

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(84, 23.837, 23.799)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(84, 23.837, 23.799) contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(84, 23.530, 23.768)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFC3C1
RGB	255, 195, 193
RGB Percent	100%, 76%, 76%
CMY	0.0000, 0.2368, 0.2447
CMYK	0.00, 0.24, 0.24, 0.00
HSL	2°, 100%, 88%
HSV	2°, 24%, 100%
XYZ	70.4826, 64.0658, 58.8676
YIQ	212.7120, 36.4020, 12.0980

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

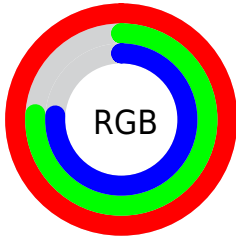
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	255, 195, 193
Decimal	16761793
CIE Lab	84.00, 21.53, 9.48
CIE LCh	84, 23.530, 23.768
Yxy	64.0658, 0.3644, 0.3312
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294951873 (0xFFFFC3C1)
YUV	212.7120, -9.7180, 37.0866
Hunter-Lab	80.0411, 17.1117, 12.4229

# Details

The CIELCh color **84, 23.530, 23.768** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **95, 19.668, 201.237**, and the grayscale version is **85, 0.010, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **99, 1.836, 74.893**, and **64, 22.983, 23.062** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **78, 34.087, 24.859**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **90, 13.219, 22.957**.

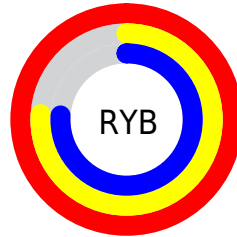
# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (76%)

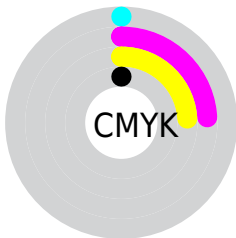
Blue (76%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (76%)

Blue (76%)

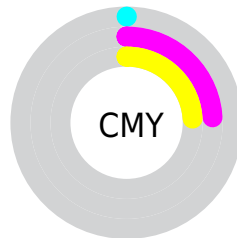


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (24%)

Yellow (24%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (24%)

Yellow (24%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 84, 23.530, 23.768 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 84, 23.530, 23.768 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 84, 23.530, 23.768

 84, 23.530, 23.768

 100, 23.530,  
23.768

 74, 23.530, 23.768

 64, 23.530, 23.768

 54, 23.530, 23.768

 44, 23.530, 23.768

 34, 23.530, 23.768

 24, 23.530, 23.768

 14, 23.530, 23.768

 4, 23.530, 23.768

 0, 23.530, 23.768

84, 23.530, 23.768

84, 23.530, 23.768

78, 34.087, 24.859

90, 13.219, 22.957

72, 45.585, 26.282

97, 3.922, 22.233

67, 57.601, 28.148

100, 0.012,  
296.813

62, 69.844, 30.543

58, 81.869, 33.463

55, 92.905, 36.642

54, 101.266,  
39.234

53, 104.191,  
40.226

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



84, 23.530, 23.768



95, 19.668, 201.237

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



84, 23.530, 23.768



84, 23.530, 73.768



84, 23.530, 203.768



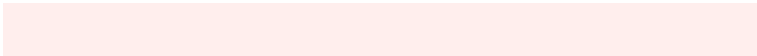
84, 23.530, 253.768

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



84, 23.275, 23.782



95, 6.203, 22.433



85, 38.698, 326.240



50, 4.041, 22.476



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



84, 23.275, 23.782



81, 28.080, 24.233



91, 20.373, 74.083



50, 5.090, 22.608



40, 83.786, 40.324



10, 32.712, 28.747





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



95, 19.668, 201.237



95, 22.912, 201.094



88, 19.189, 260.941



52, 4.787, 201.843



68, 38.609, 201.599



23, 17.852, 200.945



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 84, 23.530, 23.768 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

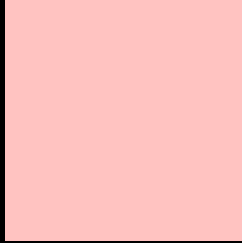
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 84, 23.530, 23.768 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

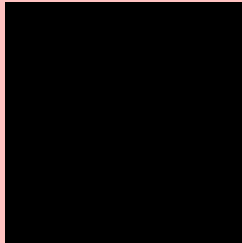
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**CIELCh 84, 23.530, 23.768**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 84, 23.530, 23.768.

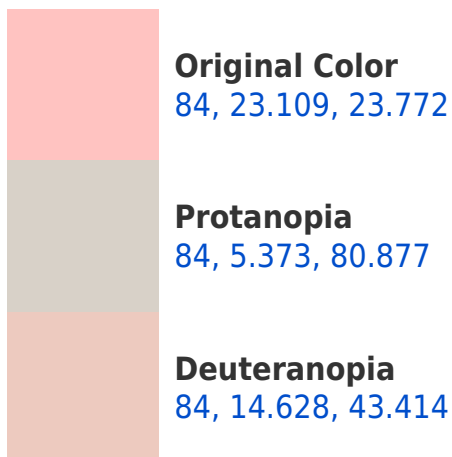


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 84, 23.530, 23.768.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy





**Tritanopia**  
84, 24.273, 3.912



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
84, 23.109, 23.772

**Protanomaly**  
84, 10.472, 40.513

**Deuteranomaly**  
84, 17.682, 32.564

**Tritanomaly**  
84, 23.388, 11.051

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
84, 23.109, 23.772

**Achromatopsia**  
85, 0.010, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
85, 8.176, 23.615

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 84, 23.530, 23.768 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 195, 193)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 195, 193)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 195, 193) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 195, 193) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 84, 23.530, 23.768 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 195, 193) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 195, 193) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 195, 193)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 195, 193); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 195, 193);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 195,  
193) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 84, 23.530, 23.768 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 195, 193) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
195, 193) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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