

Converting Colors

CIELCh(85, 24.995, 234.701)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(85, 24.995, 234.701)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(85, 24.989, 234.676)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9ADEF8
RGB	154, 222, 250
RGB Percent	60%, 87%, 98%
CMY	0.3961, 0.1294, 0.0196
CMYK	0.38, 0.11, 0.00, 0.02
HSL	197°, 91%, 79%
HSV	197°, 38%, 98%
XYZ	56.6961, 66.0070, 100.1856
YIQ	204.8600, -49.5160, -5.7080

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

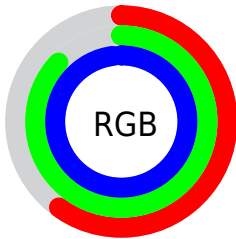
Format	Color
RYB	154, 194, 250
Decimal	10149626
CIELab	85.00, -14.45, -20.39
CIELCh	85, 24.989, 234.676
Yxy	66.0070, 0.2544, 0.2961
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288339706 (0xFF9ADEFA)
YUV	204.8600, 22.2540, -44.6042
Hunter-Lab	81.2447, -17.6131, -16.2412

Details

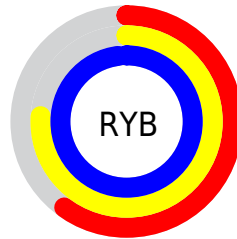
The CIELCh color **85, 24.989, 234.676** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CCFF**. A complement of this color would be **80, 32.004, 48.534**, and the grayscale version is **82, 0.010, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **97, 14.683, 198.527**, and **65, 24.876, 233.843** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **82, 30.306, 236.545**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **88, 19.097, 233.206**.

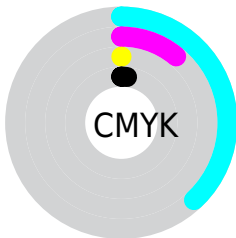
Distribution



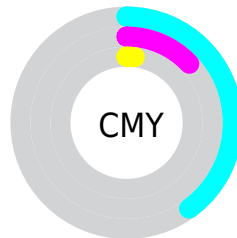
- Red (60%)
- Green (87%)
- Blue (98%)



- Red (60%)
- Yellow (76%)
- Blue (98%)



- Cyan (38%)
- Magenta (11%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (2%)



- Cyan (40%)
- Magenta (13%)
- Yellow (2%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 85, 24.989, 234.676 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 85, 24.989, 234.676 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 85, 24.989,
234.676

■ 85, 24.989,
234.676

■ 100, 24.989,
234.676

■ 75, 24.989,
234.676

■ 65, 24.989,
234.676

■ 55, 24.989,
234.676

■ 45, 24.989,
234.676

■ 35, 24.989,
234.676

■ 25, 24.989,
234.676

■ 15, 24.989,

234.676

■ 5, 24.989, 234.676

■ 0, 24.989, 234.676

■ 85, 24.989,
234.676

■ 85, 24.989,
234.676

■ 82, 30.306,
236.545

■ 88, 19.097,
233.206

■ 79, 34.980,
238.912

■ 92, 12.720,
232.067

■ 76, 38.978,
241.869

■ 95, 5.944, 231.221

■ 73, 42.325,
245.497

■ 99, 1.148, 49.894

■ 100, 2.530,
109.959

■ 71, 45.132,

249.831

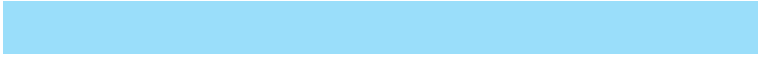
■ 69, 47.614,
254.779

■ 68, 48.019,
255.576

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



85, 24.989, 234.676



80, 32.004, 48.534

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



85, 24.989, 234.676



85, 24.989, 284.676



85, 24.989, 54.676



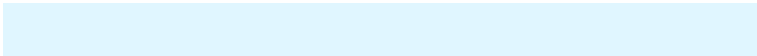
85, 24.989, 104.676

Sweetspot

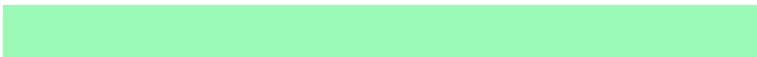
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



85, 24.988, 234.673



96, 8.559, 231.491



91, 48.994, 150.297



50, 5.660, 231.599



0, 0.000, 0.000



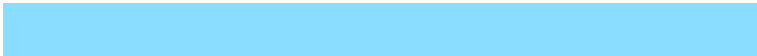
53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



85, 24.988, 234.673



84, 29.552, 236.064



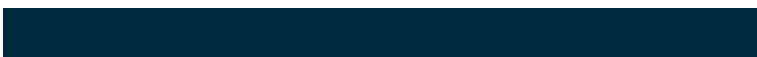
72, 41.110, 285.358



50, 4.011, 231.298



53, 38.572, 254.623



16, 16.606, 247.334

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



75, 49.189, 336.812



73, 59.279, 337.482



91, 39.376, 94.738



49, 7.263, 334.567



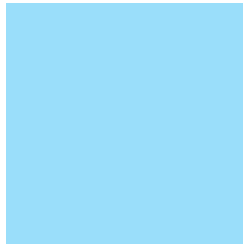
42, 73.986, 344.304



10, 34.312, 341.716

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 85, 24.989, 234.676 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

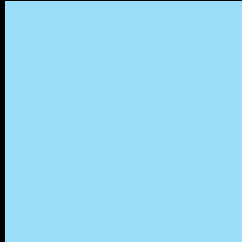
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 85, 24.989, 234.676 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 85, 24.989, 234.676

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 85, 24.989, 234.676.

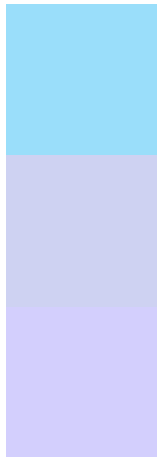


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 85, 24.989, 234.676.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

85, 24.989, 234.676

Protanopia

85, 16.881, 287.017

Deuteranopia

85, 24.320, 295.336



Tritanopia
85, 23.730, 221.775

Trichromacy



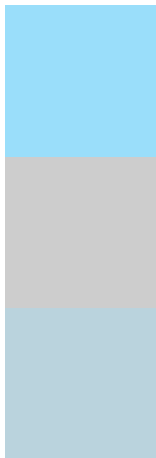
Original Color
85, 24.989, 234.676

Protanomaly
85, 18.302, 262.664

Deuteranomaly
85, 22.017, 273.090

Tritanomaly
85, 23.958, 225.801

Monochromacy



Original Color
85, 24.989, 234.676

Achromatopsia
82, 0.010, 296.813

Achromatomaly
83, 9.975, 231.036

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 85, 24.989, 234.676 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(154, 222, 250)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(154, 222, 250)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(154, 222, 250) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(154, 222, 250) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 85, 24.989, 234.676 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(154, 222, 250) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(154, 222, 250) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(154, 222, 250)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(154, 222, 250); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(154, 222, 250);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(154, 222,  
250) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 85, 24.989, 234.676 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(154, 222, 250) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(154,  
222, 250) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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