

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(84, 42.260, 96.549)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(84, 42.260, 96.549) contains.

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# **Color**

**CIELCh(84, 42.566, 96.396)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E4D281
RGB	228, 210, 129
RGB Percent	89%, 82%, 51%
CMY	0.1065, 0.1771, 0.4947
CMYK	0.00, 0.08, 0.43, 0.11
HSL	49°, 65%, 70%
HSV	49°, 43%, 89%
XYZ	58.9050, 64.0658, 29.9799
YIQ	206.1480, 36.7290, -21.3750

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

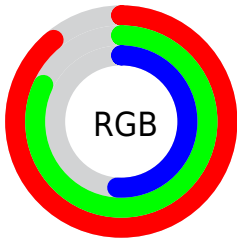
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">151, 228, 129</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">14996097</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">84.00, -4.74, 42.30</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">84, 42.566, 96.396</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">64.0658, 0.3851, 0.4189</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4293186177 (0xFFE4D281)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">206.1480, -38.0340, 19.1642</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">80.0411, -8.7077, 33.8214</a>

# Details

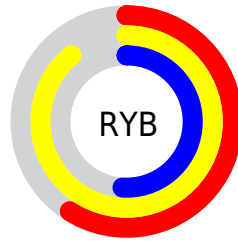
The CIELCh color **84, 42.566, 96.396** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCC66**. A complement of this color would be **63, 45.428, 288.313**, and the grayscale version is **83, 0.010, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **99, 36.170, 107.421**, and **64, 42.597, 96.492** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **83, 51.979, 95.184**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **85, 32.854, 97.606**.

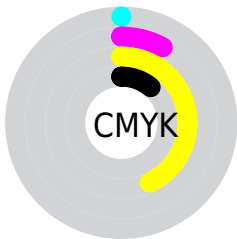
# Distribution



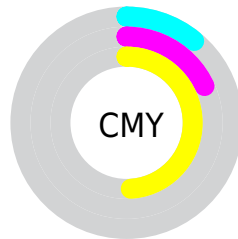
- Red (89%)
- Green (82%)
- Blue (51%)



- Red (59%)
- Yellow (89%)
- Blue (51%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (8%)
- Yellow (43%)
- Black (11%)



- Cyan (11%)
- Magenta (18%)
- Yellow (49%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 84, 42.566, 96.396 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 84, 42.566, 96.396 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 84, 42.566, 96.396

 84, 42.566, 96.396

 100, 42.566,  
96.396

 74, 42.566, 96.396

 64, 42.566, 96.396

 54, 42.566, 96.396

 44, 42.566, 96.396

 34, 42.566, 96.396

 24, 42.566, 96.396

 14, 42.566, 96.396

 4, 42.566, 96.396

 0, 42.566, 96.396

84, 42.566, 96.396

84, 42.566, 96.396

83, 51.979, 95.184

85, 32.854, 97.606

81, 60.786, 93.964

87, 23.018, 98.794

80, 68.505, 92.737

88, 13.166, 99.954

79, 74.466, 91.483

90, 3.353, 101.050

78, 77.966, 90.156

92, 6.388, 282.218

77, 79.059, 89.235

93, 10.694,  
278.444

94, 9.051, 266.471

95, 7.951, 250.363

96, 7.622, 231.220

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



84, 42.566, 96.396



63, 45.428, 288.313

# Rectangle

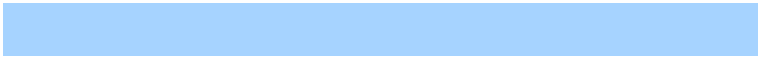
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



84, 42.566, 96.396



84, 42.566, 146.396



84, 42.566, 276.396



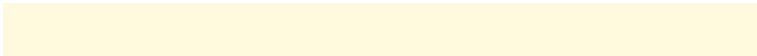
84, 42.566, 326.396

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



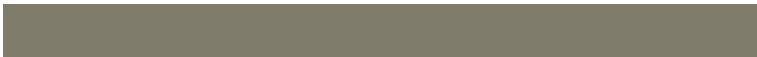
84, 42.567, 96.400



98, 13.947, 99.995



65, 40.668, 10.147



52, 9.767, 99.741



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



84, 42.567, 96.400



92, 55.476, 95.320



86, 51.726, 119.989



47, 5.586, 100.404



62, 65.963, 89.482



17, 24.825, 92.048





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



63, 45.428, 288.313



63, 60.519, 290.353



61, 56.670, 305.529



45, 5.658, 282.616



25, 91.091, 302.951

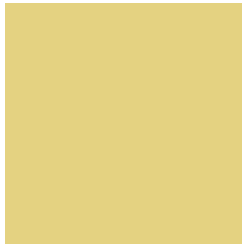


4, 29.470, 292.883



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 84, 42.566, 96.396 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

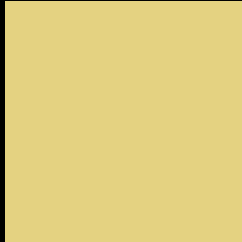
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 84, 42.566, 96.396 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**CIELCh 84, 42.566, 96.396**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 84, 42.566, 96.396.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 84, 42.566, 96.396.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

84, 42.566, 96.396

### Protanopia

84, 42.649, 95.845

### Deuteranopia

84, 42.880, 75.694



**Tritanopia**  
84, 16.269, 349.607



# Trichromacy



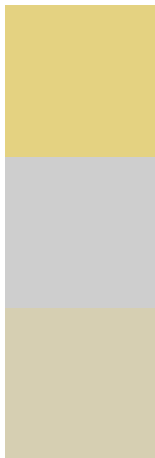
**Original Color**  
84, 42.566, 96.396

**Protanomaly**  
84, 42.649, 95.845

**Deuteranomaly**  
84, 42.285, 83.435

**Tritanomaly**  
84, 15.665, 59.405

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
84, 42.566, 96.396

**Achromatopsia**  
83, 0.010, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
83, 15.473, 98.807

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 84, 42.566, 96.396 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(228, 210, 129)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(228, 210, 129)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(228, 210, 129) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(228, 210, 129) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 84, 42.566, 96.396 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(228, 210, 129) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(228, 210, 129) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(228, 210, 129)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(228, 210, 129); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(228, 210, 129);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(228, 210,  
129) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 84, 42.566, 96.396 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(228, 210, 129) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(228,  
210, 129) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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