

Converting Colors

CIECh(84, 18.181, 299.286)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(84, 18.181, 299.286)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(84, 18.169, 299.266)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D4CDEF
RGB	212, 205, 239
RGB Percent	83%, 80%, 94%
CMY	0.1676, 0.1951, 0.0617
CMYK	0.11, 0.14, 0.00, 0.06
HSL	252°, 52%, 87%
HSV	252°, 14%, 94%
XYZ	64.7351, 64.0658, 90.8176
YIQ	210.9690, -6.7420, 12.0580

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

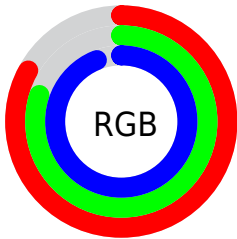
Format	Color
R _Y B	212, 205, 239
Decimal	13946351
CIE Lab	84.00, 8.88, -15.85
CIE LCh	84, 18.169, 299.266
Yxy	64.0658, 0.2948, 0.2917
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292136431 (0xFFD4CDEF)
YUV	210.9690, 13.8193, 0.9042
Hunter-Lab	80.0411, 4.2941, -11.2438

Details

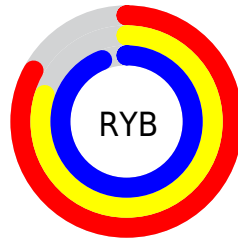
The CIELCh color **84, 18.169, 299.266** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCFF**. A complement of this color would be **93, 17.626, 117.257**, and the grayscale version is **85, 0.010, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 0.012, 296.813**, and **64, 18.051, 298.852** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **77, 31.548, 300.139**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **91, 5.290, 298.503**.

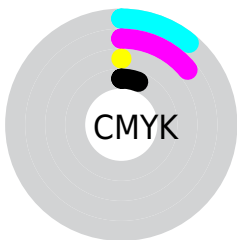
Distribution



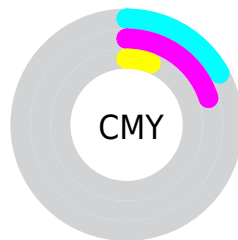
- Red (83%)
- Green (80%)
- Blue (94%)



- Red (83%)
- Yellow (80%)
- Blue (94%)



- Cyan (11%)
- Magenta (14%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (6%)



- Cyan (17%)
- Magenta (20%)
- Yellow (6%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 84, 18.169, 299.266 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 84, 18.169, 299.266 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 84, 18.169,
299.266

 84, 18.169,
299.266

 100, 18.169,
299.266

 74, 18.169,
299.266

 64, 18.169,
299.266

 54, 18.169,
299.266

 44, 18.169,
299.266

 34, 18.169,
299.266

 24, 18.169,
299.266

 14, 18.169,

299.266

■ 4, 18.169, 299.266

■ 0, 18.169, 299.266

■ 84, 18.169,
299.266

■ 84, 18.169,
299.266

■ 77, 31.548,
300.139

■ 91, 5.290, 298.503

■ 69, 45.433,
301.137

■ 99, 7.105, 117.854

■ 62, 59.779,
302.257

■ 100, 7.966,
109.572

■ 55, 74.439,
303.474

■ 48, 89.057,

304.728

■ 42, 102.896,
305.897

■ 37, 114.676,
306.789

■ 33, 122.750,
307.174

■ 32, 125.708,
307.199

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



84, 18.169, 299.266



93, 17.626, 117.257

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



84, 18.169, 299.266



84, 18.169, 349.266



84, 18.169, 119.266



84, 18.169, 169.266

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



84, 18.167, 299.264



97, 5.288, 298.489



90, 9.834, 219.998



51, 3.762, 298.543



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



84, 18.167, 299.264



87, 23.006, 299.501



85, 19.815, 316.327



46, 7.210, 298.890



23, 102.902, 307.311



3, 38.412, 303.528

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



86, 18.688, 331.616



89, 23.570, 331.805



92, 19.596, 135.112



47, 7.461, 331.300



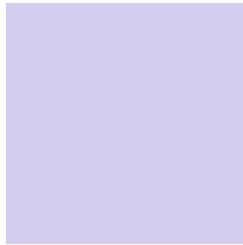
42, 76.995, 338.508



9, 34.337, 336.798

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 84, 18.169, 299.266 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

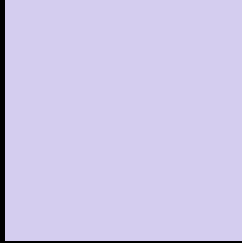
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 84, 18.169, 299.266 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

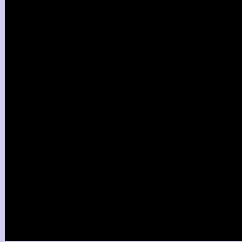
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

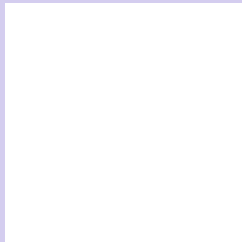
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 84, 18.169, 299.266

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 84, 18.169, 299.266.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 84, 18.169, 299.266.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

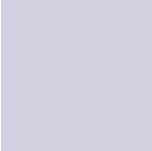
84, 18.169, 299.266

Protanopia

84, 17.435, 287.224

Deuteranopia

84, 19.016, 304.241



Tritanopia
84, 8.487, 295.664

Trichromacy



Original Color
84, 18.169, 299.266

Protanomaly
84, 17.422, 291.662

Deuteranomaly
84, 18.943, 303.220

Tritanomaly
84, 12.247, 297.741

Monochromacy



Original Color
84, 18.169, 299.266

Achromatopsia
85, 0.010, 296.813

Achromatomaly
84, 6.382, 297.106

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 84, 18.169, 299.266 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(212, 205, 239)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(212, 205, 239)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(212, 205, 239) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(212, 205, 239) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 84, 18.169, 299.266 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

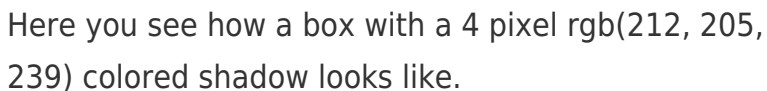
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(212, 205, 239) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(212, 205, 239) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(212, 205, 239)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(212, 205, 239); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(212, 205, 239); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(212, 205, 239) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 84, 18.169, 299.266 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(212, 205, 239) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(212,  
205, 239) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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