

Converting Colors

CIELCh(85, 22.819, 42.650)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(85, 22.819, 42.650) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(85, 22.849, 42.149)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|-------------|---------------------------|
| Hex | <code>FEC8B8</code> |
| RGB | 254, 200, 184 |
| RGB Percent | 100%, 78%, 72% |
| CMY | 0.0029, 0.2147, 0.2775 |
| CMYK | 0.00, 0.21, 0.28, 0.00 |
| HSL | 14°, 98%, 86% |
| HSV | 14°, 28%, 100% |
| XYZ | 70.3502, 66.0070, 54.5082 |
| YIQ | 214.3220, 37.3200, 6.4720 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

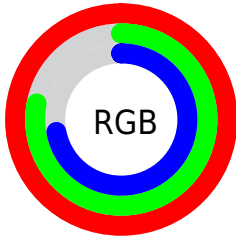
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|---|
| RYB | 254, 205, 184 |
| Decimal | 16697528 |
| CIELab | 85.00, 16.94, 15.33 |
| CIELCh | 85, 22.849, 42.149 |
| Yxy | 66.0070, 0.3686, 0.3458 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4294887608 (0xFFFE8B8) |
| YUV | 214.3220, -14.9487, 34.7976 |
| Hunter-Lab | 81.2447, 12.3858, 17.0928 |

Details

The CIELCh color **85, 22.849, 42.149** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **91, 18.978, 224.517**, and the grayscale version is **86, 0.010, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 7.593, 109.599**, and **65, 22.733, 42.353** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **80, 32.475, 42.155**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **90, 13.957, 42.291**.

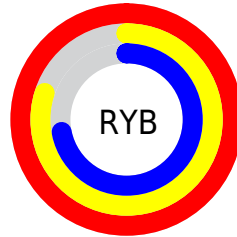
Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (78%)

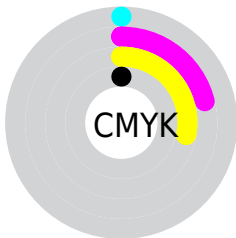
Blue (72%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (80%)

Blue (72%)

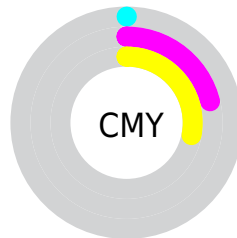


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (21%)

Yellow (28%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (21%)

Yellow (28%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 85, 22.849, 42.149 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 85, 22.849, 42.149 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 85, 22.849, 42.149

 85, 22.849, 42.149

 100, 22.849,
42.149

 75, 22.849, 42.149

 65, 22.849, 42.149

 55, 22.849, 42.149

 45, 22.849, 42.149

 35, 22.849, 42.149

 25, 22.849, 42.149

 15, 22.849, 42.149

 5, 22.849, 42.149

 0, 22.849, 42.149

85, 22.849, 42.149

85, 22.849, 42.149

80, 32.475, 42.155

90, 13.957, 42.291

75, 42.852, 42.326

96, 5.758, 42.487

70, 53.933, 42.696

100, 0.260,
201.940

66, 65.554, 43.260

62, 77.315, 43.925

59, 88.292, 44.393

57, 96.699, 44.031

56, 98.443, 43.932

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



85, 22.849, 42.149



91, 18.978, 224.517

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



85, 22.849, 42.149



85, 22.849, 92.149



85, 22.849, 222.149



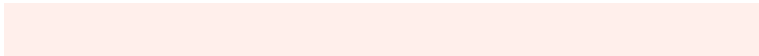
85, 22.849, 272.149

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



85, 22.848, 42.157



96, 6.137, 42.480



83, 37.858, 332.928



50, 4.388, 42.452



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



85, 22.848, 42.157



82, 28.080, 42.137



93, 26.854, 91.451



50, 4.388, 42.452



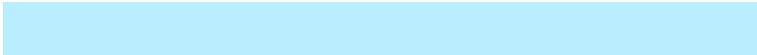
43, 78.994, 44.386



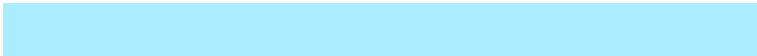
12, 29.559, 38.887

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



91, 18.978, 224.517



90, 22.349, 225.039



82, 27.121, 279.018



52, 4.141, 223.347



57, 36.099, 241.871



18, 16.294, 235.924

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 85, 22.849, 42.149 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 85, 22.849, 42.149 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 85, 22.849, 42.149

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 85, 22.849, 42.149.

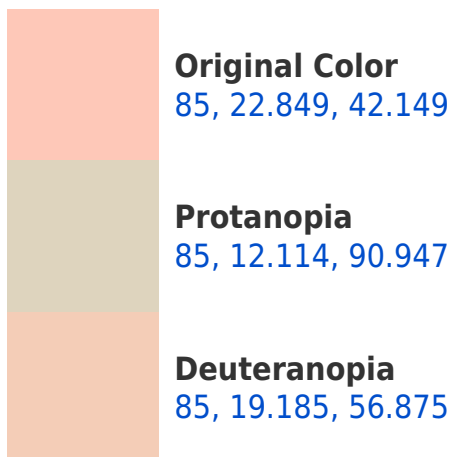


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 85, 22.849, 42.149.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
85, 22.742, 2.557

Trichromacy



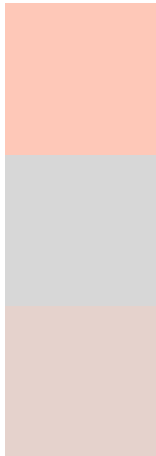
Original Color
85, 22.849, 42.149

Protanomaly
85, 14.511, 65.825

Deuteranomaly
85, 20.591, 50.803

Tritanomaly
85, 21.655, 16.979

Monochromacy



Original Color
85, 22.849, 42.149

Achromatopsia
86, 0.010, 296.813

Achromatomaly
86, 7.726, 43.727

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 85, 22.849, 42.149 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(254, 200, 184)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(254, 200, 184)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(254, 200, 184) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(254, 200, 184) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 85, 22.849, 42.149 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(254, 200, 184) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(254, 200, 184) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(254, 200, 184)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(254, 200, 184); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(254, 200, 184);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(254, 200,  
184) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 85, 22.849, 42.149 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(254, 200, 184) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(254,  
200, 184) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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