

Converting Colors

CIELCh(85, 17.908, 147.658)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(85, 17.908, 147.658)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(85, 17.811, 148.302)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	BDDCC2
RGB	189, 220, 194
RGB Percent	74%, 86%, 76%
CMY	0.2582, 0.1366, 0.2386
CMYK	0.14, 0.00, 0.12, 0.14
HSL	130°, 31%, 80%
HSV	130°, 14%, 86%
XYZ	56.4115, 66.0070, 60.8945
YIQ	207.7670, -10.1300, -14.6580

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

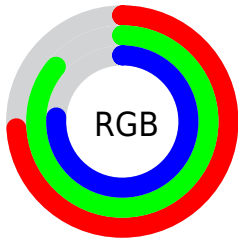
Format	Color
R _Y B	189, 216, 220
Decimal	12442818
CIE Lab	85.00, -15.15, 9.36
CIE LCh	85, 17.811, 148.302
Yxy	66.0070, 0.3077, 0.3601
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290632898 (0xFFBDDCC2)
YUV	207.7670, -6.7871, -16.4587
Hunter-Lab	81.2447, -18.2384, 12.4323

Details

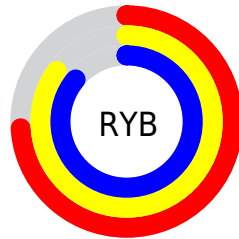
The CIELCh color $85, 17.811, 148.302$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex $99CCCC$. A complement of this color would be $80, 17.861, 330.049$, and the grayscale version is $83, 0.010, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $99, 4.338, 163.440$, and $65, 18.140, 148.192$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $83, 30.533, 147.503$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $87, 5.129, 149.025$.

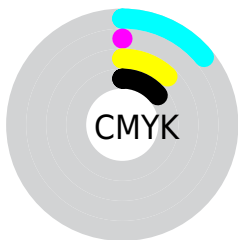
Distribution



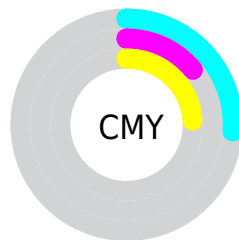
- Red (74%)
- Green (86%)
- Blue (76%)



- Red (74%)
- Yellow (85%)
- Blue (86%)



- Cyan (14%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (12%)
- Black (14%)





- Cyan (26%)
- Magenta (14%)
- Yellow (24%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 85, 17.811, 148.302 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 85, 17.811, 148.302 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 85, 17.811,
148.302


 85, 17.811,
148.302


 100, 17.811,
148.302


 75, 17.811,
148.302

 65, 17.811,
148.302

 55, 17.811,
148.302

 45, 17.811,
148.302

 35, 17.811,
148.302


 25, 17.811,
148.302


 15, 17.811,


148.302

 5, 17.811, 148.302


 0, 17.811, 148.302

 85, 17.811,
148.302


 85, 17.811,
148.302


 83, 30.533,
147.503


 87, 5.129, 149.025


 82, 43.104,
146.579

 89, 7.383, 329.503

 80, 55.299,
145.511

 91, 19.583,
329.868

 79, 66.843,
144.288

 92, 21.810,
325.183

 78, 77.435,

142.916

■ 78, 86.760,
141.425

■ 77, 94.512,
139.883

■ 77, 100.425,
138.398

■ 77, 103.050,
137.648

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



85, 17.811, 148.302



80, 17.861, 330.049

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



85, 17.811, 148.302



85, 17.811, 198.302



85, 17.811, 328.302



85, 17.811, 18.302

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



85, 17.813, 148.302



99, 5.658, 149.029



87, 16.235, 115.011



53, 4.025, 148.971



0, 0.000, 0.000



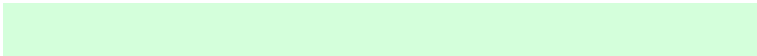
53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



85, 17.813, 148.302



96, 24.251, 148.069



85, 12.466, 171.318



45, 7.138, 148.639



62, 85.750, 137.882



15, 31.046, 143.041

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



80, 17.861, 330.049



89, 24.319, 330.242



80, 12.893, 353.912



43, 7.157, 329.753



40, 76.354, 335.847



7, 30.852, 334.282

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 85, 17.811, 148.302 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

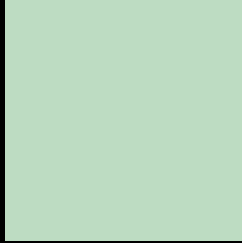
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 85, 17.811, 148.302 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

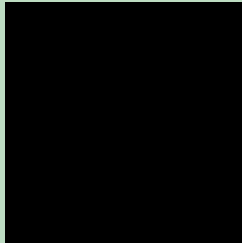
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

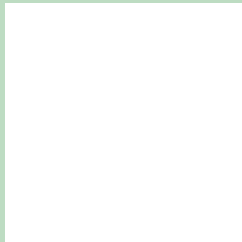
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 85, 17.811, 148.302

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 85, 17.811, 148.302.

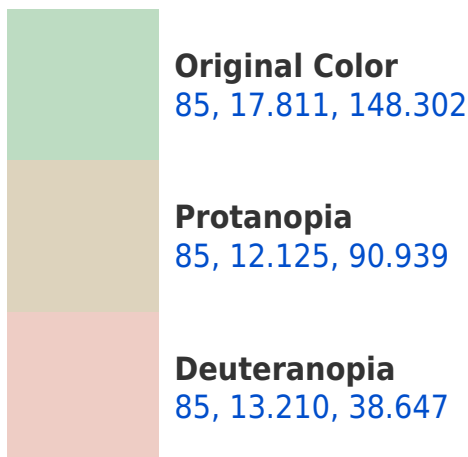


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 85, 17.811, 148.302.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



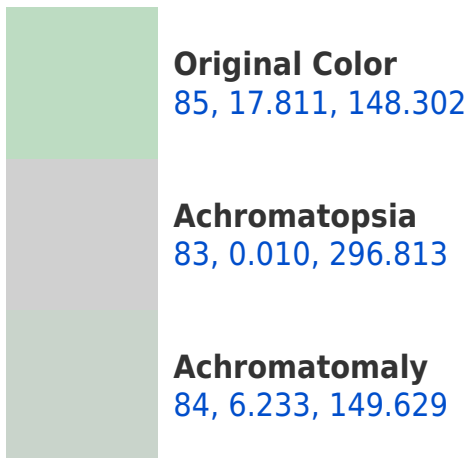


Tritanopia
85, 11.093, 253.063

Trichromacy



Monochromacy



CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 85, 17.811, 148.302 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(189, 220, 194)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(189, 220, 194)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(189, 220, 194) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(189, 220, 194) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 85, 17.811, 148.302 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(189, 220, 194) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(189, 220, 194) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(189, 220, 194)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(189, 220, 194); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(189, 220, 194);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(189, 220,  
194) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 85, 17.811, 148.302 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(189, 220, 194) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(189,  
220, 194) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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