

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(84, 41.339, 131.838)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(84, 41.339, 131.838)  
contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(84, 41.169, 131.808)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B1DE96
RGB	177, 222, 150
RGB Percent	69%, 87%, 59%
CMY	0.3043, 0.1278, 0.4103
CMYK	0.20, 0.00, 0.32, 0.13
HSL	97°, 52%, 73%
HSV	97°, 32%, 87%
XYZ	49.9860, 64.0658, 38.7462
YIQ	200.3370, -3.7080, -31.9320

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

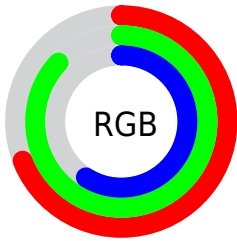
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	150, 222, 195
Decimal	11656854
CIELab	84.00, -27.44, 30.69
CIELCh	84, 41.169, 131.808
Yxy	64.0658, 0.3271, 0.4193
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289846934 (0xFFB1DE96)
YUV	200.3370, -24.8161, -20.4665
Hunter-Lab	80.0411, -28.5978, 27.3277

# Details

The CIELCh color **84, 41.169, 131.808** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CC99**. A complement of this color would be **69, 42.515, 314.729**, and the grayscale version is **81, 0.010, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **97, 26.510, 125.260**, and **64, 41.573, 131.798** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **83, 53.564, 131.300**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **85, 28.509, 132.313**.

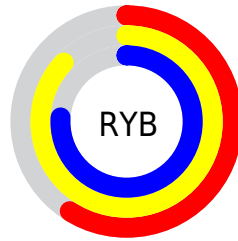
# Distribution



Red (69%)

Green (87%)

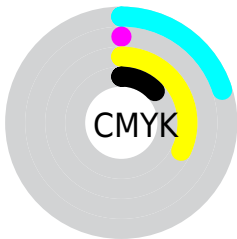
Blue (59%)



Red (59%)

Yellow (87%)

Blue (76%)

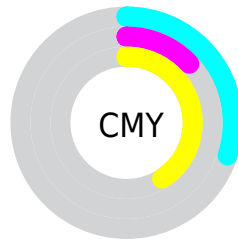


Cyan (20%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (32%)

Black (13%)



Cyan (30%)

Magenta (13%)

Yellow (41%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 84, 41.169, 131.808 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 84, 41.169, 131.808 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 84, 41.169,  
131.808

 84, 41.169,  
131.808


 100, 41.169,  
131.808

 74, 41.169,  
131.808

 64, 41.169,  
131.808

 54, 41.169,  
131.808

 44, 41.169,  
131.808

 34, 41.169,  
131.808

 24, 41.169,  
131.808

 14, 41.169,

131.808

■ 4, 41.169, 131.808

■ 0, 41.169, 131.808

■ 84, 41.169,  
131.808

■ 84, 41.169,  
131.808

■ 83, 53.564,  
131.300

■ 85, 28.509,  
132.313

■ 82, 65.445,  
130.826

■ 87, 15.750,  
132.791

■ 81, 76.473,  
130.453

■ 88, 3.014, 133.271

■ 80, 86.187,  
130.284

■ 90, 9.612, 313.586

■ 91, 18.987,  
317.875

■ 79, 94.038,

130.446

92, 20.393,  
325.134

79, 99.556,  
131.056

79, 102.345,  
131.756

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



84, 41.169, 131.808



69, 42.515, 314.729

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



84, 41.169, 131.808



84, 41.169, 181.808



84, 41.169, 311.808



84, 41.169, 1.808

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



84, 41.171, 131.809



98, 14.197, 132.897



80, 26.161, 82.657



52, 9.691, 132.832



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



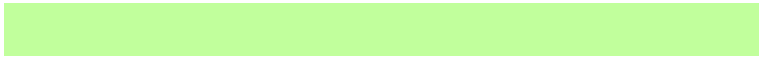


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



84, 41.171, 131.809



94, 55.197, 131.456



83, 42.671, 145.368



46, 7.266, 132.926



63, 85.687, 131.528



17, 32.018, 131.880



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



69, 42.515, 314.729



73, 57.407, 315.039



71, 42.713, 329.703



44, 7.340, 313.691



31, 91.969, 315.145



4, 34.356, 315.019



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 84, 41.169, 131.808 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

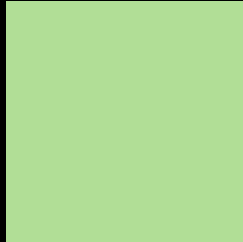
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 84, 41.169, 131.808 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**CIELCh 84, 41.169, 131.808**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 84, 41.169, 131.808.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 84, 41.169, 131.808.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy

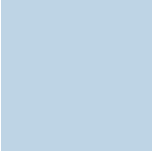


**Original Color**  
84, 41.169, 131.808

**Protanopia**  
84, 34.074, 95.532

**Deuteranopia**  
84, 30.741, 69.617



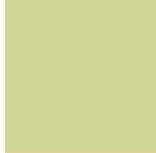


**Tritanopia**  
84, 11.520, 250.422

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
84, 41.169, 131.808



**Protanomaly**  
84, 34.815, 111.098



**Deuteranomaly**  
83, 29.306, 96.572

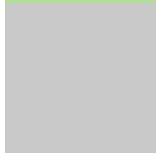


**Tritanomaly**  
84, 14.069, 161.607

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
84, 41.169, 131.808



**Achromatopsia**  
81, 0.010, 296.813



**Achromatomaly**  
82, 15.160, 133.733

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 84, 41.169, 131.808 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(177, 222, 150)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(177, 222, 150)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(177, 222, 150) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(177, 222, 150) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 84, 41.169, 131.808 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(177, 222, 150) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(177, 222, 150) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(177, 222, 150)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(177, 222, 150); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(177, 222, 150);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(177, 222,  
150) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 84, 41.169, 131.808 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(177, 222, 150) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(177,  
222, 150) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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