

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(84, 25.028, 90.061)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(84, 25.028, 90.061) contains.

<b>CIELCh(84, 24.779, 90.368)</b> .....	3
<i><b>Conversions</b></i> .....	4
<i><b>Details</b></i> .....	6
<i><b>Harmonies</b></i> .....	11
<i><b>Previews</b></i> .....	20
<i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i> .....	23
<i><b>CSS Examples</b></i> .....	26

# Color

**CIELCh(84, 24.779, 90.368)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E3D0A3
RGB	227, 208, 163
RGB Percent	89%, 82%, 64%
CMY	0.1099, 0.1844, 0.3609
CMYK	0.00, 0.08, 0.28, 0.11
HSL	42°, 53%, 76%
HSV	42°, 28%, 89%
XYZ	60.8252, 64.0658, 43.7966
YIQ	208.5510, 25.7690, -9.9670

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

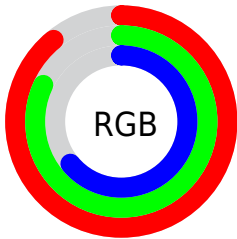
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	190, 227, 163
Decimal	14930083
CIE Lab	84.00, -0.16, 24.78
CIE LCh	84, 24.779, 90.368
Yxy	64.0658, 0.3606, 0.3798
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293120163 (0xFFE3D0A3)
YUV	208.5510, -22.4566, 16.1798
Hunter-Lab	80.0411, -4.4254, 23.5866

# Details

The CIELCh color **84, 24.779, 90.368** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCC99**. A complement of this color would be **74, 24.927, 278.161**, and the grayscale version is **84, 0.010, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **99, 18.707, 108.762**, and **64, 24.885, 90.568** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **82, 33.782, 89.040**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **86, 15.865, 91.667**.

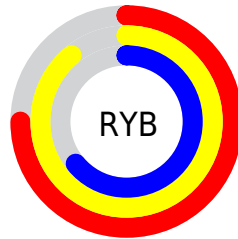
# Distribution



Red (89%)

Green (82%)

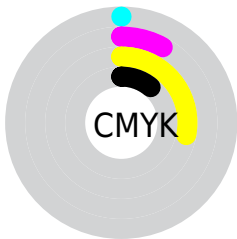
Blue (64%)



Red (75%)

Yellow (89%)

Blue (64%)

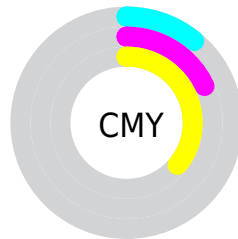


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (8%)

Yellow (28%)

Black (11%)



Cyan (11%)

Magenta (18%)

Yellow (36%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 84, 24.779, 90.368 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 84, 24.779, 90.368 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 84, 24.779, 90.368

 84, 24.779, 90.368

 100, 24.779,  
90.368

 74, 24.779, 90.368

 64, 24.779, 90.368

 54, 24.779, 90.368

 44, 24.779, 90.368

 34, 24.779, 90.368

 24, 24.779, 90.368

 14, 24.779, 90.368

 4, 24.779, 90.368

 0, 24.779, 90.368

84, 24.779, 90.368

84, 24.779, 90.368

82, 33.782, 89.040

86, 15.865, 91.667

80, 42.779, 87.667

88, 7.080, 92.906

78, 51.591, 86.248

91, 1.557, 274.305

76, 59.894, 84.762

93, 10.042,  
275.339

74, 67.141, 83.154

95, 8.391, 254.264

72, 72.538, 81.319

96, 7.956, 224.294

71, 75.433, 79.121

98, 9.524, 198.873

70, 75.849, 78.712

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



84, 24.779, 90.368



74, 24.927, 278.161

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



84, 24.779, 90.368



84, 24.779, 140.368



84, 24.779, 270.368



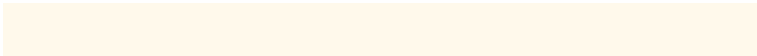
84, 24.779, 320.368

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



84, 24.780, 90.374



98, 7.594, 92.923



73, 26.444, 359.043



52, 5.405, 92.741



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



84, 24.780, 90.374



92, 32.975, 89.575



88, 33.291, 116.055



47, 4.957, 92.754



56, 63.427, 79.151



15, 22.625, 82.110





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



74, 24.927, 278.161



79, 33.246, 279.326



70, 35.449, 300.316



45, 4.974, 275.180



29, 78.935, 298.426



5, 26.556, 289.342



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 84, 24.779, 90.368 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

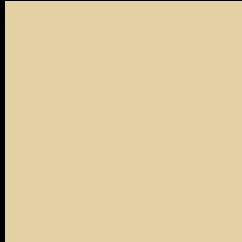
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 84, 24.779, 90.368 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

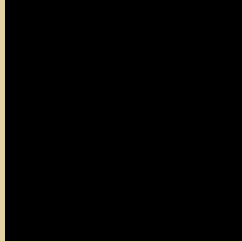
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 84, 24.779, 90.368

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 84, 24.779, 90.368.

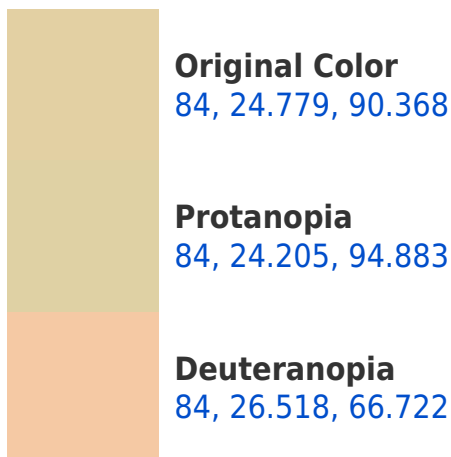


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 84, 24.779, 90.368.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy

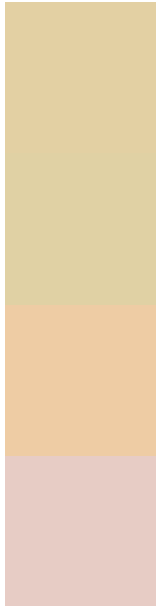




**Tritanopia**  
84, 14.112, 346.552



# Trichromacy



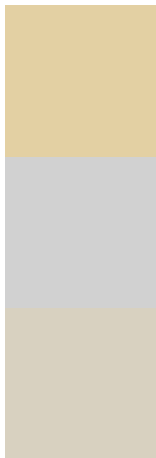
**Original Color**  
84, 24.779, 90.368

**Protanomaly**  
84, 24.302, 93.969

**Deuteranomaly**  
84, 25.166, 75.644

**Tritanomaly**  
84, 10.834, 39.823

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
84, 24.779, 90.368

**Achromatopsia**  
84, 0.010, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
84, 9.294, 92.939

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 84, 24.779, 90.368 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(227, 208, 163)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(227, 208, 163)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(227, 208, 163) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(227, 208, 163) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 84, 24.779, 90.368 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(227, 208, 163) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(227, 208, 163) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(227, 208, 163)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(227, 208, 163); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(227, 208, 163); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(227, 208, 163) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 84, 24.779, 90.368 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(227, 208, 163) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(227,  
208, 163) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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