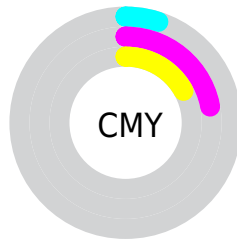
- Red (95%)
- Green (78%)
- Blue (83%)



- Red (95%)
- Yellow (78%)
- Blue (83%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (18%)
- Yellow (13%)
- Black (5%)





- Cyan (5%)
- Magenta (22%)
- Yellow (17%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 84, 17.631, 358.102 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 84, 17.631, 358.102 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 84, 17.631,
358.102


 84, 17.631,
358.102


 100, 17.631,
358.102


 74, 17.631,
358.102

 64, 17.631,
358.102

 54, 17.631,
358.102

 44, 17.631,
358.102

 34, 17.631,
358.102

 24, 17.631,
358.102

 14, 17.631,

358.102

■ 4, 17.631, 358.102

■ 0, 17.631, 358.102

■ 84, 17.631,
358.102

■ 84, 17.631,
358.102

■ 78, 27.799,
359.380

■ 90, 7.769, 356.988

■ 72, 38.118, 0.890

■ 97, 1.693, 176.448

■ 67, 48.315, 2.728

■ 99, 4.432, 199.274

■ 62, 58.007, 5.013

■ 58, 66.727, 7.900

■ 55, 74.048, 11.566

■ 52, 79.780, 16.152

■ 51, 84.213, 21.593

■ 51, 85.021, 22.595

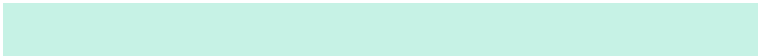
Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



84, 17.631, 358.102



92, 16.707, 174.576

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



84, 17.631, 358.102



84, 17.631, 48.102



84, 17.631, 178.102



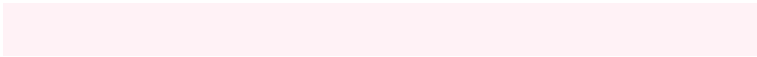
84, 17.631, 228.102

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



84, 17.628, 358.107



97, 4.925, 356.632



84, 25.679, 316.503



51, 3.365, 356.715



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



84, 17.628, 358.107



85, 22.415, 358.578



86, 14.148, 39.167



47, 5.373, 357.129



39, 68.656, 21.499



8, 28.786, 10.575

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



84, 17.628, 358.107



85, 22.415, 358.578



90, 12.552, 220.169



47, 5.373, 357.129



39, 68.656, 21.499



8, 28.786, 10.575

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 84, 17.631, 358.102 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

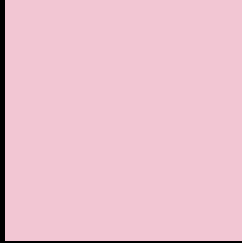
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 84, 17.631, 358.102 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

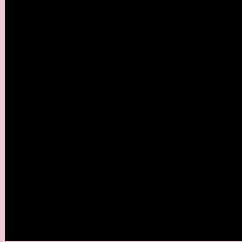
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 84, 17.631, 358.102

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 84, 17.631, 358.102.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 84, 17.631, 358.102.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
84, 17.631, 358.102

Protanopia
84, 4.294, 300.132

Deuteranopia
84, 10.608, 359.939



Tritanopia
84, 18.013, 354.984

Trichromacy



Original Color
84, 17.631, 358.102

Protanomaly
84, 8.147, 339.720

Deuteranomaly
84, 13.067, 359.237

Tritanomaly
84, 17.815, 356.526

Monochromacy



Original Color
84, 17.631, 358.102

Achromatopsia
85, 0.010, 296.813

Achromatomaly
85, 6.226, 0.104

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 84, 17.631, 358.102 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(242, 198, 211)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(242, 198, 211)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(242, 198, 211) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(242, 198, 211) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 84, 17.631, 358.102 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(242, 198, 211) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(242, 198, 211) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(242, 198, 211)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(242, 198, 211); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(242, 198, 211);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(242, 198,  
211) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 84, 17.631, 358.102 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(242, 198, 211) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(242,  
198, 211) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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