

# Converting Colors

CIE LCh(84, 9.302, 222.333)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(84, 9.302, 222.333) contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(84, 9.309, 222.336)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	BDD6DD
RGB	189, 214, 221
RGB Percent	74%, 84%, 87%
CMY	0.2592, 0.1611, 0.1337
CMYK	0.14, 0.03, 0.00, 0.13
HSL	193°, 32%, 80%
HSV	193°, 14%, 87%
XYZ	58.0225, 64.0658, 77.6464
YIQ	207.3230, -17.1470, -3.1230

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

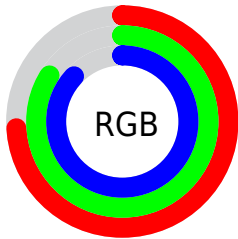
Format	Color
<b>RYB</b>	189, 203, 221
Decimal	12441309
CIELab	84.00, -6.88, -6.27
CIELCh	84, 9.309, 222.336
Yxy	64.0658, 0.2905, 0.3208
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290631389 (0xFFBDD6DD)
YUV	207.3230, 6.7428, -16.0693
Hunter-Lab	80.0411, -10.6756, -1.4874

# Details

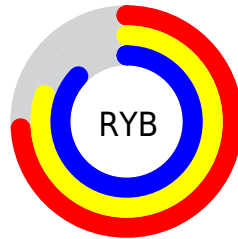
The CIELCh color `84, 9.309, 222.336` is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be `81, 10.201, 41.236`, and the grayscale version is `83, 0.010, 296.813`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `99, 3.457, 199.378`, and `64, 9.384, 223.444` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `81, 15.272, 222.931`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `87, 2.956, 222.008`.

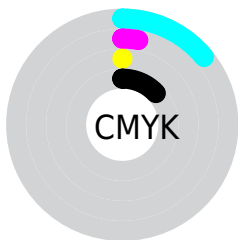
# Distribution



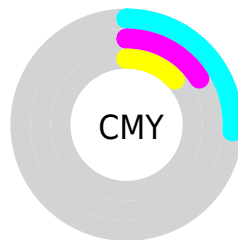
- Red (74%)
- Green (84%)
- Blue (87%)



- Red (74%)
- Yellow (80%)
- Blue (87%)



- Cyan (14%)
- Magenta (3%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (13%)



- Cyan (26%)
- Magenta (16%)
- Yellow (13%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 84, 9.309, 222.336 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 84, 9.309, 222.336 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 84, 9.309, 222.336

■ 84, 9.309, 222.336

■ 100, 9.309,  
222.336

■ 74, 9.309, 222.336

■ 64, 9.309, 222.336

■ 54, 9.309, 222.336

■ 44, 9.309, 222.336

■ 34, 9.309, 222.336

■ 24, 9.309, 222.336

■ 14, 9.309, 222.336

■ 4, 9.309, 222.336

■ 0, 9.309, 222.336

84, 9.309, 222.336

84, 9.309, 222.336

81, 15.272,  
222.931

87, 2.956, 222.008

79, 20.751,  
223.783

90, 3.702, 41.347

76, 25.647,  
224.933

93, 10.530, 41.378

74, 29.870,  
226.451

94, 10.211, 57.928

72, 33.348,  
228.420

95, 10.762, 74.061

70, 36.053,  
230.930

96, 12.058, 87.608

68, 38.016,  
234.064

97, 13.884, 98.007

67, 39.352,  
237.869

99, 16.054,  
105.741

99, 17.244,  
108.874

■ 66, 39.953,  
240.161

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



84, 9.309, 222.336



81, 10.201, 41.236

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



84, 9.309, 222.336



84, 9.309, 272.336



84, 9.309, 42.336



84, 9.309, 92.336

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



84, 9.309, 222.324



99, 2.965, 222.013



85, 17.649, 150.144



52, 2.103, 222.008



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



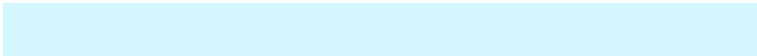


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



84, 9.309, 222.324



95, 12.184, 222.463



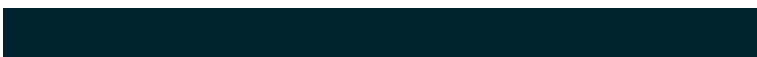
80, 12.547, 276.852



45, 3.675, 222.109



52, 33.259, 239.395



12, 13.121, 231.235



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



80, 17.693, 332.096



89, 23.358, 332.274



85, 12.480, 93.136



43, 6.872, 331.756



39, 73.157, 339.250

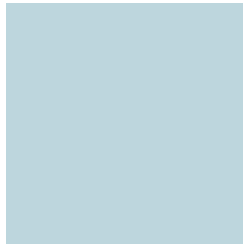


6, 29.629, 336.950



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 84, 9.309, 222.336 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

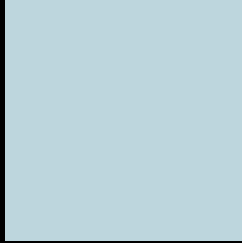
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 84, 9.309, 222.336 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

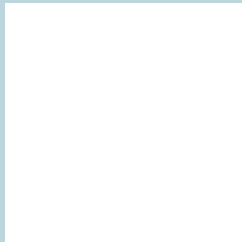
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 84, 9.309, 222.336

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 84, 9.309, 222.336.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 84, 9.309, 222.336.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**

84, 9.309, 222.336

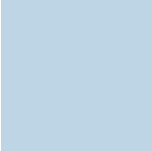
**Protanopia**

84, 4.819, 299.116

**Deuteranopia**

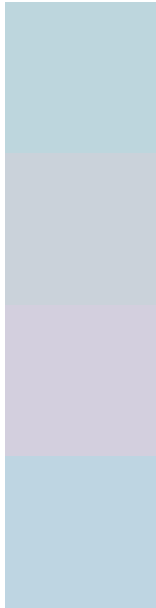
84, 12.810, 324.912





**Tritanopia**  
84, 11.345, 247.276

# Trichromacy



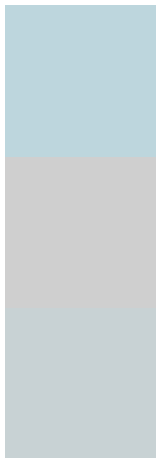
**Original Color**  
84, 9.309, 222.336

**Protanomaly**  
84, 5.036, 256.434

**Deuteranomaly**  
84, 8.071, 300.957

**Tritanomaly**  
84, 10.301, 240.888

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
84, 9.309, 222.336

**Achromatopsia**  
83, 0.010, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
84, 3.702, 215.898

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 84, 9.309, 222.336 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(189, 214, 221)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(189, 214, 221)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(189, 214, 221) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(189, 214, 221) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 84, 9.309, 222.336 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(189, 214, 221) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(189, 214, 221) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(189, 214, 221)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(189, 214, 221); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(189, 214, 221);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(189, 214,  
221) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 84, 9.309, 222.336 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(189, 214, 221) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(189,  
214, 221) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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