

Converting Colors

CIELCh(85, 3.234, 287.703)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(85, 3.234, 287.703) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(85, 3.177, 284.023)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D3D4DA
RGB	211, 212, 218
RGB Percent	83%, 83%, 85%
CMY	0.1725, 0.1686, 0.1450
CMYK	0.03, 0.03, 0.00, 0.15
HSL	231°, 9%, 84%
HSV	231°, 3%, 85%
XYZ	63.0711, 66.0070, 75.7548
YIQ	212.3850, -2.5220, 1.6540

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

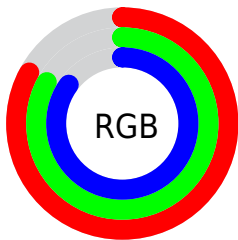
Format	Color
R _Y B	211, 212, 218
Decimal	13882586
CIE Lab	85.00, 0.77, -3.08
CIE LCh	85, 3.177, 284.023
Yxy	66.0070, 0.3079, 0.3222
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292072666 (0xFFD3D4DA)
YUV	212.3850, 2.7682, -1.2146
Hunter-Lab	81.2447, -3.6068, 1.5877

Details

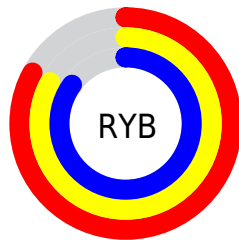
The CIELCh color $85, 3.177, 284.023$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be $87, 3.142, 103.218$, and the grayscale version is $85, 0.010, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $100, 0.012, 296.813$, and $65, 3.341, 290.548$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $79, 13.250, 285.174$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $91, 6.578, 102.897$.

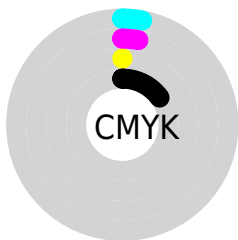
Distribution



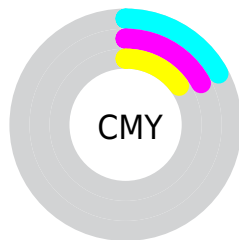
- Red (83%)
- Green (83%)
- Blue (85%)



- Red (83%)
- Yellow (83%)
- Blue (85%)



- Cyan (3%)
- Magenta (3%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (15%)



- Cyan (17%)
- Magenta (17%)
- Yellow (15%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 85, 3.177, 284.023 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 85, 3.177, 284.023 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 85, 3.177, 284.023

■ 85, 3.177, 284.023

100, 3.177,
284.023

■ 75, 3.177, 284.023

■ 65, 3.177, 284.023

■ 55, 3.177, 284.023

■ 45, 3.177, 284.023

■ 35, 3.177, 284.023

■ 25, 3.177, 284.023

■ 15, 3.177, 284.023

■ 5, 3.177, 284.023

■ 0, 3.177, 284.023

85, 3.177, 284.023

85, 3.177, 284.023

79, 13.250,
285.174

91, 6.578, 102.897

72, 23.671,
286.587

98, 16.031,
102.017

66, 34.471,
288.245

99, 18.700,
108.763

59, 45.681,
290.182

53, 57.325,
292.415

47, 69.375,
294.931

41, 81.667,
297.650

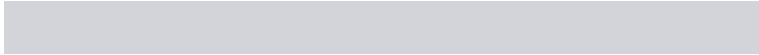
36, 93.727,
300.397

■ 32,104.586,
302.900

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



85, 3.177, 284.023



87, 3.142, 103.218

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



85, 3.177, 284.023



85, 3.177, 334.023



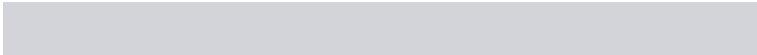
85, 3.177, 104.023



85, 3.177, 154.023

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



85, 3.175, 283.997



99, 1.127, 283.848



87, 2.567, 187.085



53, 0.641, 283.849



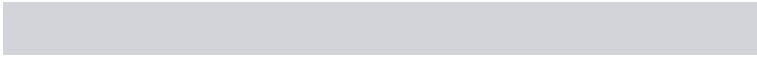
0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



85, 3.175, 283.997



97, 4.495, 284.081



85, 3.805, 303.817



44, 2.825, 284.154



23, 92.234, 303.949



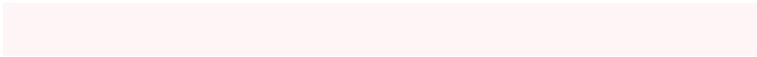
3, 26.677, 291.634

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



85, 2.605, 7.723



97, 3.694, 7.839



87, 3.765, 123.519



45, 2.324, 7.925



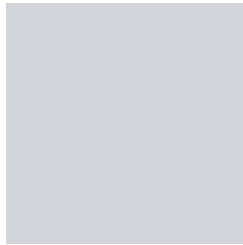
36, 72.071, 33.121



5, 23.721, 14.073

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 85, 3.177, 284.023 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

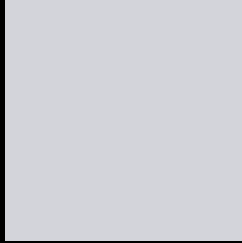
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 85, 3.177, 284.023 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

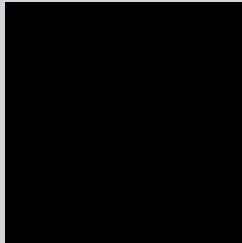
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

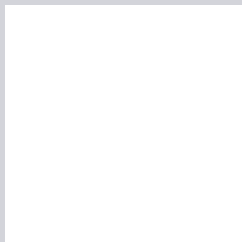
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 85, 3.177, 284.023

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 85, 3.177, 284.023.

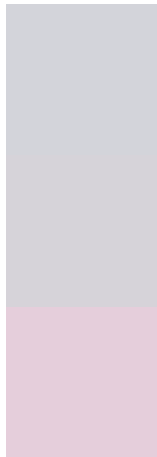


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 85, 3.177, 284.023.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

85, 3.177, 284.023

Protanopia

85, 3.356, 309.151

Deuteranopia

85, 10.809, 341.051



Tritanopia
85, 8.437, 293.281

Trichromacy



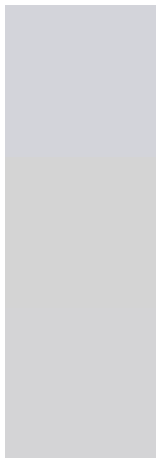
Original Color
85, 3.177, 284.023

Protanomaly
85, 3.255, 303.177

Deuteranomaly
85, 7.718, 331.384

Tritanomaly
85, 6.861, 293.716

Monochromacy



Original Color
85, 3.177, 284.023

Achromatopsia
85, 0.010, 296.813

Achromatomaly
85, 1.061, 290.331

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 85, 3.177, 284.023 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(211, 212, 218)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(211, 212, 218)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(211, 212, 218) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(211, 212, 218) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 85, 3.177, 284.023 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(211, 212, 218) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(211, 212, 218) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(211, 212, 218)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(211, 212, 218); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(211, 212, 218);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(211, 212,  
218) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 85, 3.177, 284.023 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(211, 212, 218) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(211,  
212, 218) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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