

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(85, 29.051, 73.086)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(85, 29.051, 73.086) contains.

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# **Color**

**CIELCh(85, 29.279, 72.753)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F7CDA0
RGB	247, 205, 160
RGB Percent	97%, 80%, 63%
CMY	0.0312, 0.1959, 0.3724
CMYK	0.00, 0.17, 0.35, 0.03
HSL	31°, 85%, 80%
HSV	31°, 35%, 97%
XYZ	66.5661, 66.0070, 42.5102
YIQ	212.4280, 39.4770, -5.0910

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

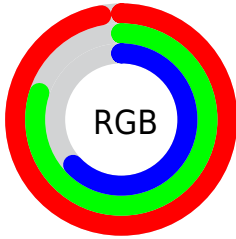
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	241, 247, 160
Decimal	16240032
CIE Lab	85.00, 8.68, 27.96
CIE LCh	85, 29.279, 72.753
Yxy	66.0070, 0.3802, 0.3770
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294430112 (0xFFF7CDA0)
YUV	212.4280, -25.8470, 30.3196
Hunter-Lab	81.2447, 4.0719, 25.8486

# Details

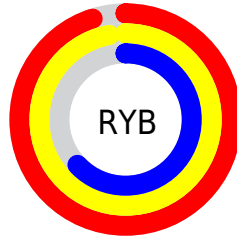
The CIELCh color **85, 29.279, 72.753** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCC99**. A complement of this color would be **80, 26.781, 263.185**, and the grayscale version is **85, 0.010, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **99, 20.216, 108.647**, and **65, 29.274, 73.193** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **82, 38.418, 71.442**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **88, 20.501, 74.057**.

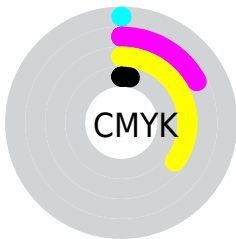
# Distribution



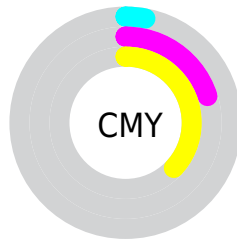
- Red (97%)
- Green (80%)
- Blue (63%)



- Red (95%)
- Yellow (97%)
- Blue (63%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (17%)
- Yellow (35%)
- Black (3%)



- Cyan (3%)
- Magenta (20%)
- Yellow (37%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 85, 29.279, 72.753 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 85, 29.279, 72.753 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 85, 29.279, 72.753

 85, 29.279, 72.753

 100, 29.279,  
72.753

 75, 29.279, 72.753

 65, 29.279, 72.753

 55, 29.279, 72.753

 45, 29.279, 72.753

 35, 29.279, 72.753

 25, 29.279, 72.753

 15, 29.279, 72.753

 5, 29.279, 72.753

 0, 29.279, 72.753

85, 29.279, 72.753

85, 29.279, 72.753

82, 38.418, 71.442

88, 20.501, 74.057

78, 47.848, 70.097

92, 12.097, 75.329

75, 57.382, 68.691

95, 4.053, 76.522

72, 66.624, 67.138

99, 2.271, 229.875

70, 74.810, 65.252

99, 2.754, 199.471

67, 80.794, 62.708

66, 82.936, 61.301

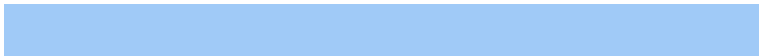
# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



85, 29.279, 72.753



80, 26.781, 263.185

# Rectangle

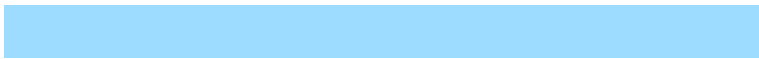
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



85, 29.279, 72.753



85, 29.279, 122.753



85, 29.279, 252.753



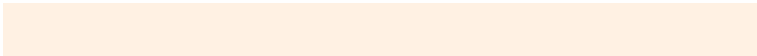
85, 29.279, 302.753

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



85, 29.279, 72.759



96, 8.888, 75.848



76, 38.851, 348.059



51, 5.990, 75.682



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



85, 29.279, 72.759



85, 36.369, 71.858



95, 43.730, 107.504



49, 4.427, 76.034



51, 66.842, 62.014



15, 24.643, 63.240



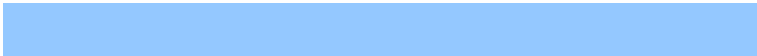


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



80, 26.781, 263.185



79, 32.635, 264.808



69, 47.814, 295.281



49, 4.341, 258.584



39, 59.039, 285.748



10, 22.861, 278.607



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 85, 29.279, 72.753 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

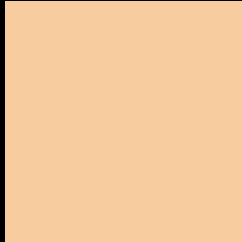
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 85, 29.279, 72.753 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

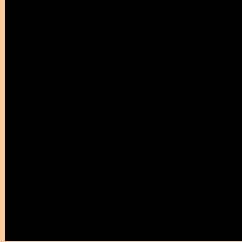
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**CIELCh 85, 29.279, 72.753**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 85, 29.279, 72.753.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 85, 29.279, 72.753.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

85, 29.279, 72.753

### Protanopia

85, 26.258, 94.859

### Deuteranopia

85, 29.910, 69.745



**Tritanopia**  
85, 21.798, 0.153



# Trichromacy



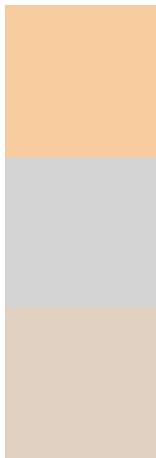
**Original Color**  
85, 29.279, 72.753

**Protanomaly**  
85, 26.599, 85.986

**Deuteranomaly**  
85, 29.645, 70.347

**Tritanomaly**  
85, 19.573, 31.499

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
85, 29.279, 72.753

**Achromatopsia**  
85, 0.010, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
85, 10.341, 73.638

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 85, 29.279, 72.753 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(247, 205, 160)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(247, 205, 160)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(247, 205, 160) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(247, 205, 160) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 85, 29.279, 72.753 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(247, 205, 160) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(247, 205, 160) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(247, 205, 160)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(247, 205, 160); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(247, 205, 160);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(247, 205,  
160) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 85, 29.279, 72.753 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(247, 205, 160) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(247,  
205, 160) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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