

Converting Colors

CIELCh(85, 26.725, 169.552)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(85, 26.725, 169.552)
contains.

CIELCh(85, 26.795, 169.415)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(85, 26.795, 169.415)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9EE2CA
RGB	158, 226, 202
RGB Percent	62%, 89%, 79%
CMY	0.3799, 0.1132, 0.2074
CMYK	0.30, 0.00, 0.11, 0.11
HSL	159°, 54%, 75%
HSV	159°, 30%, 89%
XYZ	52.0256, 66.0070, 65.9467
YIQ	202.9320, -32.8240, -21.8800

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

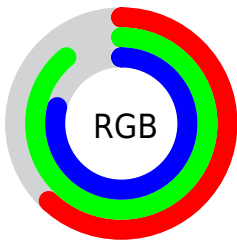
Format	Color
RYB	158, 199, 226
Decimal	10412746
CIELab	85.00, -26.34, 4.92
CIElCh	85, 26.795, 169.415
Yxy	66.0070, 0.2828, 0.3588
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288602826 (0xFF9EE2CA)
YUV	202.9320, -0.4595, -39.4054
Hunter-Lab	81.2447, -27.8746, 8.7453

Details

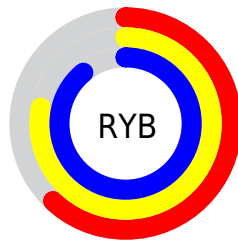
The CIELCh color $85, 26.795, 169.415$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `99CCCC`. A complement of this color would be $72, 28.817, 355.638$, and the grayscale version is $82, 0.010, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $97, 13.731, 198.590$, and $65, 26.639, 169.760$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $84, 35.078, 168.216$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $86, 18.105, 170.505$.

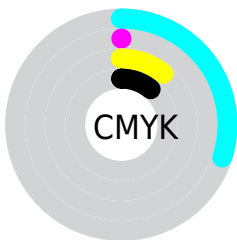
Distribution



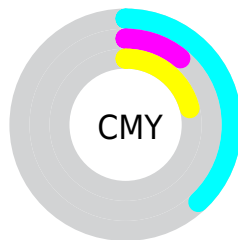
- Red (62%)
- Green (89%)
- Blue (79%)



- Red (62%)
- Yellow (78%)
- Blue (89%)



- Cyan (30%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (11%)
- Black (11%)





- Cyan (38%)
- Magenta (11%)
- Yellow (21%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 85, 26.795, 169.415 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 85, 26.795, 169.415 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 85, 26.795,
169.415


 85, 26.795,
169.415


 100, 26.795,
169.415


 75, 26.795,
169.415

 65, 26.795,
169.415

 55, 26.795,
169.415

 45, 26.795,
169.415

 35, 26.795,
169.415

 25, 26.795,
169.415

 15, 26.795,

169.415

■ 5, 26.795, 169.415

■ 0, 26.795, 169.415

■ 85, 26.795,
169.415

■ 85, 26.795,
169.415

■ 84, 35.078,
168.216

■ 86, 18.105,
170.505

■ 83, 42.797,
166.888

■ 88, 9.151, 171.524

■ 82, 49.805,
165.403

■ 90, 0.063, 180.435

■ 92, 9.056, 353.184

■ 81, 55.982,
163.737

■ 93, 13.185,
341.897

■ 81, 61.258,

161.868

93, 16.024,
330.272

80, 65.637,
159.789

93, 18.058,
325.051

80, 69.268,
157.576

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



85, 26.795, 169.415



72, 28.817, 355.638

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



85, 26.795, 169.415



85, 26.795, 219.415



85, 26.795, 349.415



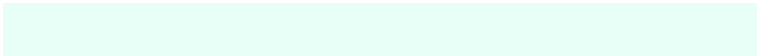
85, 26.795, 39.415

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



85, 26.796, 169.413



98, 9.016, 171.626



86, 38.873, 132.196



52, 6.261, 171.479



0, 0.000, 0.000



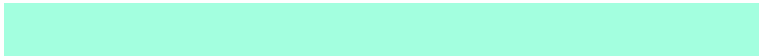
53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



85, 26.796, 169.413



94, 35.000, 168.689



83, 19.641, 212.373



46, 5.127, 171.588



64, 57.019, 157.986



17, 21.816, 162.293

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



72, 28.817, 355.638



77, 38.219, 356.516



74, 24.351, 32.827



44, 5.245, 353.222



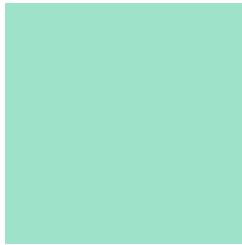
37, 64.923, 15.973



6, 25.493, 4.683

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 85, 26.795, 169.415 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

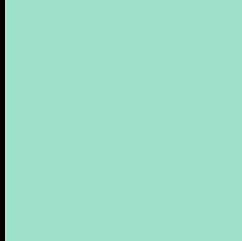
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 85, 26.795, 169.415 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

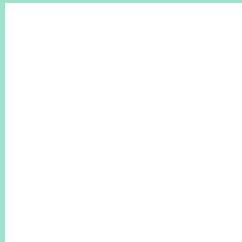
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 85, 26.795, 169.415

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 85, 26.795, 169.415.

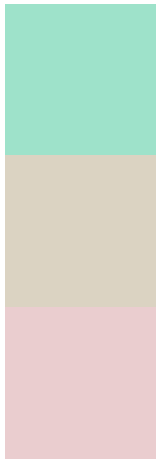


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 85, 26.795, 169.415.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


Dichromacy



Original Color
85, 26.795, 169.415

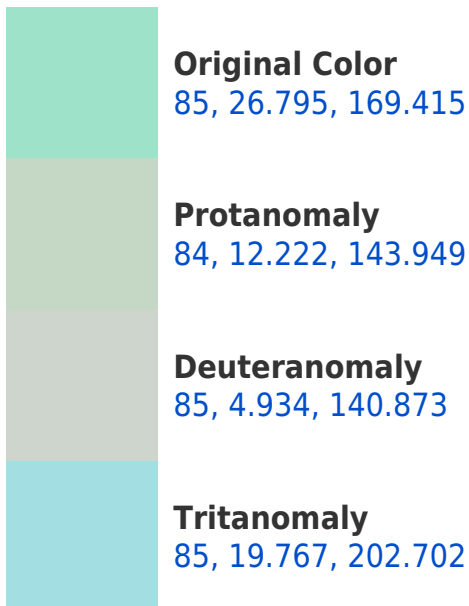
Protanopia
85, 9.390, 90.737

Deuteranopia
85, 10.815, 14.641

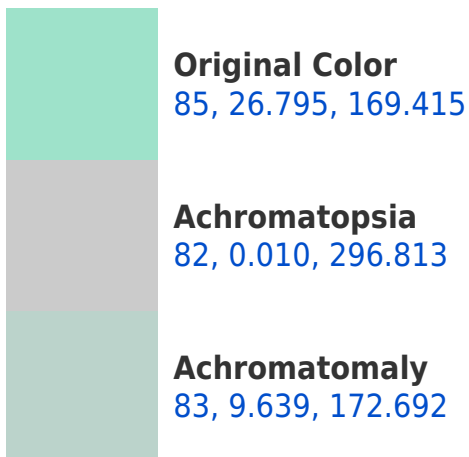


Tritanopia
85, 19.731, 227.238

Trichromacy



Monochromacy



CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 85, 26.795, 169.415 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(158, 226, 202)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(158, 226, 202)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(158, 226, 202) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(158, 226, 202) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 85, 26.795, 169.415 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(158, 226, 202) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(158, 226, 202) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(158, 226, 202)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(158, 226, 202); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(158, 226, 202);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(158, 226,  
202) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 85, 26.795, 169.415 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(158, 226, 202) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(158,  
226, 202) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor