

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(85, 20.248, 20.107)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(85, 20.248, 20.107) contains.

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# **Color**

**CIELCh(85, 20.504, 19.537)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FDC7C8
RGB	253, 199, 200
RGB Percent	99%, 78%, 78%
CMY	0.0072, 0.2190, 0.2151
CMYK	0.00, 0.21, 0.21, 0.01
HSL	359°, 94%, 89%
HSV	359°, 21%, 99%
XYZ	71.4681, 66.0070, 63.7104
YIQ	215.2600, 31.8630, 11.7590

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

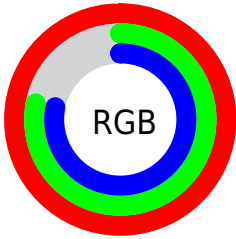
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	253, 199, 200
Decimal	16631752
CIE Lab	85.00, 19.32, 6.86
CIE LCh	85, 20.504, 19.537
Yxy	66.0070, 0.3552, 0.3281
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294821832 (0xFFFD C7C8)
YUV	215.2600, -7.5232, 33.0980
Hunter-Lab	81.2447, 14.8420, 10.3773

# Details

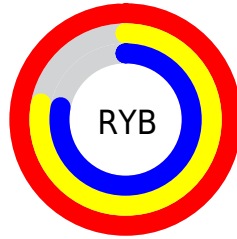
The CIELCh color **85, 20.504, 19.537** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **96, 17.867, 196.667**, and the grayscale version is **86, 0.010, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 0.012, 296.813**, and **65, 20.644, 19.922** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **79, 31.241, 20.721**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **92, 10.481, 18.608**.

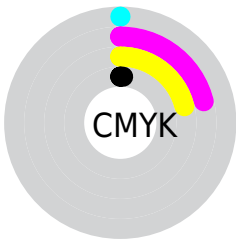
# Distribution



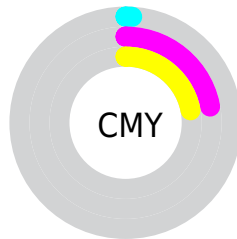
- Red (99%)
- Green (78%)
- Blue (78%)



- Red (99%)
- Yellow (78%)
- Blue (78%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (21%)
- Yellow (21%)
- Black (1%)



- Cyan (1%)
- Magenta (22%)
- Yellow (22%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 85, 20.504, 19.537 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 85, 20.504, 19.537 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 85, 20.504, 19.537

 85, 20.504, 19.537

 100, 20.504,  
19.537

 75, 20.504, 19.537

 65, 20.504, 19.537

 55, 20.504, 19.537

 45, 20.504, 19.537

 35, 20.504, 19.537

 25, 20.504, 19.537

 15, 20.504, 19.537

 5, 20.504, 19.537

 0, 20.504, 19.537

85, 20.504, 19.537

85, 20.504, 19.537

79, 31.241, 20.721

92, 10.481, 18.608

73, 42.620, 22.244

98, 1.186, 17.407

67, 54.455, 24.225

100, 0.639,  
200.402

62, 66.448, 26.780

58, 78.192, 29.977

55, 89.135, 33.697

54, 98.247, 37.348

53, 103.274,  
39.489

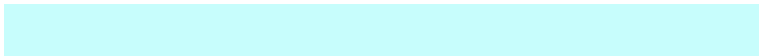
# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



85, 20.504, 19.537



96, 17.867, 196.667

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



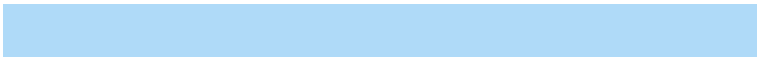
85, 20.504, 19.537



85, 20.504, 69.537



85, 20.504, 199.537



85, 20.504, 249.537

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



85, 20.502, 19.543



96, 5.469, 18.150



86, 33.593, 324.673



51, 3.636, 18.209



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



# Same Dimension

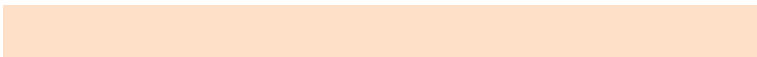
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



85, 20.502, 19.543



83, 25.580, 20.058



91, 17.078, 69.163



49, 5.252, 18.453



40, 83.400, 39.277



10, 33.214, 26.443





# Inverse Universe

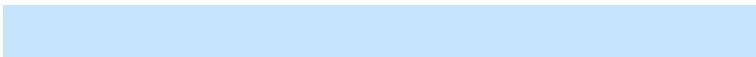
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



85, 20.502, 19.543



83, 25.580, 20.058



89, 15.932, 254.779



49, 5.252, 18.453



40, 83.400, 39.277

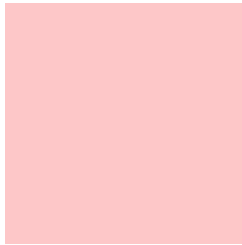


10, 33.214, 26.443



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 85, 20.504, 19.537 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

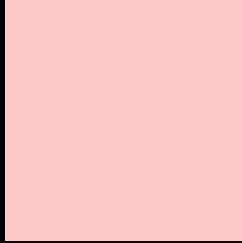
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 85, 20.504, 19.537 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 85, 20.504, 19.537

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 85, 20.504, 19.537.

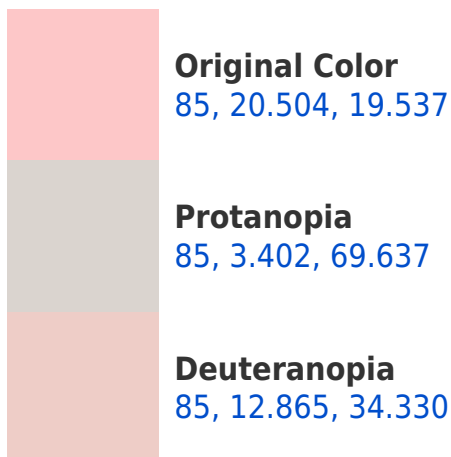


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 85, 20.504, 19.537.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy





**Tritanopia**  
85, 22.877, 1.299



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
85, 20.504, 19.537

**Protanomaly**  
85, 8.983, 26.678

**Deuteranomaly**  
85, 15.690, 28.151

**Tritanomaly**  
85, 21.556, 7.168

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
85, 20.504, 19.537

**Achromatopsia**  
86, 0.010, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
85, 7.381, 15.824

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 85, 20.504, 19.537 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(253, 199, 200)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(253, 199, 200)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(253, 199, 200) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(253, 199, 200) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 85, 20.504, 19.537 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(253, 199, 200) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(253, 199, 200) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(253, 199, 200)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(253, 199, 200); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(253, 199, 200);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(253, 199,  
200) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 85, 20.504, 19.537 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(253, 199, 200) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(253,  
199, 200) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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