

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(85, 22.369, 42.942)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(85, 22.369, 42.942) contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(85, 22.323, 44.038)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FDC9B8
RGB	253, 201, 184
RGB Percent	99%, 79%, 72%
CMY	0.0085, 0.2123, 0.2790
CMYK	0.00, 0.21, 0.27, 0.01
HSL	15°, 94%, 86%
HSV	15°, 27%, 99%
XYZ	69.9344, 66.0070, 54.3185
YIQ	214.6100, 36.4490, 5.7370

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

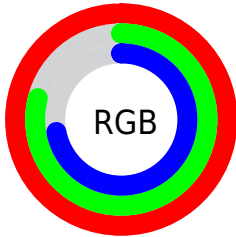
Format	Color
RYB	253, 207, 184
Decimal	16632248
CIELab	85.00, 16.05, 15.52
CIELCh	85, 22.323, 44.038
Yxy	66.0070, 0.3676, 0.3469
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294822328 (0xFFFDC9B8)
YUV	214.6100, -15.0907, 33.6680
Hunter-Lab	81.2447, 11.4723, 17.2313

# Details

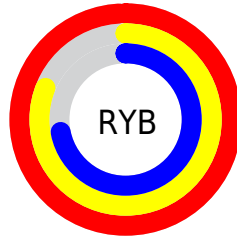
The CIELCh color **85, 22.323, 44.038** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **90, 18.650, 226.895**, and the grayscale version is **86, 0.010, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 7.593, 109.599**, and **65, 22.168, 44.339** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **80, 31.793, 43.929**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **90, 13.571, 44.282**.

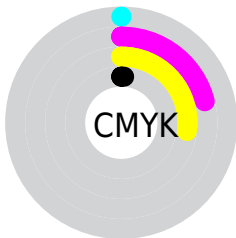
# Distribution



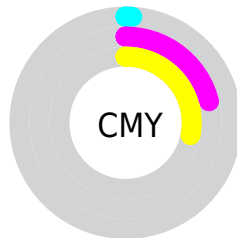
- Red (99%)
- Green (79%)
- Blue (72%)



- Red (99%)
- Yellow (81%)
- Blue (72%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (21%)
- Yellow (27%)
- Black (1%)



- Cyan (1%)
- Magenta (21%)
- Yellow (28%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 85, 22.323, 44.038 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 85, 22.323, 44.038 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 85, 22.323, 44.038

 85, 22.323, 44.038

 100, 22.323,  
44.038

 75, 22.323, 44.038

 65, 22.323, 44.038

 55, 22.323, 44.038

 45, 22.323, 44.038

 35, 22.323, 44.038

 25, 22.323, 44.038

 15, 22.323, 44.038

 5, 22.323, 44.038

 0, 22.323, 44.038

85, 22.323, 44.038

85, 22.323, 44.038

80, 31.793, 43.929

90, 13.571, 44.282

75, 42.003, 43.968

95, 5.493, 44.569

71, 52.911, 44.185

100, 0.752,  
200.239

67, 64.364, 44.573

63, 75.978, 45.040

60, 86.862, 45.298

57, 95.288, 44.738

56, 97.216, 44.567

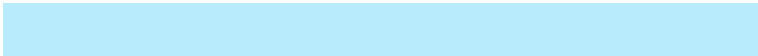
# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



85, 22.323, 44.038



90, 18.650, 226.895

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



85, 22.323, 44.038



85, 22.323, 94.038



85, 22.323, 224.038



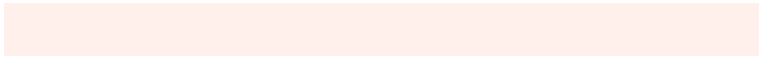
85, 22.323, 274.038

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



85, 22.322, 44.046



96, 6.091, 44.551



82, 36.913, 333.547



50, 4.355, 44.510



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



85, 22.322, 44.046



83, 27.838, 43.962



93, 26.895, 92.703



50, 4.355, 44.510



43, 78.334, 45.042



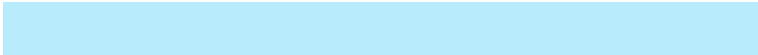
12, 29.300, 40.030



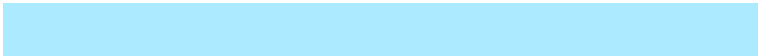


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



90, 18.650, 226.895



89, 22.263, 227.507



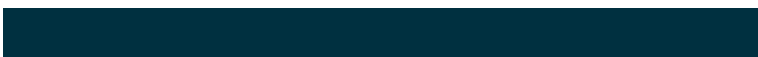
82, 27.289, 280.103



51, 4.115, 225.566



56, 36.731, 245.631



18, 16.452, 239.329



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 85, 22.323, 44.038 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

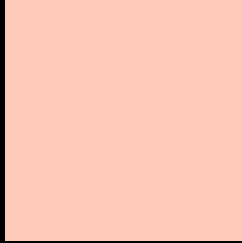
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 85, 22.323, 44.038 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

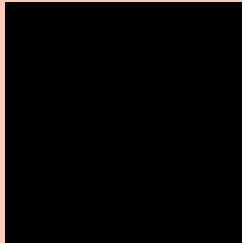
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 85, 22.323, 44.038

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 85, 22.323, 44.038.

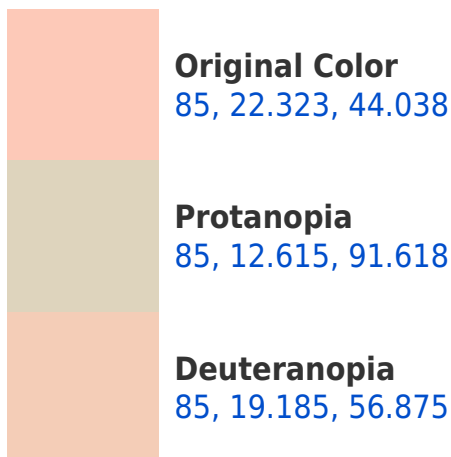


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 85, 22.323, 44.038.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy





**Tritanopia**  
85, 22.877, 1.299



# Trichromacy



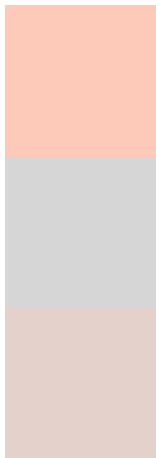
**Original Color**  
85, 22.323, 44.038

**Protanomaly**  
85, 14.646, 68.244

**Deuteranomaly**  
85, 20.246, 51.359

**Tritanomaly**  
85, 21.269, 15.472

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
85, 22.323, 44.038

**Achromatopsia**  
86, 0.010, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
85, 7.734, 43.725

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 85, 22.323, 44.038 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(253, 201, 184)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(253, 201, 184)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(253, 201, 184) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(253, 201, 184) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 85, 22.323, 44.038 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(253, 201, 184) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(253, 201, 184) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(253, 201, 184)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(253, 201, 184); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(253, 201, 184);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(253, 201,  
184) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 85, 22.323, 44.038 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(253, 201, 184) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(253,  
201, 184) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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