

Converting Colors

CIELCh(84, 45.404, 358.163)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(84, 45.404, 358.163)
contains.

CIELCh(80, 34.998, 347.690)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(80, 34.998, 347.690)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FEAFD5
RGB	254, 175, 213
RGB Percent	100%, 69%, 84%
CMY	0.0032, 0.3127, 0.1638
CMYK	0.00, 0.31, 0.16, 0.00
HSL	331°, 98%, 84%
HSV	331°, 31%, 100%
XYZ	68.3633, 56.6813, 70.4448
YIQ	202.9530, 34.8860, 28.5660

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

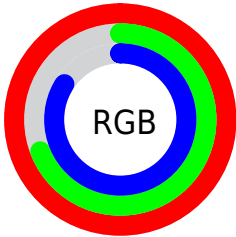
Format	Color
R_{YB}	254, 175, 213
Decimal	16691157
CIE _{Lab}	80.00, 34.19, -7.46
CIE _{LCh}	80, 34.998, 347.690
Yxy	56.6813, 0.3497, 0.2899
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294881237 (0xFFFEAFD5)
YUV	202.9530, 4.9532, 44.7682
Hunter-Lab	75.2870, 30.3322, -2.7758

Details

The CIELCh color **80, 34.998, 347.690** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF99CC**. A complement of this color would be **94, 33.543, 161.710**, and the grayscale version is **82, 0.010, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **94, 14.992, 324.942**, and **60, 35.166, 347.783** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **74, 46.221, 348.959**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **86, 23.582, 346.587**.

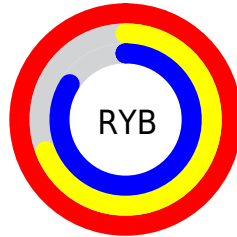
Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (69%)

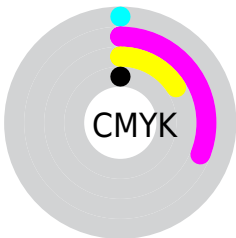
Blue (84%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (69%)

Blue (84%)

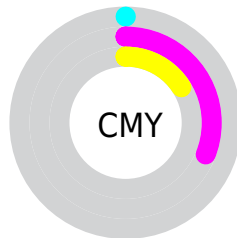


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (31%)

Yellow (16%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)


Magenta (31%)


Yellow (16%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 80, 34.998, 347.690 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 80, 34.998, 347.690 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 80, 34.998,
347.690


 80, 34.998,
347.690


 100, 34.998,
347.690


 70, 34.998,
347.690

 60, 34.998,
347.690

 50, 34.998,
347.690

 40, 34.998,
347.690


 30, 34.998,
347.690


 20, 34.998,
347.690


 10, 34.998,

347.690


 0, 34.998, 347.690


 80, 34.998,
347.690


 80, 34.998,
347.690

 74, 46.221,
348.959

 86, 23.582,
346.587

 69, 56.866,
350.452


 92, 12.248,
345.598

 64, 66.406,
352.255

 99, 1.159, 344.342

 60, 74.245,
354.490

100, 0.279,
201.762

 57, 79.862,
357.315

■ 56, 83.044, 0.902

■ 55, 84.272, 4.784

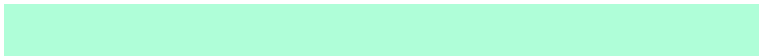
Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



80, 34.998, 347.690



94, 33.543, 161.710

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



80, 34.998, 347.690



80, 34.998, 37.690



80, 34.998, 167.690



80, 34.998, 217.690

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



80, 34.995, 347.692



94, 9.972, 345.403



78, 44.570, 311.151



49, 6.942, 345.541



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



80, 34.995, 347.692



77, 41.821, 348.423



79, 30.661, 23.292



50, 6.303, 345.451



41, 68.087, 3.922



10, 31.703, 358.031

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



80, 34.995, 347.692



77, 41.821, 348.423



95, 24.661, 199.479



50, 6.303, 345.451



41, 68.087, 3.922



10, 31.703, 358.031

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 80, 34.998, 347.690 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

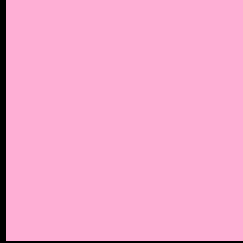
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 80, 34.998, 347.690 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 80, 34.998, 347.690

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 80, 34.998, 347.690.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 80, 34.998, 347.690.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


Dichromacy



Original Color
80, 35.025, 347.704

Protanopia
80, 16.003, 287.920

Deuteranopia
80, 11.653, 329.376



Tritanopia
80, 28.692, 7.105

Trichromacy



Original Color
80, 35.025, 347.704



Protanomaly
80, 20.126, 320.011



Deuteranomaly
80, 19.689, 340.738

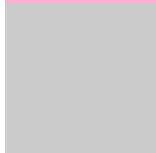


Tritanomaly
80, 30.356, 359.741

Monochromacy



Original Color
80, 35.025, 347.704



Achromatopsia
82, 0.010, 296.813



Achromatomaly
81, 13.012, 345.689

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 80, 34.998, 347.690 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(254, 175, 213)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(254, 175, 213)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(254, 175, 213) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(254, 175, 213) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 80, 34.998, 347.690 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(254, 175, 213) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(254, 175, 213) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(254, 175, 213)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(254, 175, 213); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(254, 175, 213);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(254, 175,  
213) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 80, 34.998, 347.690 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(254, 175, 213) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(254,  
175, 213) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor