

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(85, 17.411, 63.574)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(85, 17.411, 63.574) contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(85, 17.392, 63.583)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	EECEB7
RGB	238, 206, 183
RGB Percent	93%, 81%, 72%
CMY	0.0651, 0.1906, 0.2809
CMYK	0.00, 0.13, 0.23, 0.07
HSL	25°, 62%, 83%
HSV	25°, 23%, 93%
XYZ	66.1428, 66.0070, 54.2585
YIQ	212.9460, 26.4550, -0.3690

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

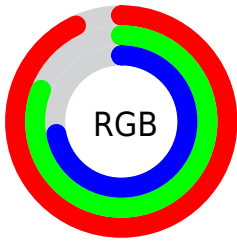
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	238, 223, 183
Decimal	15650487
CIE Lab	85.00, 7.74, 15.58
CIE LCh	85, 17.392, 63.583
Yxy	66.0070, 0.3548, 0.3541
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293840567 (0xFFEECEB7)
YUV	212.9460, -14.7634, 21.9724
Hunter-Lab	81.2447, 3.1418, 17.2751

# Details

The CIELCh color  $85, 17.392, 63.583$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `FFCCCC`. A complement of this color would be  $85, 15.819, 249.206$ , and the grayscale version is  $85, 0.010, 296.813$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $100, 8.099, 109.562$ , and  $65, 17.272, 64.567$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $81, 25.717, 62.558$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $89, 9.559, 64.634$ .

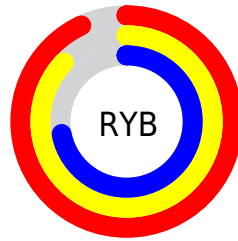
# Distribution



Red (93%)

Green (81%)

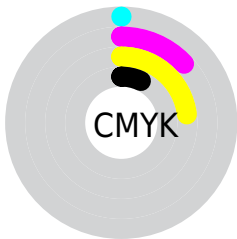
Blue (72%)



Red (93%)

Yellow (87%)

Blue (72%)

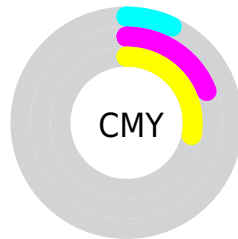


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (13%)

Yellow (23%)

Black (7%)



Cyan (7%)

Magenta (19%)

Yellow (28%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 85, 17.392, 63.583 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 85, 17.392, 63.583 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 85, 17.392, 63.583

 85, 17.392, 63.583

 100, 17.392,  
63.583

 75, 17.392, 63.583

 65, 17.392, 63.583

 55, 17.392, 63.583

 45, 17.392, 63.583

 35, 17.392, 63.583

 25, 17.392, 63.583

 15, 17.392, 63.583

 5, 17.392, 63.583

 0, 17.392, 63.583

85, 17.392, 63.583

85, 17.392, 63.583

81, 25.717, 62.558

89, 9.559, 64.634

77, 34.555, 61.548

93, 2.181, 65.533

74, 43.885, 60.567

97, 4.788, 246.930

70, 53.605, 59.595

99, 5.706, 199.160

67, 63.444, 58.560

64, 72.800, 57.287

61, 80.552, 55.417

59, 84.650, 53.730

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



85, 17.392, 63.583



85, 15.819, 249.206

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



85, 17.392, 63.583



85, 17.392, 113.583



85, 17.392, 243.583



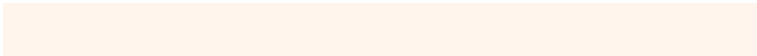
85, 17.392, 293.583

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



85, 17.392, 63.593



97, 5.304, 65.237



80, 26.244, 341.300



51, 3.453, 65.180



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



85, 17.392, 63.593



88, 22.634, 63.071



92, 25.907, 104.178



48, 4.126, 65.000



46, 69.242, 54.392



12, 23.674, 52.818



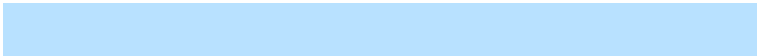


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



85, 15.819, 249.206



88, 20.110, 250.075



77, 27.088, 289.451



48, 3.984, 247.267



44, 47.755, 274.768

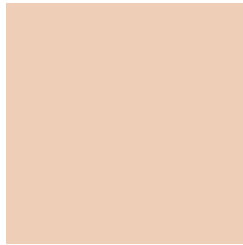


12, 18.571, 266.440



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 85, 17.392, 63.583 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

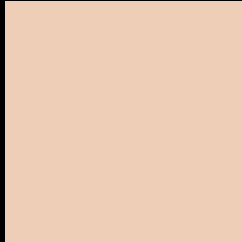
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 85, 17.392, 63.583 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**CIELCh 85, 17.392, 63.583**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 85, 17.392, 63.583.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 85, 17.392, 63.583.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**

85, 17.392, 63.583

**Protanopia**

85, 14.125, 93.326

**Deuteranopia**

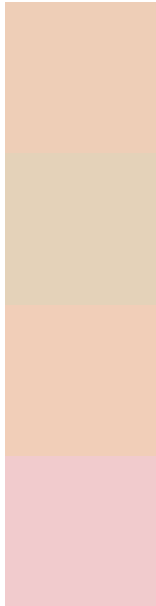
85, 18.522, 56.395



**Tritanopia**  
85, 17.198, 351.625



# Trichromacy



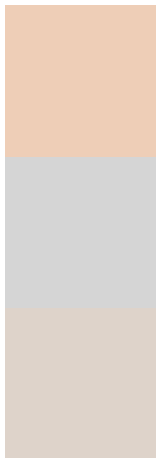
**Original Color**  
85, 17.392, 63.583

**Protanomaly**  
85, 14.820, 81.238

**Deuteranomaly**  
85, 17.910, 59.876

**Tritanomaly**  
85, 14.251, 16.275

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
85, 17.392, 63.583

**Achromatopsia**  
85, 0.010, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
85, 6.220, 68.720

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 85, 17.392, 63.583 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(238, 206, 183)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(238, 206, 183)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(238, 206, 183) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(238, 206, 183) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 85, 17.392, 63.583 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(238, 206, 183) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(238, 206, 183) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(238, 206, 183)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(238, 206, 183); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(238, 206, 183); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(238, 206, 183) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 85, 17.392, 63.583 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(238, 206, 183) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(238,  
206, 183) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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