

Converting Colors

CIELCh(84, 48.966, 106.661)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(84, 48.966, 106.661)
contains.

CIELCh(84, 49.012, 106.877)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(84, 49.012, 106.877)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D5D777
RGB	213, 215, 119
RGB Percent	84%, 84%, 47%
CMY	0.1648, 0.1569, 0.5334
CMYK	0.01, 0.00, 0.45, 0.16
HSL	61°, 55%, 65%
HSV	61°, 45%, 84%
XYZ	55.0590, 64.0658, 26.9112
YIQ	203.4580, 29.6240, -30.2800

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

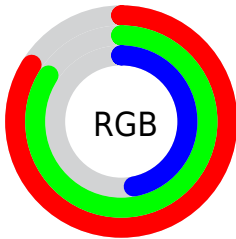
Format	Color
RYB	119, 215, 121
Decimal	14014327
CIELab	84.00, -14.23, 46.90
CIELCh	84, 49.012, 106.877
Yxy	64.0658, 0.3770, 0.4387
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292204407 (0xFFD5D777)
YUV	203.4580, -41.6378, 8.3683
Hunter-Lab	80.0411, -17.2846, 36.0944

Details

The CIELCh color $84, 49.012, 106.877$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCC66`. A complement of this color would be $54, 55.226, 296.994$, and the grayscale version is $82, 0.010, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $98, 41.073, 107.042$, and $64, 49.049, 106.425$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $84, 58.947, 106.052$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $84, 38.474, 107.771$.

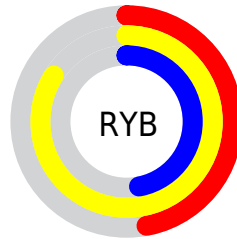
Distribution



Red (84%)

Green (84%)

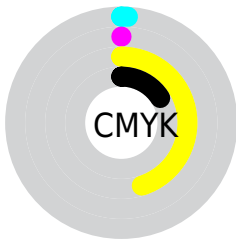
Blue (47%)



Red (47%)

Yellow (84%)

Blue (47%)

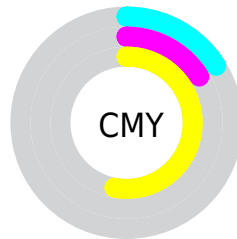


Cyan (1%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (45%)

Black (16%)



Cyan (16%)

Magenta (16%)

Yellow (53%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 84, 49.012, 106.877 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 84, 49.012, 106.877 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 84, 49.012,
106.877

 84, 49.012,
106.877


 100, 49.012,
106.877

 74, 49.012,
106.877

 64, 49.012,
106.877

 54, 49.012,
106.877

 44, 49.012,
106.877

 34, 49.012,
106.877

 24, 49.012,
106.877

 14, 49.012,

106.877

■ 4, 49.012, 106.877

■ 0, 49.012, 106.877

■ 84, 49.012,
106.877

■ 84, 49.012,
106.877

■ 84, 58.947,
106.052

■ 84, 38.474,
107.771

■ 84, 67.920,
105.325

■ 85, 27.569,
108.697

■ 83, 75.452,
104.744

■ 85, 16.454,
109.634

■ 83, 81.009,
104.355

■ 86, 5.231, 110.561

■ 83, 84.220,

■ 86, 6.035, 291.499

104.186

87, 17.300,
292.382

83, 85.232,
104.160

87, 20.978,
292.940

87, 20.983,
293.348

87, 20.990,
293.757

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



84, 49.012, 106.877



54, 55.226, 296.994

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



84, 49.012, 106.877



84, 49.012, 156.877



84, 49.012, 286.877



84, 49.012, 336.877

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



84, 49.013, 106.880



99, 16.771, 109.777



61, 40.336, 25.195



53, 11.728, 109.569



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



84, 49.013, 106.880



97, 66.910, 106.062



81, 53.131, 127.572



45, 6.360, 110.123



68, 71.815, 104.140



17, 25.019, 105.694

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



54, 55.226, 296.994



56, 78.229, 298.908



58, 56.560, 311.852



41, 6.502, 291.941



20, 99.013, 306.355



2, 27.595, 294.565

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 84, 49.012, 106.877 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

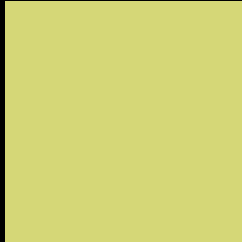
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 84, 49.012, 106.877 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

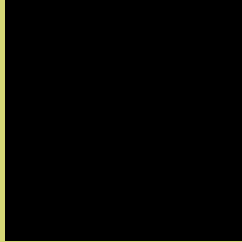
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 84, 49.012, 106.877

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 84, 49.012, 106.877.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 84, 49.012, 106.877.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
84, 49.012, 106.877

Protanopia
84, 48.173, 95.441

Deuteranopia
84, 46.719, 77.278



Tritanopia
84, 11.387, 332.470

Trichromacy



Original Color
84, 49.012, 106.877

Protanomaly
84, 48.032, 99.484

Deuteranomaly
84, 45.527, 88.024

Tritanomaly
84, 13.559, 87.505

Monochromacy



Original Color
84, 49.012, 106.877

Achromatopsia
82, 0.010, 296.813

Achromatomaly
82, 18.392, 108.547

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 84, 49.012, 106.877 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(213, 215, 119)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(213, 215, 119)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(213, 215, 119) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(213, 215, 119) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 84, 49.012, 106.877 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(213, 215, 119) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(213, 215, 119) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(213, 215, 119)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(213, 215, 119); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(213, 215, 119);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(213, 215,  
119) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 84, 49.012, 106.877 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(213, 215, 119) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(213,  
215, 119) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor