

Converting Colors

CIELCh(84, 20.477, 211.877)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(84, 20.477, 211.877)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(84, 20.478, 211.601)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9EDCE5
RGB	158, 220, 229
RGB Percent	62%, 86%, 90%
CMY	0.3806, 0.1375, 0.1022
CMYK	0.31, 0.04, 0.00, 0.10
HSL	188°, 58%, 76%
HSV	188°, 31%, 90%
XYZ	53.7957, 64.0658, 83.6085
YIQ	202.4880, -39.8410, -10.3450

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

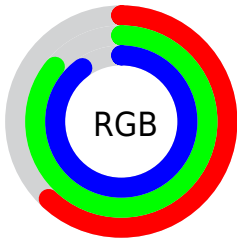
Format	Color
RYB	158, 191, 229
Decimal	10411237
CIELab	84.00, -17.44, -10.73
CIELCh	84, 20.478, 211.601
Yxy	64.0658, 0.2670, 0.3180
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288601317 (0xFF9EDCE5)
YUV	202.4880, 13.0704, -39.0160
Hunter-Lab	80.0411, -20.1018, -5.9037

Details

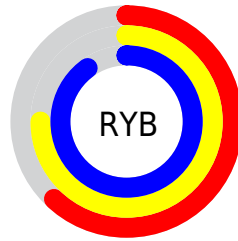
The CIELCh color **84, 20.478, 211.601** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CCCC**. A complement of this color would be **74, 25.592, 32.282**, and the grayscale version is **81, 0.010, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **97, 13.731, 198.590**, and **64, 20.449, 212.129** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **82, 25.906, 211.962**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **86, 14.396, 211.409**.

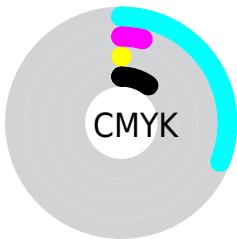
Distribution



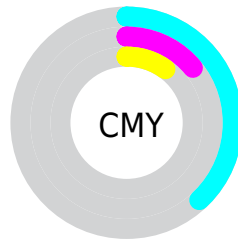
- Red (62%)
- Green (86%)
- Blue (90%)



- Red (62%)
- Yellow (75%)
- Blue (90%)



- Cyan (31%)
- Magenta (4%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (10%)





- Cyan (38%)
- Magenta (14%)
- Yellow (10%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 84, 20.478, 211.601 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 84, 20.478, 211.601 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 84, 20.478,
211.601

 84, 20.478,
211.601


 100, 20.478,
211.601


 74, 20.478,
211.601

 64, 20.478,
211.601

 54, 20.478,
211.601

 44, 20.478,
211.601

 34, 20.478,
211.601

 24, 20.478,
211.601

 14, 20.478,

211.601

■ 4, 20.478, 211.601

■ 0, 20.478, 211.601

■ 84, 20.478,
211.601

■ 84, 20.478,
211.601

■ 82, 25.906,
211.962

■ 86, 14.396,
211.409

■ 80, 30.563,
212.541

■ 88, 7.777, 211.382

■ 79, 34.351,
213.382

■ 91, 0.733, 212.183

■ 77, 37.202,
214.534

■ 93, 6.636, 31.378

■ 76, 39.103,

■ 94, 7.981, 40.474

■ 95, 7.716, 53.524

216.055

96, 7.870, 66.740

75, 40.110,
217.992

96, 8.416, 78.809

74, 40.440,
220.065

97, 9.285, 88.985

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



84, 20.478, 211.601



74, 25.592, 32.282

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



84, 20.478, 211.601



84, 20.478, 261.601



84, 20.478, 31.601



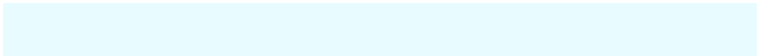
84, 20.478, 81.601

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



84, 20.478, 211.597



98, 6.974, 211.399



85, 41.852, 145.493



52, 4.827, 211.385



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



84, 20.478, 211.597



91, 25.965, 211.800



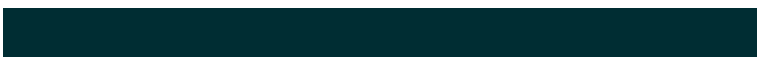
75, 24.899, 271.889



47, 4.036, 211.394



59, 33.603, 219.631



16, 14.260, 215.597

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



74, 41.614, 329.955



78, 53.944, 330.337



82, 25.600, 82.838



45, 7.613, 328.630



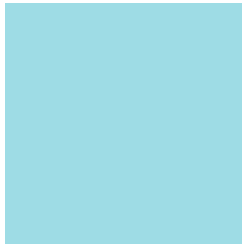
41, 80.090, 334.001



8, 34.123, 333.006

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 84, 20.478, 211.601 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

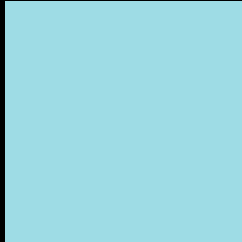
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 84, 20.478, 211.601 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

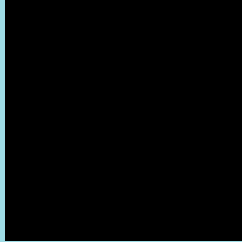
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 84, 20.478, 211.601

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 84, 20.478, 211.601.

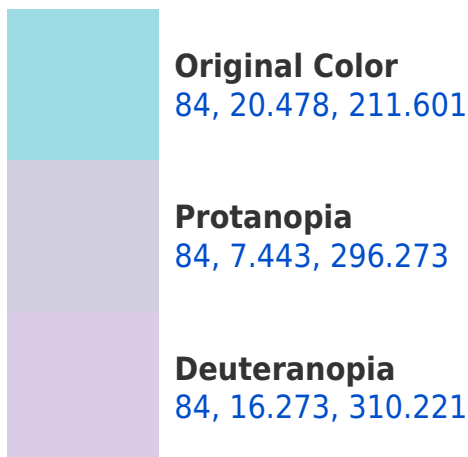



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 84, 20.478, 211.601.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
84, 20.584, 224.264

Trichromacy



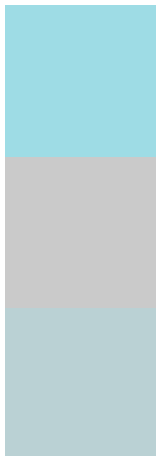
Original Color
84, 20.478, 211.601

Protanomaly
84, 9.737, 239.742

Deuteranomaly
83, 12.331, 270.096

Tritanomaly
84, 20.400, 219.576

Monochromacy



Original Color
84, 20.478, 211.601

Achromatopsia
81, 0.010, 296.813

Achromatomaly
82, 8.184, 210.130

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 84, 20.478, 211.601 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(158, 220, 229)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(158, 220, 229)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(158, 220, 229) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(158, 220, 229) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 84, 20.478, 211.601 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

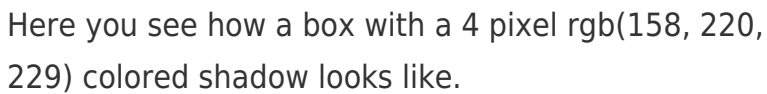
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(158, 220, 229) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(158, 220, 229) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(158, 220, 229)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(158, 220, 229); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(158, 220, 229); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(158, 220, 229) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 84, 20.478, 211.601 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(158, 220, 229) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(158,  
220, 229) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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