

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(85, 21.981, 21.109)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(85, 21.981, 21.109) contains.

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# **Color**

**CIELCh(85, 21.736, 21.085)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFC6C6
RGB	255, 198, 198
RGB Percent	100%, 78%, 78%
CMY	0.0000, 0.2219, 0.2220
CMYK	0.00, 0.22, 0.22, 0.00
HSL	0°, 100%, 89%
HSV	0°, 22%, 100%
XYZ	71.9205, 66.0070, 62.6168
YIQ	215.0430, 33.9720, 12.0840

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	255, 198, 198
Decimal	16762566
CIE Lab	85.00, 20.28, 7.82
CIE LCh	85, 21.736, 21.085
Yxy	66.0070, 0.3586, 0.3291
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294952646 (0xFFFFC6C6)
YUV	215.0430, -8.4022, 35.0423
Hunter-Lab	81.2447, 15.8358, 11.1754

# Details

The CIELCh color **85, 21.736, 21.085** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **96, 18.586, 198.288**, and the grayscale version is **86, 0.010, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 0.012, 296.813**, and **65, 21.559, 21.531** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **79, 32.497, 22.238**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **92, 11.391, 20.170**.

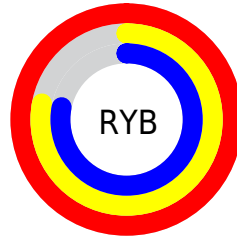
# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (78%)

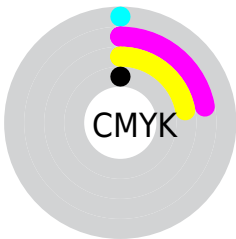
Blue (78%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (78%)

Blue (78%)

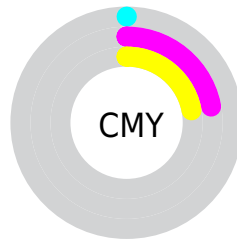


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (22%)

Yellow (22%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (22%)

Yellow (22%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 85, 21.736, 21.085 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 85, 21.736, 21.085 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 85, 21.736, 21.085

 85, 21.736, 21.085

 100, 21.736,  
21.085

 75, 21.736, 21.085

 65, 21.736, 21.085

 55, 21.736, 21.085

 45, 21.736, 21.085

 35, 21.736, 21.085

 25, 21.736, 21.085

 15, 21.736, 21.085

 5, 21.736, 21.085

 0, 21.736, 21.085

85, 21.736, 21.085

85, 21.736, 21.085

79, 32.497, 22.238

92, 11.391, 20.170

72, 44.098, 23.754

98, 1.972, 19.213

67, 56.187, 25.738

100, 0.012,  
296.813

62, 68.453, 28.298

58, 80.461, 31.475

55, 91.551, 35.074

54, 100.354,  
38.343

53, 104.574,  
40.001

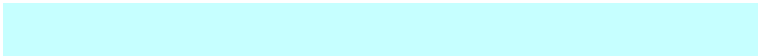
# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



85, 21.736, 21.085



96, 18.586, 198.288

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



85, 21.736, 21.085



85, 21.736, 71.085



85, 21.736, 201.085



85, 21.736, 251.085

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



85, 21.568, 21.078



95, 6.404, 19.751



87, 35.501, 325.658



50, 4.171, 19.800



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



85, 21.568, 21.078



82, 26.727, 21.598



92, 18.211, 72.636



49, 5.253, 19.953



40, 84.228, 40.001



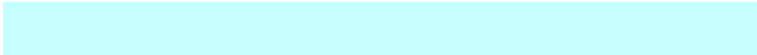
10, 33.365, 27.182





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



96, 18.586, 198.288



96, 22.223, 198.059



89, 17.152, 258.716



52, 4.945, 198.973



70, 40.358, 196.405



24, 18.567, 196.403



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 85, 21.736, 21.085 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

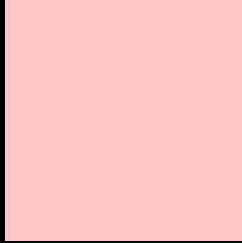
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 85, 21.736, 21.085 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 85, 21.736, 21.085

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 85, 21.736, 21.085.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 85, 21.736, 21.085.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

85, 21.736, 21.085

### Protanopia

85, 3.820, 74.650

### Deuteranopia

85, 13.579, 38.152



**Tritanopia**  
85, 22.877, 1.299



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
85, 21.736, 21.085

**Protanomaly**  
85, 9.196, 33.121

**Deuteranomaly**  
85, 16.186, 29.799

**Tritanomaly**  
85, 21.849, 8.789

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
85, 21.736, 21.085

**Achromatopsia**  
86, 0.010, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
86, 7.747, 19.909

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 85, 21.736, 21.085 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 198, 198)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 198, 198)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 198, 198) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 198, 198) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 85, 21.736, 21.085 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 198, 198) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 198, 198) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 198, 198)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 198, 198); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 198, 198);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 198,  
198) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 85, 21.736, 21.085 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 198, 198) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
198, 198) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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