

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(84, 2.827, 92.584)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(84, 2.827, 92.584) contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(84, 2.833, 87.079)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D4D1CC
RGB	212, 209, 204
RGB Percent	83%, 82%, 80%
CMY	0.1680, 0.1798, 0.1994
CMYK	0.00, 0.01, 0.04, 0.17
HSL	38°, 9%, 82%
HSV	38°, 4%, 83%
XYZ	60.9538, 64.0658, 66.3786
YIQ	209.3270, 3.3930, -0.9190

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

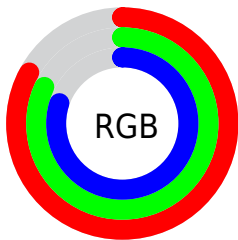
Format	Color
RYB	209, 212, 204
Decimal	13947340
CIELab	84.00, 0.14, 2.83
CIELCh	84, 2.833, 87.079
Yxy	64.0658, 0.3185, 0.3347
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292137420 (0xFFD4D1CC)
YUV	209.3270, -2.6262, 2.3442
Hunter-Lab	80.0411, -4.1386, 6.8592

# Details

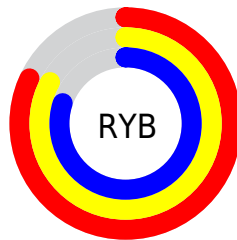
The CIELCh color **84, 2.833, 87.079** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **83, 2.844, 268.266**, and the grayscale version is **84, 0.010, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 0.012, 296.813**, and **64, 2.873, 94.165** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **81, 10.512, 85.917**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **87, 4.644, 268.511**.

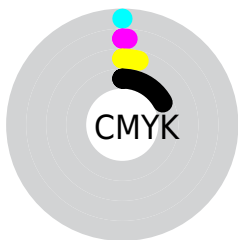
# Distribution



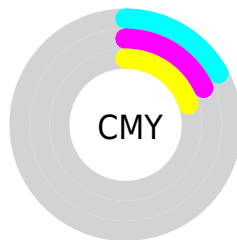
- Red (83%)
- Green (82%)
- Blue (80%)



- Red (82%)
- Yellow (83%)
- Blue (80%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (1%)
- Yellow (4%)
- Black (17%)



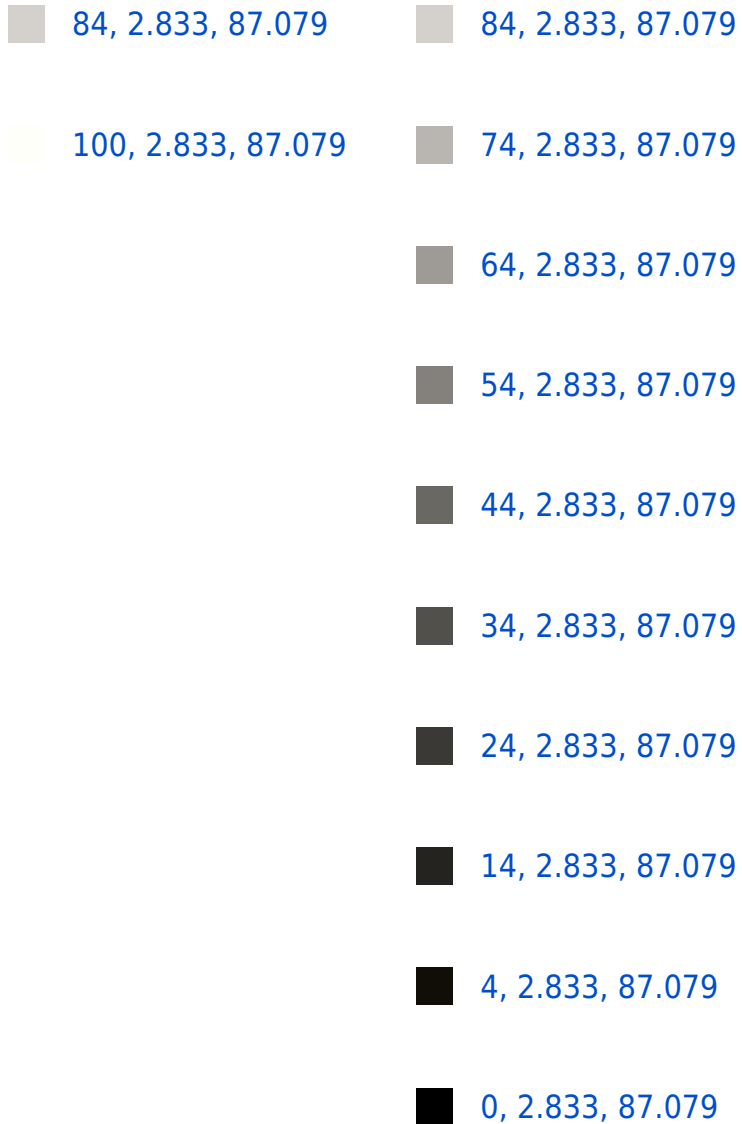
- Cyan (17%)
- Magenta (18%)
- Yellow (20%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 84, 2.833, 87.079 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 84, 2.833, 87.079 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





84, 2.833, 87.079

84, 2.833, 87.079

81, 10.512, 85.917

87, 4.644, 268.511

79, 18.395, 84.610

89, 11.935,  
269.655

77, 26.473, 83.258

91, 13.181,  
259.279

74, 34.707, 81.864

72, 43.004, 80.424

94, 11.870,  
236.698

70, 51.174, 78.915

96, 12.581,  
213.192

67, 58.850, 77.282

65, 65.403, 75.408

97, 14.317,  
198.551

63, 69.968, 73.090

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



84, 2.833, 87.079



83, 2.844, 268.266

# Rectangle

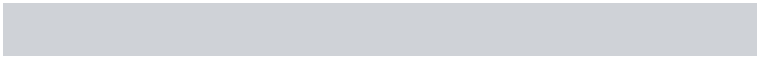
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



84, 2.833, 87.079



84, 2.833, 137.079



84, 2.833, 267.079



84, 2.833, 317.079

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



84, 2.834, 87.121



100, 0.862, 87.187



83, 3.356, 350.648



53, 0.490, 87.174



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

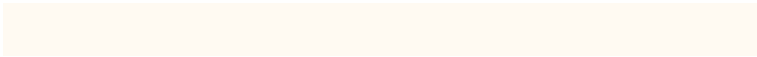


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



84, 2.834, 87.121



99, 4.374, 86.985



85, 4.209, 114.461



44, 2.588, 86.917



51, 61.152, 71.965



11, 17.685, 74.081



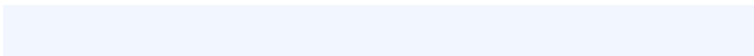


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



83, 2.844, 268.266



97, 4.377, 268.410



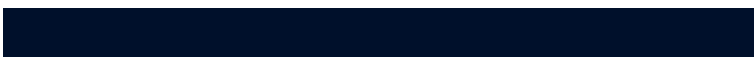
82, 4.261, 295.064



44, 2.588, 268.483



31, 67.274, 293.898

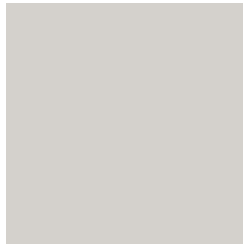


5, 20.254, 282.162



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 84, 2.833, 87.079 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 84, 2.833, 87.079 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

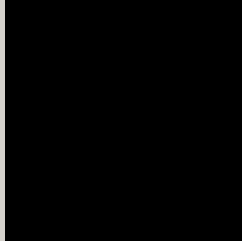
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

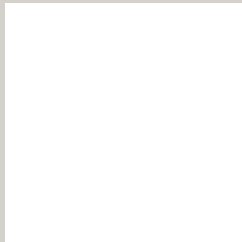
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 84, 2.833, 87.079

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 84, 2.833, 87.079.

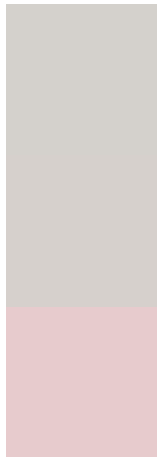


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 84, 2.833, 87.079.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color


84, 2.833, 87.079

### Protanopia

84, 3.029, 63.268

### Deuteranopia

84, 10.460, 14.417



**Tritanopia**  
84, 9.572, 310.405



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
84, 2.833, 87.079

**Protanomaly**  
84, 2.774, 68.544

**Deuteranomaly**  
84, 7.026, 19.856

**Tritanomaly**  
84, 5.407, 318.283

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
84, 2.833, 87.079

**Achromatopsia**  
84, 0.010, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
84, 1.101, 90.724

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIElCh 84, 2.833, 87.079 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(212, 209, 204)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(212, 209, 204)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(212, 209, 204) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(212, 209, 204) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 84, 2.833, 87.079 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(212, 209, 204) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(212, 209, 204) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(212, 209, 204)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(212, 209, 204); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(212, 209, 204);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(212, 209,  
204) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 84, 2.833, 87.079 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(212, 209, 204) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(212,  
209, 204) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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