

Converting Colors

CIELCh(85, 4.620, 314.526)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(85, 4.620, 314.526) contains.

CIELCh(85, 4.123, 316.270)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(85, 4.123, 316.270)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D8D3DA
RGB	216, 211, 218
RGB Percent	85%, 83%, 85%
CMY	0.1543, 0.1739, 0.1465
CMYK	0.01, 0.03, 0.00, 0.15
HSL	283°, 9%, 84%
HSV	283°, 3%, 85%
XYZ	64.0346, 66.0070, 75.4574
YIQ	213.2930, 0.7330, 3.2370

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

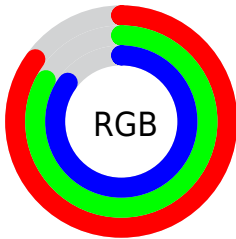
Format	Color
R _Y B	216, 211, 218
Decimal	14210010
CIE Lab	85.00, 2.98, -2.85
CIE LCh	85, 4.123, 316.270
Yxy	66.0070, 0.3116, 0.3212
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292400090 (0xFFD8D3DA)
YUV	213.2930, 2.3206, 2.3740
Hunter-Lab	81.2447, -1.4900, 1.8047

Details

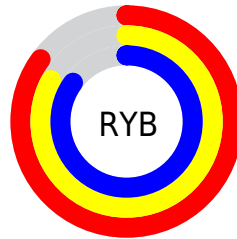
The CIELCh color `85, 4.123, 316.270` is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be `86, 4.093, 136.094`, and the grayscale version is `85, 0.010, 296.813`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `100, 0.012, 296.813`, and `65, 3.684, 314.777` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `79, 17.103, 316.727`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `91, 8.561, 135.932`.

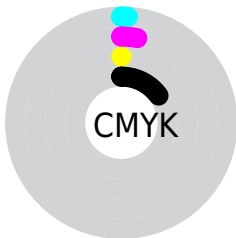
Distribution



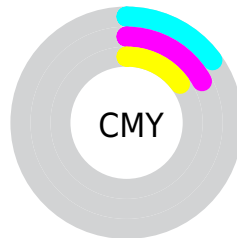
- Red (85%)
- Green (83%)
- Blue (85%)



- Red (85%)
- Yellow (83%)
- Blue (85%)



- Cyan (1%)
- Magenta (3%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (15%)



- Cyan (15%)
- Magenta (17%)
- Yellow (15%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 85, 4.123, 316.270 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 85, 4.123, 316.270 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 85, 4.123, 316.270

■ 85, 4.123, 316.270

■ 100, 4.123,
316.270

■ 75, 4.123, 316.270

■ 65, 4.123, 316.270

■ 55, 4.123, 316.270

■ 45, 4.123, 316.270

■ 35, 4.123, 316.270

■ 25, 4.123, 316.270

■ 15, 4.123, 316.270

■ 5, 4.123, 316.270

■ 0, 4.123, 316.270

85, 4.123, 316.270

85, 4.123, 316.270

79, 17.103,
316.727

91, 8.561, 135.932

73, 30.307,
317.169

97, 20.903,
135.542

67, 43.593,
317.604

98, 20.434,
130.285

62, 56.737,
318.012

98, 19.677,
124.290

57, 69.393,
318.361

99, 19.157,
117.813

52, 81.074,
318.606

99, 18.903,
110.996

48, 91.153,
318.691

99, 18.881,
108.749

45, 98.955,
318.552

■ 42, 103.962,
318.133

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



85, 4.123, 316.270



86, 4.093, 136.094

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



85, 4.123, 316.270



85, 4.123, 6.270



85, 4.123, 136.270



85, 4.123, 186.270

Sweetspot

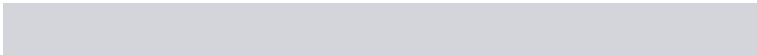
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



85, 4.121, 316.265



99, 1.462, 316.070



85, 2.676, 274.177



53, 0.831, 316.060



0, 0.000, 0.000



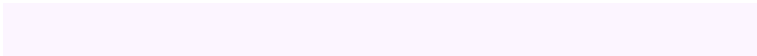
53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



85, 4.121, 316.265



97, 5.835, 316.309



85, 3.903, 330.642



45, 3.666, 316.343



32, 89.428, 317.857



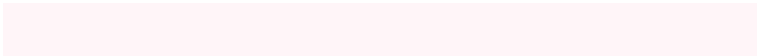
5, 32.925, 317.881

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



85, 2.761, 357.057



97, 3.913, 357.172



86, 3.884, 150.413



45, 2.461, 357.258



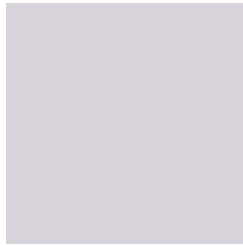
36, 66.021, 22.084



5, 23.865, 7.670

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 85, 4.123, 316.270 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

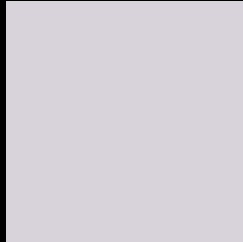
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 85, 4.123, 316.270 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

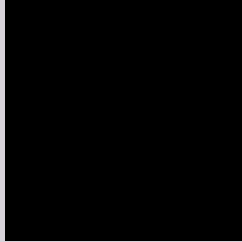
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

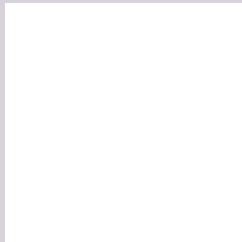
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 85, 4.123, 316.270

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 85, 4.123, 316.270.

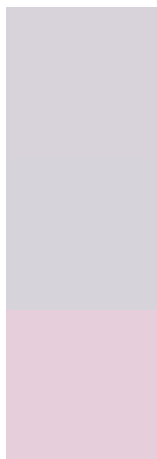


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 85, 4.123, 316.270.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

85, 4.123, 316.270

Protanopia

85, 3.858, 306.660

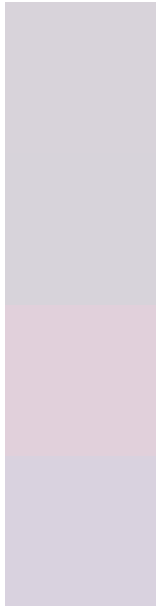
Deuteranopia

85, 11.093, 342.279



Tritanopia
85, 9.431, 308.367

Trichromacy



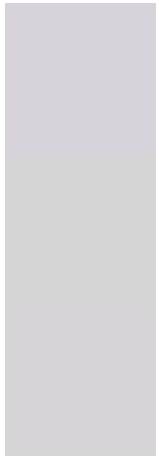
Original Color
85, 4.123, 316.270

Protanomaly
85, 3.976, 311.620

Deuteranomaly
85, 8.472, 337.005

Tritanomaly
85, 7.317, 310.631

Monochromacy



Original Color
85, 4.123, 316.270

Achromatopsia
85, 0.010, 296.813

Achromatomaly
85, 1.751, 314.624

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 85, 4.123, 316.270 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(216, 211, 218)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(216, 211, 218)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(216, 211, 218) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(216, 211, 218) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 85, 4.123, 316.270 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(216, 211, 218) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(216, 211, 218) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(216, 211, 218)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(216, 211, 218); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(216, 211, 218);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(216, 211,  
218) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 85, 4.123, 316.270 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(216, 211, 218) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(216,  
211, 218) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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