

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(85, 28.333, 158.877)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(85, 28.333, 158.877)  
contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(85, 28.483, 158.695)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

| <b>Format</b> | <b>Color</b>                 |
|---------------|------------------------------|
| Hex           | A4E2C0                       |
| RGB           | 164, 226, 192                |
| RGB Percent   | 64%, 89%, 75%                |
| CMY           | 0.3573, 0.1142, 0.2475       |
| CMYK          | 0.27, 0.00, 0.15, 0.11       |
| HSL           | 147°, 52%, 76%               |
| HSV           | 147°, 27%, 89%               |
| XYZ           | 51.9503, 66.0070, 59.8033    |
| YIQ           | 203.5860, -26.0380, -23.7180 |

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

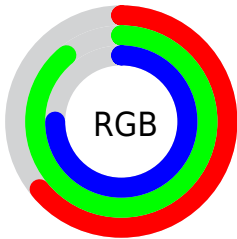
| <b>Format</b>                       | <b>Color</b>                   |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| <b>RYB</b>                          | 164, 207, 226                  |
| Decimal                             | 10805952                       |
| CIELab                              | 85.00, -26.54, 10.35           |
| CIElCh                              | 85, 28.483, 158.695            |
| Yxy                                 | 66.0070, 0.2922,<br>0.3713     |
| Android<br>(android.graphics.Color) | 4288996032<br>(0xFFA4E2C0)     |
| YUV                                 | 203.5860, -5.7119,<br>-34.7169 |
| Hunter-Lab                          | 81.2447, -28.0401,<br>13.2286  |

# Details

The CIELCh color **85, 28.483, 158.695** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CC99**. A complement of this color would be **74, 29.249, 343.516**, and the grayscale version is **82, 0.010, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **97, 12.544, 182.054**, and **65, 27.929, 159.099** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **84, 38.548, 157.576**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **87, 18.165, 159.687**.

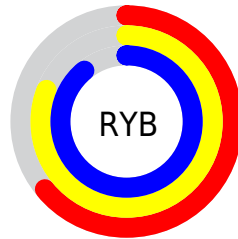
# Distribution



Red (64%)

Green (89%)

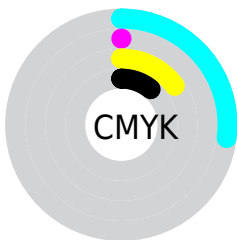
Blue (75%)



Red (64%)

Yellow (81%)

Blue (89%)

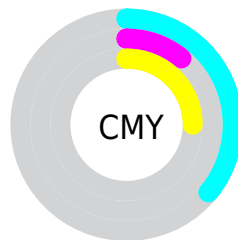


Cyan (27%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (15%)

Black (11%)



Cyan (36%)

Magenta (11%)


Yellow (25%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 85, 28.483, 158.695 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 85, 28.483, 158.695 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 85, 28.483,  
158.695


 85, 28.483,  
158.695


 100, 28.483,  
158.695


 75, 28.483,  
158.695

 65, 28.483,  
158.695

 55, 28.483,  
158.695

 45, 28.483,  
158.695

 35, 28.483,  
158.695


 25, 28.483,  
158.695


 15, 28.483,


158.695

 5, 28.483, 158.695


 0, 28.483, 158.695

 85, 28.483,  
158.695


 85, 28.483,  
158.695

 84, 38.548,  
157.576


 87, 18.165,  
159.687


 82, 48.182,  
156.307


 88, 7.744, 160.594

 81, 57.203,  
154.861

 90, 2.654, 341.165

 92, 12.930,  
342.003

 81, 65.444,  
153.217

 93, 17.714,  
326.168

 80, 72.772,

151.362

93, 18.208,  
325.056

80, 79.127,  
149.300

79, 84.546,  
147.077

79, 85.843,  
146.524

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



85, 28.483, 158.695



74, 29.249, 343.516

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



85, 28.483, 158.695



85, 28.483, 208.695



85, 28.483, 338.695



85, 28.483, 28.695

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



85, 28.485, 158.694



98, 9.180, 160.540



87, 33.798, 125.980



52, 6.527, 160.404



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



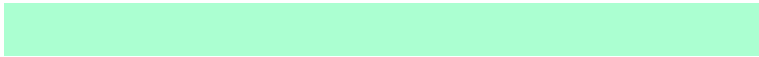


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



85, 28.485, 158.694



94, 37.634, 158.065



86, 20.709, 193.468



46, 5.877, 160.416



63, 70.610, 146.930



17, 26.472, 151.381



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



74, 29.249, 343.516



79, 38.827, 344.118



73, 24.516, 17.773



44, 5.938, 341.846



38, 64.919, 357.339

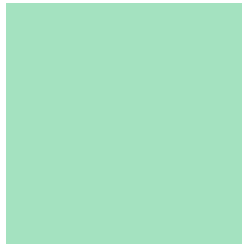


6, 26.981, 351.167



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 85, 28.483, 158.695 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

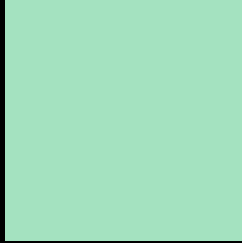
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 85, 28.483, 158.695 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

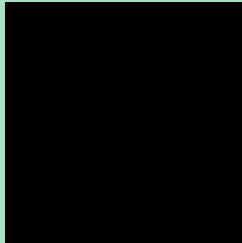
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

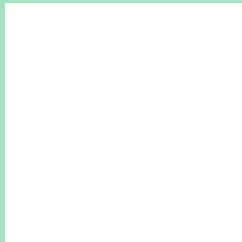
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**CIELCh 85, 28.483, 158.695**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 85, 28.483, 158.695.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 85, 28.483, 158.695.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy




**Original Color**  
85, 28.483, 158.695

**Protanopia**  
85, 14.749, 92.355

**Deuteranopia**  
85, 13.594, 38.152



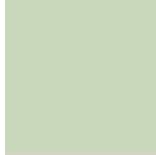


**Tritanopia**  
85, 17.483, 229.463

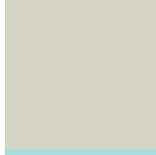
# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
85, 28.483, 158.695



**Protanomaly**  
85, 16.222, 129.082



**Deuteranomaly**  
84, 8.922, 111.793

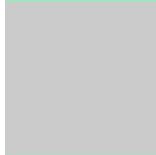


**Tritanomaly**  
85, 17.528, 196.486

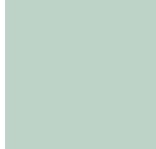
# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
85, 28.483, 158.695



**Achromatopsia**  
82, 0.010, 296.813



**Achromatomaly**  
83, 10.245, 160.477

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 85, 28.483, 158.695 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(164, 226, 192)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(164, 226, 192)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(164, 226, 192) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(164, 226, 192) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 85, 28.483, 158.695 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(164, 226, 192) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(164, 226, 192) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(164, 226, 192)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(164, 226, 192); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(164, 226, 192); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(164, 226, 192) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 85, 28.483, 158.695 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(164, 226, 192) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(164,  
226, 192) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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