

Converting Colors

CIELCh(84, 5.267, 192.395)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(84, 5.267, 192.395) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(84, 5.469, 187.986)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C6D5D3
RGB	198, 213, 211
RGB Percent	78%, 84%, 83%
CMY	0.2248, 0.1660, 0.1739
CMYK	0.07, 0.00, 0.01, 0.17
HSL	172°, 15%, 80%
HSV	172°, 7%, 83%
XYZ	58.6260, 64.0658, 70.6830
YIQ	208.2870, -8.2980, -3.8020

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

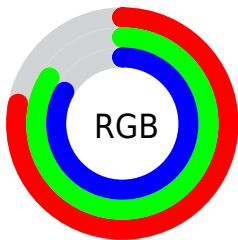
Format	Color
R_{YB}	198, 206, 213
Decimal	13030867
CIE Lab	84.00, -5.42, -0.76
CIE LCh	84, 5.469, 187.986
Yxy	64.0658, 0.3032, 0.3313
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291220947 (0xFFC6D5D3)
YUV	208.2870, 1.3375, -9.0217
Hunter-Lab	80.0411, -9.3299, 3.6707

Details

The CIELCh color `84, 5.469, 187.986` is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be `81, 5.657, 8.959`, and the grayscale version is `83, 0.010, 296.813`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `100, 0.012, 296.813`, and `64, 5.289, 192.949` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `83, 12.986, 187.076`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `86, 2.322, 8.445`.

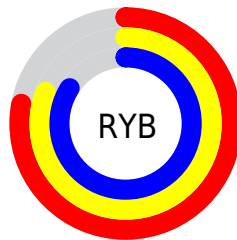
Distribution



Red (78%)

Green (84%)

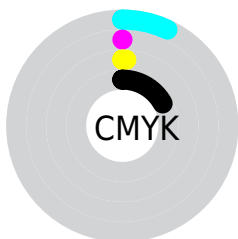
Blue (83%)



Red (78%)

Yellow (81%)

Blue (84%)

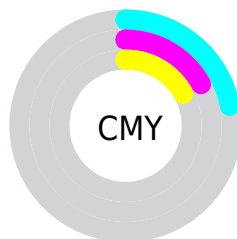


Cyan (7%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (1%)

Black (17%)



Cyan (22%)

Magenta (17%)

Yellow (17%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 84, 5.469, 187.986 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 84, 5.469, 187.986 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 84, 5.469, 187.986

■ 84, 5.469, 187.986

■ 100, 5.469,
187.986

■ 74, 5.469, 187.986

■ 64, 5.469, 187.986

■ 54, 5.469, 187.986

■ 44, 5.469, 187.986

■ 34, 5.469, 187.986

■ 24, 5.469, 187.986

■ 14, 5.469, 187.986

■ 4, 5.469, 187.986

■ 0, 5.469, 187.986

84, 5.469, 187.986

84, 5.469, 187.986

83, 12.986,
187.076

86, 2.322, 8.445

81, 20.106,
186.199

87, 10.288, 9.425

80, 26.702,
185.297

89, 15.955, 8.403

79, 32.644,
184.355

89, 16.691,
358.443

78, 37.810,
183.355

89, 17.242,
353.863

78, 42.105,
182.282

89, 17.901,
349.603

77, 45.477,
181.113

89, 18.657,
345.676

77, 47.934,
179.828

89, 19.497,
342.081

■ 77, 49.573,
178.417

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



84, 5.469, 187.986



81, 5.657, 8.959

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



84, 5.469, 187.986



84, 5.469, 237.986



84, 5.469, 7.986



84, 5.469, 57.986

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



84, 5.470, 187.970



100, 1.808, 188.632



84, 9.211, 139.973



53, 1.028, 188.659



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



84, 5.470, 187.970



98, 7.178, 187.873



83, 4.400, 238.530



44, 4.411, 187.749



63, 42.358, 178.234



15, 16.147, 181.191

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



81, 5.657, 8.959



95, 7.458, 9.067



82, 4.542, 57.055



42, 4.612, 9.206



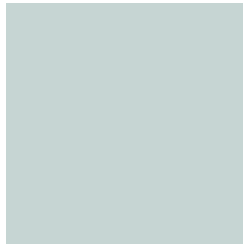
35, 71.700, 33.673



5, 21.983, 13.815

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 84, 5.469, 187.986 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

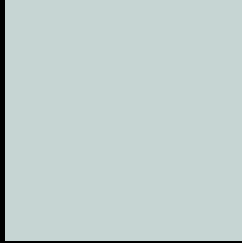
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 84, 5.469, 187.986 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

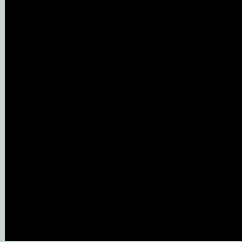
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

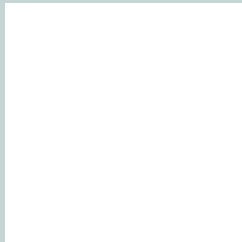
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 84, 5.469, 187.986

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 84, 5.469, 187.986.

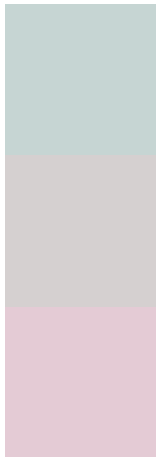


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 84, 5.469, 187.986.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
84, 5.469, 187.986

Protanopia
84, 1.822, 19.229

Deuteranopia
84, 10.570, 350.378



Tritanopia
84, 9.540, 269.694

Trichromacy



Original Color
84, 5.469, 187.986

Protanomaly
84, 1.207, 173.963

Deuteranomaly
84, 4.512, 343.933

Tritanomaly
84, 6.671, 251.644

Monochromacy



Original Color
84, 5.469, 187.986

Achromatopsia
83, 0.010, 296.813

Achromatomaly
84, 2.230, 185.823

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 84, 5.469, 187.986 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(198, 213, 211)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(198, 213, 211)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(198, 213, 211) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(198, 213, 211) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 84, 5.469, 187.986 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(198, 213, 211) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(198, 213, 211) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(198, 213, 211)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(198, 213, 211); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(198, 213, 211);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(198, 213,  
211) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 84, 5.469, 187.986 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(198, 213, 211) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(198,  
213, 211) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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