

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(85, 38.602, 73.658)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(85, 38.602, 73.658) contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(85, 38.484, 73.421)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFCB8F
RGB	255, 203, 143
RGB Percent	100%, 80%, 56%
CMY	0.0000, 0.2036, 0.4389
CMYK	0.00, 0.20, 0.44, 0.00
HSL	32°, 100%, 78%
HSV	32°, 44%, 100%
XYZ	67.6058, 66.0070, 35.1920
YIQ	211.7080, 50.2520, -7.6360

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

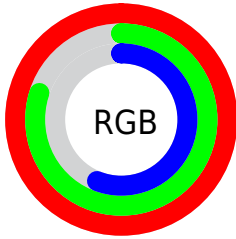
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	240, 255, 143
Decimal	16763791
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	85.00, 10.98, 36.88
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	85, 38.484, 73.421
Yxy	66.0070, 0.4005, 0.3910
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294953871 (0xFFFFCB8F)
YUV	211.7080, -33.8730, 37.9671
Hunter-Lab	81.2447, 6.3563, 31.1892

# Details

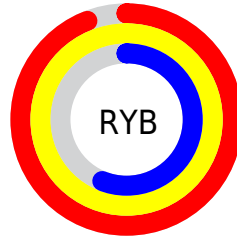
The CIELCh color **85, 38.484, 73.421** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCC99**. A complement of this color would be **77, 34.863, 267.277**, and the grayscale version is **85, 0.010, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **99, 29.230, 107.956**, and **65, 38.300, 73.460** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **82, 48.086, 72.083**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **88, 29.112, 74.816**.

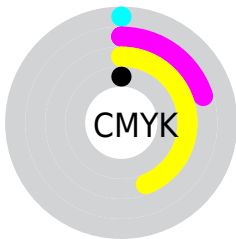
# Distribution



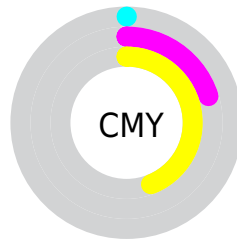
- Red (100%)
- Green (80%)
- Blue (56%)



- Red (94%)
- Yellow (100%)
- Blue (56%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (20%)
- Yellow (44%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (20%)
- Yellow (44%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 85, 38.484, 73.421 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 85, 38.484, 73.421 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 85, 38.484, 73.421

 85, 38.484, 73.421

 100, 38.484,  
73.421

 75, 38.484, 73.421

 65, 38.484, 73.421

 55, 38.484, 73.421

 45, 38.484, 73.421

 35, 38.484, 73.421

 25, 38.484, 73.421

 15, 38.484, 73.421

 5, 38.484, 73.421

 0, 38.484, 73.421

85, 38.484, 73.421

85, 38.484, 73.421

82, 48.086, 72.083

88, 29.112, 74.816

79, 57.795, 70.639

92, 20.102, 76.140

76, 67.203, 69.057

95, 11.447, 77.431

73, 75.569, 67.173

99, 3.138, 78.612

70, 81.763, 64.688

100, 0.012,  
296.813

69, 84.371, 62.857

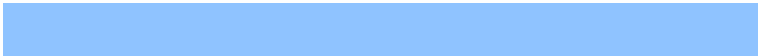
# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



85, 38.484, 73.421



77, 34.863, 267.277

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



85, 38.484, 73.421



85, 38.484, 123.421



85, 38.484, 253.421



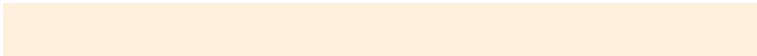
85, 38.484, 303.421

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



85, 38.464, 73.466



95, 10.692, 77.544



73, 49.082, 350.255



50, 7.516, 77.264



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



85, 38.464, 73.466



82, 47.219, 72.209



98, 55.372, 107.483



51, 4.642, 77.978



53, 67.769, 63.554



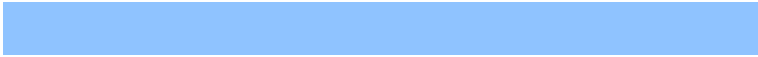
17, 27.045, 65.456



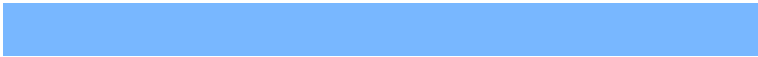


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



77, 34.863, 267.277



73, 41.942, 269.822



64, 62.302, 297.275



50, 4.563, 260.557



39, 62.626, 287.528



11, 25.330, 281.267



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 85, 38.484, 73.421 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 85, 38.484, 73.421 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 85, 38.484, 73.421

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 85, 38.484, 73.421.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 85, 38.484, 73.421.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy





**Tritanopia**  
85, 22.618, 3.830



# Trichromacy



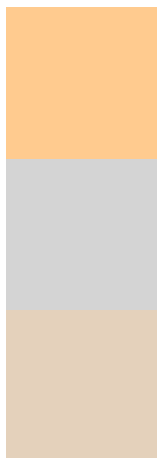
**Original Color**  
85, 38.484, 73.421

**Protanomaly**  
85, 35.163, 86.889

**Deuteranomaly**  
85, 38.484, 73.421

**Tritanomaly**  
85, 22.974, 38.018

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
85, 38.484, 73.421

**Achromatopsia**  
85, 0.010, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
85, 13.648, 76.969

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 85, 38.484, 73.421 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 203, 143)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 203, 143)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 203, 143) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 203, 143) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 85, 38.484, 73.421 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 203, 143) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 203, 143) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 203, 143) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 203, 143); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 203, 143);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 203,  
143) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 85, 38.484, 73.421 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 203, 143) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
203, 143) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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